

April 24, 2023

MEMORANDUM TO PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS

Re: TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT

\$21,085,000 General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes, Issue of 2023

Dated: May 9, 2023 Due: October 3, 2023

Per the official Notice of Sale. Proposals may be submitted by telephone to:

Name: William N. Lindsay, Munistat Services, Inc., as representative

of the Town of Stratford

Date: Monday, May 1, 2023

Time: Until 11:30 A.M. (Eastern Time)

Telephone: (203) 421-2880

(203) 421-2087

Telephone proposals and Electronic Bids via *PARITY*® for the Notes will be received until 11:30 A.M. (Eastern Time) on Monday, May 1, 2023 as described in the Notice of Sale.

An Official Statement has not been prepared by or on behalf of the Issuer for this sale. This issue of notes is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c2-12, as amended, of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The audited "Basic Financial Statements" of the Town of Stratford, Connecticut, (the "Town") as of June 30, 2021 are included in this package as Appendix A. A complete copy of the Audited Financial Statements is available upon request.

The Town has retained Munistat Services, Inc. (the "Municipal Advisor") to serve as its municipal advisor in connection with the issuance of the Notes. The Municipal Advisor has not independently verified any of the information contained in the Notice of Sale and its appendices and makes no guarantee as to their completeness or accuracy.

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT

\$21,085,000

GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES, ISSUE OF 2023

DATED: MAY 9, 2023 DUE: OCTOBER 3, 2023

SALE DATE AND TIME: MONDAY, MAY 1, 2023 until 11:30 A.M. (E.T.)

THIS IS NOT AN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

INFORMATION REGARDING ISSUE AND THE TOWN

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL AND TAX MATTERS

NOTICE OF SALE AND PROPOSAL FOR NOTES

TERM SHEET

Town of Stratford, Connecticut Tax-Exempt General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes, Issue of 2023, dated May 9, 2023

Date of Sale: Monday, May 1, 2023, 11:30 A.M. (Eastern Time).

Location of Sale: Proposals may be submitted by telephone to Mr. William Lindsay, Munistat Services,

Inc., Representative of Town of Stratford at 203-421-2880 or 203-421-2087 or by

electronic bid via PARITY®.

Issuer: Town of Stratford, Connecticut (the "Town").

Issue: \$21,085,000 General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes (the "Notes").

Dated Date: May 9, 2023.

Interest Due: At maturity, October 3, 2023.

Principal Due: At maturity, October 3, 2023.

Purpose: Proceeds of the Notes will be used to redeem \$19,472,000 in Bond Anticipation Notes

maturing on May 9, 2023 and to finance capital improvement projects. The funds from the

maturing notes were used to fund various capital projects of the Town.

Redemption: The Notes are <u>not</u> subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Security: The Notes will be general obligations of the Town of Stratford, Connecticut. See "Notice of

Sale" herein.

Credit Rating: No application has been made for a rating on the Notes. Currently the Town has credit ratings

of "A2" from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") and "AA-" from S&P Global

Ratings ("S&P") on its outstanding bonds.

Basis of Award: Lowest Net Interest Cost (NIC), as of dated date.

Tax Exemption: Tax Exempt. See attached "Form of Opinion of Bond Counsel and Tax Matters".

Interest Calculation: Interest will be calculated on the basis of twelve 30-day months and a 360-day year.

Continuing Disclosure: The undertaking to provide continuing disclosure under SEC rule 15c2-12 does not apply to

this issue of Notes. Therefore, the Town will not enter into a Continuing Disclosure

Agreement with respect to the Notes.

Bank Qualification: The Notes shall **NOT** be designated as qualified tax-exempt obligations under the provisions

of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the

deduction by financial institutions for certain interest expense allocable to the Notes.

Minimum Denomination: \$100,000 or multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. The Notes will be issued in reliance on

an exemption from the provision of Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange

Commission.

Registrar, Certifying

Agent and Paying Agent: U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Global Corporate Trust, City Place I, 185

Asylum Street, 27th Floor, Hartford, Connecticut, 06103.

Legal Opinion: Pullman & Comley, LLC, Hartford, Connecticut will act as Bond Counsel.

Delivery and Payment: It is expected that delivery of the Notes in book-entry form will be made to the Depository

Trust Company on or about May 9, 2023 against payment in Federal Funds.

Issuer Official: Questions concerning the Town and this issue of Notes should be directed to Dawn N. Savo,

Director of Finance, Town of Stratford, 2725 Main Street, Stratford, Connecticut, 06615.

Telephone: (203) 385-4040.

Munistat Services, Inc., 129 Samson Rock Drive, Suite A, Madison, Connecticut 06443,

attention: William N. Lindsay, Managing Director, Telephone: 203-421-2880.

Authorization and Purpose

		BANs		
		Maturing	Additions/	The Notes
Project	Authorization	5/9/2023	Reductions	(This Issue)
Stratford High School Improvements	\$ 65,000,000	\$ 7,000,000	\$ -	\$ 7,000,000
Fiscal Year 2017-18 Capital Equipment Plan	1,380,000	628,000	(343,000)	285,000
Fiscal Year 2018-19 Capital Equipment Plan	1,795,700	816,000	(359,000)	457,000
Fiscal Year 2019-20 Capital Equipment Plan	3,004,996	1,886,000	(600,000)	1,286,000
Fiscal Year 2020-21 Capital Equipment Plan	2,490,000	1,915,000	(498,000)	1,417,000
Fiscal Year 2021-22 Capital Improvement Plan	11,685,000	550,000	=	550,000
2020 School Roof Projects	6,900,000	4,115,000	-	4,115,000
2021 School Photo-voltaic Panel Array Projects	4,296,000	2,562,000	-	2,562,000
Fiscal Year 2022-23 Capital Equipment Plan	2,013,000	-	2,013,000	2,013,000
Fiscal Year 2022-23 Capital Improvement Plan	10,425,000		1,400,000	1,400,000
Total	\$108,989,696	\$19,472,000	\$ 1,613,000	\$21,085,000

General Description

The Town of Stratford was founded by English settlers in 1639, making it the eighth oldest town in the State of Connecticut. Located thirteen miles west of New Haven and adjacent to Bridgeport to the west, Milford to the east, Long Island Sound to the south and Shelton to the north, the Town is located approximately 65 miles east of New York City and 50 miles southwest of Hartford, Connecticut. The Town encompasses approximately 18.7 square miles within Fairfield County.

The Town is traversed by two major highways, the Merritt Parkway (Route 15) and the Connecticut Turnpike (Interstate 95). Metro-North and Amtrak provide rail service to Boston or New York. Sikorsky Memorial Airport is located within the Town and provides various services to both private industry and commuters to New York's major airports. The Town is a member of the Greater Bridgeport Transit District that operates more than fifty buses along sixteen routes within the Town, the Towns of Fairfield and Trumbull and the City of Bridgeport.

The Town is a balanced community of residential, waterfront and rural areas, retail and commercial development and major industrial plants. The large selection of affordable homes is one reason many companies are located in the Town. The Town has more land zoned for industry percentage-wise than any other town in the State of Connecticut, almost all of which is within five minutes of either Interstate 95 or the Merritt Parkway. The Stratford Industrial Park, a 240-acre site, is located one half mile from Interstate 95 and Sikorsky Airport.

The Town's public school system provides a balanced curriculum for approximately 6,800 students. There are several vocational training facilities, colleges and universities in close proximity to the Town which offer a variety of educational programs.

The Town's location on Long Island Sound provides residents with three public beaches, five marinas, a fishing pier and public launch ramp. In addition, Roosevelt Forest and Boothe Memorial Park are ideal for hiking, picnicking and cross-country skiing.

The Town offers a variety of cultural attractions, including the Square One Theater and the Sterling House Community Center which offer low-cost, high-quality programs.

Form of Government

From 1921 until 2005, the Town operated under a Council-Manager form of government. In November 2003, the electors of the Town approved a referendum authorizing a revision to the Charter requiring a change to a Mayor-Council form of government. The new form of government took effect on December 12, 2005 when the Town's first Mayor was sworn into office. The Mayor is a full time, compensated, elected official. The Mayor's term is for four years. The Mayor is recognized as the head of the Town and appoints all department heads including the Town Attorney, appoints citizens to commissions,

prepares the budget, establishes criteria for evaluation of subordinates, and signs or vetoes legislation passed by the Council. This power includes the ability to veto a specific line item within proposed operating budgets. The Mayor's attendance at all Council meetings is required, but the Mayor is not able to vote unless to break a tie vote of the Town Council. A Chief Administrative Officer (the "CAO") is appointed by the Mayor, and assists the Mayor with budget preparation, labor negotiations, and any other areas deemed appropriate by the Mayor. The CAO is required to have an education and background in public administration. A Town Council of ten members, who are elected biennially for two-year terms and cannot serve more than three consecutive terms, performs the legislative function. The Town Council approves the annual budget, supplemental appropriations, and bond authorizations. The Mayor and the Town Council were all recently elected in November 2021.

Town Officials

Name	Position	Term	Length of Service
Laura R. Hoydick	Mayor	4 years - Elected	5 years
Christopher Pia	Town Council Chair	2 years - Elected	5 years
Katilyn Shake	Town Council Member	2 years - Elected	2 years
Lesette Franceshi	Town Council Member	2 years - Elected	1 year
Kimberly Rice	Town Council Member	2 years - Elected	1 year
Gregory Cann	Town Council Member	2 years - Elected	6 years
Ken Poisson	Town Council Member	2 years - Elected	5 years
Jean-Marie Sutton	Town Council Member	2 years - Elected	1 year
James Connor	Town Council Member	2 years - Elected	5 years
William O'Brien	Town Council Member	2 years - Elected	5 years
Laura Dancho	Town Council Member	2 years - Elected	5 years
Christopher Tymniak	Chief Administrative Officer	Appointed	7 years
Dr. Uyi Osunde	Superintendent of Schools	Appointed	9 years
Dawn M. Savo	Finance Director	Appointed	2 years
Michael Downes	Chief of Staff	Appointed	5 years
Ron Ing	Director of Personnel	Appointed	11 years
Larry Ciccarelli	Public Safety Director	Appointed	8 years

Municipal Employment

	Full-time Equivalents					
Fiscal Year	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
Board of Education	970	970	955	890	884	
General Government	431	435	443	464	450	
Total	1,401	1,405	1,398	1,354	1,334	

Source: Town officials

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Population Trends

	Town of	Fairfield	State of
Year	Stratford	County	Connecticut
1980	50,541	807,143	3,107,576
1990	49,389	857,270	3,287,116
2000	49,976	882,567	3,405,565
2010	51,384	916,829	3,574,097
2021	52,360	956,446	3,605,330

Source: U. S. Census Bureau.

Age Distribution of the Population

	Town of	Statford	Fairfield	l County	State of Connectic	
Age	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 5	2,351	4.5	51,434	5.4	182,122	5.1
5 - 9	2,328	4.4	57,243	6.0	196,540	5.5
10 - 14	3,402	6.5	65,500	6.8	224,371	6.2
15 - 19	3,031	5.8	67,324	7.0	245,790	6.8
20 - 24	3,610	6.9	59,983	6.3	241,370	6.7
25 - 34	6,061	11.6	108,981	11.4	445,861	12.4
35 - 44	6,282	12.0	120,976	12.6	439,098	12.2
45 - 54	7,404	14.1	137,537	14.4	488,283	13.5
55 - 59	3,664	7.0	72,231	7.6	269,688	7.5
60 - 64	3,922	7.5	63,852	6.7	252,028	7.0
65 - 74	5,619	10.7	85,656	9.0	357,409	9.9
75 - 84	3,061	5.8	43,079	4.5	173,149	4.8
85 and over	1,625	3.1	22,650	2.4	89,621	2.5
Total	52,360	100.0	956,446	100.0	3,605,330	100.0
Median Age	43.4		40.7		41.0	

Source: U. S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2017-2021.

Selected Wealth and Income Indicators

	Median Family Income		Per Capit	ta Income
	(2000)	(2021)	(2000)	(2021)
Town of Stratford	\$64,364	\$101,614	\$26,501	\$ 41,009
Fairfield County	77,690	125,563	38,350	61,651
Connecticut	65,521	106,441	28,766	47,869
United States	49,600	85,028	21,690	37,638

Source: U. S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2017-2021.

Income Distribution

	Town of Stratford		Fairfield County		State of Connecticut	
	Families	Percent	Families	Percent	Families	Percent
Less than \$10,000	156	1.1	5,655	2.3	23,811	2.6
10,000 to 14,999	152	1.1	3,568	1.5	14,243	1.6
15,000 to 24,999	402	2.9	8,960	3.7	36,091	4.0
25,000 to 34,999	738	5.3	10,916	4.5	44,586	4.9
35,000 to 49,999	1,189	8.6	17,215	7.1	71,397	7.8
50,000 to 74,999	2,225	16.1	28,529	11.8	123,873	13.6
75,000 to 99,999	1,863	13.5	22,702	9.4	113,529	12.5
100,000 to 149,999	3,488	25.2	41,184	17.0	188,052	20.7
150,000 to 199,999	1,939	14.0	29,956	12.4	117,255	12.9
200,000 or more	1,697	12.3	73,000	30.2	177,169	19.5
	13,849	100.0	241,685	100.0	910,006	100.0

Source: U. S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2017-2021.

Educational Attainment

	Town of S	Stratford	Fairfield	County	State of Co	nnecticut
Educational Attainment Group	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Less than 9th grade	1,312	3.5	34,610	5.3	101,461	4.0
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	2,076	5.5	29,615	4.5	123,560	4.9
High School graduate (includes equivalency)	10,911	29.0	136,454	20.8	656,949	26.1
Some college, no degree	7,187	19.1	91,887	14.0	418,214	16.6
Associates degree	3,326	8.8	40,067	6.1	194,987	7.8
Bachelor's degree	7,656	20.3	177,060	27.0	561,567	22.3
Graduate or professional degree	5,170	13.7	145,269	22.2	458,399	18.2
Total	37,638	100.0	654,962	100.0	2,515,137	100.0
Percent of High School Graduates		91.0%		90.2%		91.1%
Percent of College Graduates		34.1%		49.2%		40.6%

Source: U. S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2017-2021.

Employment by Industry

	Town of Stratford		Fairfield County		State of Connecticut	
Employment Sector	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, Hunting & Mining	31	0.1	1,150	0.2	7,314	0.4
Construction	1,579	5.9	33,321	6.9	113,665	6.2
Manufacturing	3,108	11.5	38,723	8.0	192,688	10.6
Wholesale Trade	625	2.3	11,495	2.4	41,165	2.3
Retail Trade	2,885	10.7	49,967	10.3	194,081	10.6
Transportaion, Warehousing & Utilities	1,309	4.9	18,276	3.8	80,481	4.4
Information	447	1.7	12,646	2.6	36,259	2.0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	2,298	8.5	58,062	12.0	164,657	9.0
Professional, Scientific & Management	2,952	10.9	75,723	15.6	212,866	11.7
Educational Services & Health Care	7,765	28.8	111,400	23.0	482,274	26.5
Arts, Entertainment, Recreation & Food Services	1,941	7.2	37,782	7.8	148,835	8.2
Other Service (including nonprofit)	793	2.9	23,814	4.9	82,217	4.5
Public Administration.	1,231	4.6	12,482	2.6	66,493	3.6
Total	26,964	100.0	484,841	100.0	1,822,995	100.0

Source: U. S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2017-2021.

Major Employers

		Number of
Name of Employer	Nature of Entity	Employees
Lockheed Martin Sikorsky Aircraft	Manufacturer of Helicopters	6,137
Town of Stratford	Government	1,401
United Parcel Service	Package Delivery	520
Ashcroft Holdings	Manufacturer of Gauges, Valves	401
Lord Chamberlain	Skilled Nursing Facility	398
Connecticut Distributors	Liquor Distributors	305
Burns Construction	Construction	300
Encon	HVAC	260
Nuovo Pasta	Retail Grocery Products	225
Bridgeport Fittings	Manufacturer of Electrical Fittings	190
William B. Myers	Moving, Storage & Rigging	180
Big Y	Retail Grocery Products	155
ShopRite	Retail Grocery Products	154
Stop & Shop	Retail Grocery Products	135
Two Roads Brewing	Craft Beer Industry	95
Total		10,856

Source: Town of Stratford Economic Development Department.

Unemployment

	Town of	Town of Stratford		Percentage Unemployed			
Period	Employed ¹	Unemployed ¹	Town of Stratford (%) ¹	Bridgeport Labor Market (%) ¹	State of Connecticut (%) ¹		
Jan-Feb 2023	25,681	1,360	5.0	4.6	4.4		
Annual Average							
2022	26,242	1,349	4.9	4.2	4.2		
2021	24,517	2,007	7.6	6.3	6.3		
2020	24,459	2,480	9.2	8.0	7.8		
2019	26,582	1,141	4.1	3.5	3.5		
2018	26,359	1,232	4.5	3.9	3.9		
2017	26,206	1,432	5.2	4.4	4.4		
2016	25,931	1,522	5.5	4.8	4.8		
2015	25,789	1,710	6.2	5.5	5.6		
2014	25,527	2,032	7.4	6.4	6.6		
2013	24,673	2,364	8.7	7.7	8.0		
2012	24,910	2,509	9.2	8.0	8.4		

¹ Not seasonably adjusted.

Source: State of Connecticut Department of Labor

Housing Inventory

Type	Units	Percent
1-unit detached	14,339	66.2
1-unit attached	2,159	10.0
2 to 4 units	2,840	13.1
5 to 9 units	690	3.2
10 or more units	1,607	7.4
Mobile home, trailer, other	40	0
Total Inventory	21,675	100.0

Source: U. S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2017-2021.

Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units

	Town of Stratford		<u> Fairfield</u>	County	State of Connecticut	
Value of Owner Occupied Units	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number_	Percent
Less than \$50,000	344	2.1	4,076	1.8	19,747	2.1
50,000 to 99,999	449	2.8	3,940	1.7	25,603	2.8
100,000 to 149,999	877	5.5	6,478	2.8	68,932	7.4
150,000 to 199,999	1,580	9.9	12,562	5.4	130,158	14.1
200,000 to 299,999	6,689	41.8	33,563	14.4	250,981	27.1
300,000 to 499,999	5,426	33.9	73,072	31.4	268,183	29.0
500,000 to 999,999	544	3.4	64,162	27.6	117,839	12.7
1,000,000 and over	105	0.7	34,979	15.0	44,060	4.8
Total	16,014	100.0	232,832	100.0	925,503	100.0
Median Value	\$274,400		\$443,100		\$286,700	

Source: U. S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2017-2021.

Taxable Grand List

Grand			Motor	Gross		
List	Real	Personal	Vehicle	Taxable	Less	Net Taxable
Dated	Property	Property	Property	Grand List	Exemptions	Grand List
10/1/22	\$4,146,747,610	\$782,073,695	\$540,689,508	\$5,469,510,813	\$307,972,270	\$5,161,538,543
10/1/21	4,125,935,164	681,118,728	494,214,415	5,301,268,307	290,958,584	5,010,309,723
10/1/20	4,089,783,260	632,943,671	381,013,445	5,103,740,376	256,028,506	4,847,711,870
$10/1/19^{-1}$	4,062,106,980	586,022,641	361,182,757	5,009,312,378	240,202,846	4,769,109,532
10/1/18	3,929,535,970	575,631,130	351,015,990	4,856,183,090	238,452,090	4,617,731,000
10/1/17	3,909,285,220	544,923,142	345,667,180	4,799,875,542	245,951,660	4,553,923,882
10/1/16	3,897,095,857	495,024,132	341,137,740	4,733,257,729	240,770,110	4,492,487,619
10/1/15	3,899,177,250	474,463,002	336,333,270	4,709,973,522	227,802,820	4,482,170,702
$10/1/14^{-1}$	3,888,216,900	469,680,249	329,035,740	4,686,932,889	242,736,347	4,444,196,542
10/1/13	4,006,478,639	470,070,716	322,759,890	4,799,309,245	240,770,110	4,558,539,135

¹ Revaluation

Source: Town of Stratford Assessor Office.

Largest Taxpayers

		Grand List of October 1, 2022		
Business-Name	Nature of Business	Total Estimated Assessment	Rank	Percent of Total
Lockheed Martin Co	Helicopter Manufacturer	\$231,588,260	1	4.49%
United Illuminating	Utlity	214,210,370	2	4.15%
Sikorsky Aircraft	Helicopter Manufacturer	91,355,099	3	1.77%
Southern Connecticut Gas	Utlity	48,339,640	4	0.94%
Ashcroft Inc	Instrument Manufacturer	21,858,690	5	0.42%
ETCL Stratford, LLC	Real Estate	21,157,430	6	0.41%
485 Lordship DE Owner LLC	Real Estate	19,971,182	7	0.39%
UB Dockside LLC (Urstadt Biddle Prop).	Real Estate	19,937,190	8	0.39%
Stonybrook Gardens Cooperative	Apartments	18,886,910	9	0.37%
DCR7S1CT LLC	Real Estate	18,743,270	10	0.36%
	Total	\$706,048,041		13.69%

Source: Town of Stratford Assessor Office.

Property Tax Levies and Collections

FY		Total		Collected End of	Uncollect	ted Taxes
Ending	Net Taxable	Tax Rate	Adjusted	Each	Each	As of
<u>30-Jun</u>	Grand List	(In Mills)	Tax Levy	FY	<u>FY</u>	6/30/2022 2
2023^{-1}	\$5,010,309,723	39.46	\$199,106,158	In process	In process	In process
2022 2	4,847,711,870	39.47	192,250,742	97.6 %	\$4,538,258	\$4,538,258
2021^{-3}	4,769,109,532	39.64	189,265,006	97.8	3,829,906	1,622,990
2020	4,617,731,000	39.87	184,855,273	97.6	4,391,158	994,385
2019	4,553,923,882	39.90	182,262,885	97.9	3,874,828	396,087
2018	4,492,487,619	39.97	179,620,498	97.5	4,562,247	190,746
2017	4,482,170,702	38.99	172,755,443	97.7	3,994,094	144,279
2016^{3}	4,444,196,542	36.98	164,459,920	97.6	4,029,648	100,987
2015	4,558,539,135	35.63	162,727,443	97.4	4,167,744	73,156
2014	4,531,453,688	34.64	156,748,314	97.5	3,988,230	55,256
2013	4,525,796,461	34.48	155,886,467	97.7	3,533,685	63,982

Source: Town of Stratford Assessor Office.

Adopted Budget.
 Unaudited estimate.

³ Revaluation

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Comparative General Fund Operating Statement – Fiscal Years 2021-22, 2022-23 and 2023-24 Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

	Fiscal Year 2021-22 (unaudited estimate)			Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	Revised Budget	Unaudited Estimate	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	2022-23 Adopted Budget	2023-24 Proposed Budget
REVENUES					
Property taxes, interest and liens	\$194,281,235	\$193,424,313	\$ (856,922)	\$201,691,044	\$205,123,589
Intergovernmental revenue	37,648,377	35,528,077	(2,120,300)	35,242,118	39,259,439
Departmental revenues	2,880,000	3,459,057	579,057	2,731,000	3,261,100
Licenses, fees and permits	944,000	1,035,536	91,536	897,000	1,043,000
Investment Income	875,000	(23,652)	(898,652)	450,000	1,500,000
Other revenues	1,099,000	1,103,373	4,373	6,524,000	3,034,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$237,727,612	234,526,704	(3,200,908)	247,535,162	253,221,128
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Administration	\$ 6,317,942	6,250,354	67,588	\$ 6,438,152	\$ 7,433,674
Contingency	4,761,500	4,012,787	748,713	5,172,045	5,508,806
Employee Benefits	34,600,092 1	32,831,892	1,768,200	25,158,214	25,718,021
Finance	2,186,931	1,982,374	204,557	2,235,914	2,289,598
Human Development	6,569,789	6,328,370	241,419	6,909,729	7,145,695
Physical Development	15,582,222	15,323,027	259,195	16,351,710	16,224,127
Public Safety	26,816,438	27,876,308	(1,059,870)	27,767,995	27,302,063
Education	120,184,338	119,968,690	215,648	123,188,946	126,998,330
Debt Service	22,872,830	23,955,266	(1,082,436)	34,709,812	34,710,008
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	239,892,082	238,529,068	1,363,014	247,932,517	253,330,322
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(2,164,470)	(4,002,364)	(1,837,894)	(397,355)	(109,194)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in	3,290,000	3,740,024	450,024	1,600,000	1,050,000
Operating transfers out	(1,125,530)	(1,125,530)	-	(1,202,645)	(940,806)
Total Other financing sources (uses)	2,164,470	2,614,494	450,024	397,355	109,194
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and					
other financing uses	\$ -	\$ (1,387,870)	\$ (1,387,870)	\$ -	\$ -
other infahering ases	Ψ -	ψ (1,501,010)	Ψ (1,501,010)	Ψ	

¹ Includes debt service for the Town's 2013 Pension Bond issue. For budgetary purposes, Pension Bond debt service was moved from the employee benefits line item to the debt service line item beginning with the Fiscal Year 2022-23 budget.

Source: Fiscal year 2021-22 unaudited estimate; Fiscal year 2022-23 adopted budget; Fiscal year 2023-24 recommended budget.

Comparative Balance Sheets

Fiscal Year Ended:	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 33,160,566	\$ 55,894,040	\$ 65,901,692	\$ 38,095,458	\$ 38,347,614
Restricted cash	37,786,942	-	-	-	-
Receivables, net	11,765,024	11,967,778	10,465,306	12,292,756	12,741,881
Inventories and prepaids	6,131	3,066	391,396	249,081	105,832
Advances to other funds	1,114,103	1,402,248	1,227,942	1,220,363	1,063,061
Due from other funds	4,522,013	-	8,013,327	28,049,220	108,994,946
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 88,354,779	\$ 69,267,132	\$ 85,999,663	\$ 79,906,878	\$ 161,253,334
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 2,229,625	\$ 3,202,139	\$ 2,980,606	\$ 3,840,609	\$ 4,383,557
Accrued liabilities	830,283	898,588	574,660	819,624	823,399
Due to other funds	65,173,624	48,835,665	66,003,746	56,491,648	132,701,294
TOTAL LIABILITIES	68,233,532	52,936,392	69,559,012	61,151,881	137,908,250
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES					
Unavailable resources	10,806,823	10,270,294	9,355,938	10,808,112	11,407,315
Advance property tax collections	-	-	28,934	33,629	34,411
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES	10,806,823	10,270,294	9,384,872	10,841,741	11,441,726
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	1,120,234	1,405,314	1,619,338	1,469,444	1,168,893
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	210,988	1,064,339	190,623	102,859	502,946
Unassigned	7,983,202	3,590,793	5,245,818	6,340,953	10,231,519
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	9,314,424	6,060,446	7,055,779	7,913,256	11,903,358
TOTAL LIABILITIES					
TOTAL LIABILITIES,					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES AND FUND	¢ 00 254 770	¢ (0.267.122	¢ 05 000 663	¢ 70 007 979	¢ 171 252 224
BALANCES	\$ 88,354,779	\$ 69,267,132	\$ 85,999,663	\$ 79,906,878	\$ 161,253,334

Source: Annual audited financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Fiscal Year Ended:	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$174,120,628	\$180,421,843	\$183,916,324	\$185,583,030	\$190,726,606
State and Federal Governments	49,234,555	48,171,466	36,258,221	47,900,337	49,714,746
Charges for services	3,753,733	3,001,405	2,821,562	2,708,610	2,981,652
Licenses and permits	686,613	1,003,139	786,372	1,107,379	1,066,298
Investment income	122,817	303,072	1,082,636	931,490	22,420
Other revenues	1,870,094	1,140,804	2,351,047	969,961	635,275
TOTAL REVENUES	\$229,788,440	\$234,041,729	\$227,216,162	\$239,200,807	\$245,146,997
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Administration	4,978,884	5,984,350	5,910,487	5,391,074	5,595,510
Contingency	2,641,747	4,733,208	4,431,445	3,422,031	3,627,246
Employee Benefits	20,423,354	19,310,201	19,302,656	19,230,941	20,146,212
Finance	2,193,685	2,198,148	1,882,833	2,561,578	1,821,275
Human Development	5,902,668	5,923,449	6,155,899	6,131,545	5,651,247
Physical Development	11,251,696	12,417,475	13,009,037	14,355,797	15,444,312
Public Safety	25,614,821	24,867,450	25,599,474	26,686,653	27,567,001
Education	125,907,159	128,126,498	120,596,747	131,166,556	132,123,348
Debt service 1	32,820,850	35,360,568	29,890,458	33,469,155	32,888,900
Capital outlay			654,190		163,073
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	231,734,864	238,921,347	227,433,226	242,415,330	245,028,124
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(1,946,424)	(4,879,618)	(217,064)	(3,214,523)	118,873
Other financing sources (uses):					
Premium on bond issuance	2,963,886	-	-	-	5,877,594
Payment to bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	(97,054,563)
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers in	3,293,280	2,120,254	1,970,397	4,610,000	4,430,242
Operating transfers (out)	(3,321,939)	(494,614)	(758,000)	(538,000)	(1,487,020)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,935,227	1,625,640	1,212,397	4,072,000	3,871,229
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
and other financing sources over					
expenditures and other uses	988,803	(3,253,978)	995,333	857,477	3,990,102
Fund Balance - July 1	8,325,621	9,314,424	6,060,446	7,055,779	7,913,256
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 9,314,424	\$ 6,060,446	\$ 7,055,779	\$ 7,913,256	\$ 11,903,358

¹ In accordance with GAAP accounting, includes debt service for the Town's 2011 and 2013 Pension Bond issues. For budgetary purposes, the pension bond debt service was previously included under the employee benefits line item but was moved to debt service line item beginning in Fiscal year 2022-23 budget.

Source: Annual audited financial statements.

Employee Pension Systems

Net Pension Liability

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
\$336,422,998	\$334,208,067	\$316,495,066	\$315,879,001	\$314,123,128
268,430,253	301,760,734	248,414,592	258,826,783	259,954,977
\$ 67,992,745	\$ 32,447,333	\$ 68,080,474	\$ 57,052,218	\$ 54,168,151
79.8%	90.3%	78.5%	81 9%	82.8%
	\$336,422,998 268,430,253	\$336,422,998 268,430,253 \$334,208,067 301,760,734 \$67,992,745 \$32,447,333	\$336,422,998 \$334,208,067 \$316,495,066 268,430,253 301,760,734 248,414,592 \$67,992,745 \$32,447,333 \$68,080,474	\$336,422,998 \$334,208,067 \$316,495,066 \$315,879,001 268,430,253 301,760,734 248,414,592 258,826,783 \$67,992,745 \$32,447,333 \$68,080,474 \$57,052,218

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 103,976,735	\$ 67,992,745	\$ 37,586,432		

Historical Trend Data

Schedule of Funding Progress (Actuarial Value - In Thousands)

		Actuarial				UAAL as
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			a % of
Actuarial	Value	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	of Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
July 1, 2022	\$ 271,490	\$ 336,052	\$ 64,562	80.8%	\$ 16,470	392.0%
July 1, 2021	265,539	335,251	69,712	79.2%	15,704	443.9%
July 1, 2020	252,717	332,550	79,833	76.0%	16,509	483.6%
July 1, 2019	254,789	315,879	61,090	80.7%	17,810	343.0%
July 1, 2018	255,867	315,196	59,329	81.2%	17,810	333.1%
July 1, 2017	254,022	313,202	59,180	81.1%	18,756	315.5%
July 1, 2016	254,217	312,191	57,974	81.4%	18,756	309.1%
July 1, 2015	255,001	305,935	50,934	83.4%	19,912	255.8%
July 1, 2014	251,796	303,004	51,208	83.1%	20,317	252.0%
July 1, 2013	$250,105^{-1}$	300,776	50,671	83.2%	22,237	227.9%

¹ Includes proceeds of the Town's 2013 pension bond issue. For the 7/1/13 valuation, the actuarial value of assets had been reset to equal the Market Value of assets. In future years, the Actuarial Value will be determined by recognizing gains or losses in equal installments over a five-year period.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

	Actuarially		
Fiscal	Determined	Actual	Percentage
Year	Contribution	Contribution	Contributed
2023 1	\$ 6,243,501	\$ 6,243,501	100.0 %
2022^{-2}	6,878,195	6,859,206	99.7 %
2021	6,610,201	6,610,201	100.0 %
2020	6,241,601	5,348,880	85.7 %
2019	6,088,400	5,399,899	88.7 %

¹ Adopted budget.

² *Unaudited estimate.*

Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB)

Net OPEB Liability

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability	\$243,132,373	\$288,762,665	\$325,187,048	\$289,378,757	\$278,438,343
Plan fiduciary net position	7,153,157	8,249,690	5,923,076	5,494,362	5,022,624
Net OPEB liability	\$235,979,216	\$280,512,975	\$319,263,972	\$283,884,395	\$273,415,719
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	2.94%	2.86%	1.82%	1.90%	1.80%

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	1	% Decrease	(Current Rate	-	1% Increase	
		(2.54%)		(3.54%)		(4.54%)	
Town's Net OPEB Liability	\$	272,165,261	\$	235,979,216	\$	206,812,320	

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

	1	% Decrease	Current Rate	1	1% Increase
Town's Net OPEB Liability	\$	200,144,670	\$ 235,979,216	\$	281,726,899

Historical Trend Data

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
July 1, 2020	\$ 5,923,076	\$ 279,769,067 1	\$273,845,991	2.1%	\$103,884,532	263.6%
July 1, 2018	5,022,624	263,345,104 ²	258,322,480	1.9%	79,532,000	324.8%
July 1, 2016	3,784,000	250,657,000 ³	246,873,000	1.5%	72,582,000	340.1%
July 1, 2014	3,392,000	239,827,000 ³	236,435,000	1.4%	75,985,000	311.2%
July 1, 2012	2,071,587	154,672,638 4	152,601,051	1.3%	N/A	N/A

¹ Based on a 2.21% discount rate.

⁴ Based on a 6.75% discount rate following the establishment of an irrevocable trust.

	Actuarially		
Fiscal	Determined	Actual	Percentage
Year	Contribution	Contribution	Contributed
2022^{1}	\$24,704,615	\$10,544,013	42.7%
2021	26,133,040	9,674,363	37.0%
2020	23,177,582	9,310,404	40.2%
2019	22,133,340	9,017,876	40.7%
2018	20,679,264	8,477,088	41.0%

¹ Unaudited estimate.

² Based on a 3.87% discount rate.

³ Based on a 4.00% discount rate.

INDEBTEDNESS

Principal Amount of Bonded Indebtedness

Pro Forma as of May 9, 2023

Long-Term Debt

Date of Issue	Issue	Coupon Rate %	Original Issue Amount	Debt Outstanding Including This Issue	Final Maturity
01/31/08	Clean Water Fund Loan #105-CSL 1	2.000	\$ 1,837,123	\$ 398,710	01/31/27
10/31/10	Clean Water Fund Loan #366-C1 1	2.000	14,235,000	16,902,648	07/01/25
12/29/11	Series 2011 (Energy Performance Contract) 1	3.240	8,212,115	3,916,546	06/15/30
10/10/13	Series 2013 (Refunding)	3.000 - 5.000	16,600,000	2,880,000	08/01/23
10/29/13	Series 2013B (Federally Taxable)	0.500 - 6.000	162,690,000	65,040,000	08/15/38
01/04/17	Series 2017	3.000 - 5.000	25,260,000	18,610,000	07/01/36
01/02/19	Series 2019	4.000 - 5.000	70,000,000	62,220,000	01/01/39
04/28/20	Series 2020A	3.000 - 5.000	29,105,000	23,685,000	07/01/40
04/28/20	Series 2020B (Refunding)(Federally Taxable)	0.349 - 2.461	78,100,000	75,800,000	08/15/34
12/16/21	Series 2022	4.000 - 5.000	15,650,000	15,650,000	05/15/42
04/28/23	Clean Water Fund Loan #713-CSL ¹	2.000	23,202,261	23,202,261	04/30/42
	Total			\$308,305,165	
Short-Term	<u>Debt</u>			Deht	

				Debt	
			Original	Outstanding	
Date of		Coupon	Issue	Including	Final
Issue	Issue	Rate %	Amount	This Issue	Maturity
05/09/23	Bond Anticipation Notes (This Issue)	TBD	\$20,535,000	21,085,000	10/3/2023
	Total			\$ 21,085,000	

¹ Includes debt of the Water Pollution Control Authority and Emergency Medical Services Enterprise Funds which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the Town but are expected to be repaid from user fees.

Source: Town of Stratford Finance Department.

Combined Schedule of Long-term Indebtedness Pro Forma as of May 9, 2023

Existing Indebtness

	Existing indebtness					
Fiscal	Principal	Interest	Total			
Year	Payments	Payments	Debt Service			
2023 1	\$ 879,706	\$ 561,185	\$ 1,440,891			
2024	25,213,210	11,243,968	36,457,178			
2025	24,345,117	10,386,373	34,731,491			
2026	24,303,073	9,631,178	33,934,251			
2027	22,360,907	9,007,578	31,368,484			
2028	22,039,774	8,384,105	30,423,879			
2029	21,813,731	7,741,174	29,554,905			
2030	19,839,117	7,090,235	26,929,352			
2031	17,561,172	6,478,506	24,039,677			
2032	17,431,172	5,761,873	23,193,044			
2033	17,391,172	4,916,302	22,307,474			
2034	16,316,172	4,098,908	20,415,079			
2035	16,261,172	3,348,514	19,609,686			
2036	14,486,172	2,628,149	17,114,321			
2037	14,476,172	1,929,876	16,406,048			
2038	13,156,172	1,264,853	14,421,024			
2039	13,076,172	634,629	13,710,801			
2040	2,756,172	200,506	2,956,677			
2041	2,721,172	115,382	2,836,554			
2042	1,877,643	43,728	1,921,371			
	\$308,305,165	\$ 95,467,022	\$403,772,187			
						

¹ Excludes principal payments of \$22,999,979 and interest payments of \$11,245,478 made as of May 9, 2023.

Source: Town of Stratford Finance Department.

Schedule of General-Fund Debt Pro Forma as of May 9, 2023

Existing Indebtness

	Existing indebtness					
Fiscal	Principal	Interest	Total			
Year	Payments	Payments	Debt Service			
2023^{1}	\$ 237,618	\$ 416,166	\$ 653,785			
2024	21,159,239	10,470,631	31,629,870			
2025	20,335,239	9,692,160	30,027,398			
2026	20,265,239	9,016,562	29,281,801			
2027	18,425,239	8,472,828	26,898,067			
2028	18,115,239	7,928,073	26,043,312			
2029	17,835,239	7,364,499	25,199,738			
2030	17,659,048	6,783,177	24,442,225			
2031	16,340,000	6,200,689	22,540,689			
2032	16,210,000	5,508,480	21,718,480			
2033	16,170,000	4,687,333	20,857,333			
2034	15,095,000	3,894,361	18,989,361			
2035	15,040,000	3,168,391	18,208,391			
2036	13,265,000	2,472,450	15,737,450			
2037	13,255,000	1,798,600	15,053,600			
2038	11,935,000	1,158,000	13,093,000			
2039	11,855,000	552,200	12,407,200			
2040	1,535,000	142,500	1,677,500			
2041	1,500,000	81,800	1,581,800			
2042	860,000	34,400	894,400			
	\$267,092,098	\$ 89,843,301	\$356,935,399			

¹ Excludes principal payments of \$20,649,999 and interest payments of \$10,877,052 made as of May 9, 2023.

Source: Town of Stratford Finance Department.

Schedule of Enterprise Fund Debt Pro Forma as of May 9, 2023

Existing Indebtness

	Existing indeptness					
Fiscal	Principal	Interest	Total			
Year	Payments	Payments	Debt Service			
2023 1	\$ 642,088	\$ 145,018	\$ 787,106			
2024	4,053,971	773,337	4,827,307			
2025	4,009,879	694,214	4,704,092			
2026	4,037,834	614,616	4,652,450			
2027	3,935,668	534,749	4,470,417			
2028	3,924,535	456,032	4,380,567			
2029	3,978,493	376,675	4,355,168			
2030	2,180,069	307,058	2,487,127			
2031	1,221,172	277,817	1,498,988			
2032	1,221,172	253,393	1,474,565			
2033	1,221,172	228,970	1,450,141			
2034	1,221,172	204,546	1,425,718			
2035	1,221,172	180,123	1,401,294			
2036	1,221,172	155,699	1,376,871			
2037	1,221,172	131,276	1,352,448			
2038	1,221,172	106,853	1,328,024			
2039	1,221,172	82,429	1,303,601			
2040	1,221,172	58,006	1,279,177			
2041	1,221,172	33,582	1,254,754			
2042	1,017,643	9,328	1,026,971			
	\$41,213,067	\$ 5,623,721	\$46,836,787			

Excludes principal payments of \$2,349,980 and interest payments of \$368,426 made as of May 9, 2023.

Source: Town of Stratford Finance Department.

Overlapping/Underlying Debt

The Town has no overlapping debt.

Calculation of Net Direct Debt

Pro Forma as of March 15, 2022

Indebtedness

Long-	Term	Debt

Long Term Dest	
General Purpose	\$ 62,968,741
Schools	94,934,357
Sewers	233,448
Pensions	109,665,000
State of Connecticut CWF PLO ¹	40,503,619
Total Long-term Debt	308,305,165
Short-Term Debt	
The Notes (This Issue)	21,085,000
Total Short-term Debt	21,085,000
Gross Direct Debt	329,390,165
Exclusions:	
Self-supporting Enterprise Fund Debt ²	(40,737,067)
Guaranteed Energy Performance Contract 3	(3,916,546)
Net Direct Debt	\$284,736,552

The Town has financed renovations and upgrades to its Water Pollution Control Facility through the State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund Program which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the Town but are expected to be repaid from user fees.

Source: Town of Stratford Finance Department.

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Includes debt of the Water Pollution Control Authority and EMS Enterprise Funds which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the Town but are expected to be repaid from user fees.

Includes bonds issued to finance a Guaranteed Energy Performance Contract ("EPC") between the Town and Honeywell International Inc. Under the terms of the contract, various equipment and improvements intended to reduce energy consumption were undertaken at Town and Board of Education buildings. The cost of the improvements was in part financed by the issuance of \$8,212,115 of bonds and a \$2,229,855 lease with Bank of America. Under the terms of the EPC, if energy savings in any year are not sufficient to substantially cover the cost of the debt service on the improvements, Honeywell will cover the differential. The amounts reflected herein include \$3,916,546 of outstanding bonds for the EPC. The final lease payment was due on December 15, 2021.

Current Debt Ratios Pro Forma as of May 9, 2023

Gross Direct Debt	\$329,390,165
Net Direct Debt	\$284,736,552
Population ¹	52,360
Net Taxable Grand List (10/1/21)	\$5,010,309,723
Estimated Full Value	\$7,157,585,319
Equalized Net Taxable Grand List (2020) 2	\$8,533,418,103
Per Capita Income ¹	\$41,009
Total Direct Indebtedness:	
Per Capita	\$6,290.87
To Net Taxable Grand List	6.57%
To Estimated Full Value	4.60%
To Equalized Net Taxable Grand List	3.86%
Per Capita to Per Capita Income	15.34%
Net Direct Indebtedness:	
Per Capita	\$5,438.05
To Net Taxable Grand List	5.68%
To Estimated Full Value	3.98%
To Equalized Net Taxable Grand List	3.34%
Per Capita to Per Capita Income	13.26%

¹ Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2017-2021.

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² Office of Policy and Management, State of Connecticut.

Computation of Statutory Debt Limit

Pro Forma as of May 9, 2023

Total Tax Collections (including interest and lien fees) for the year ended June 30, 2022 (unaudited estimate) **Reimbursement for Revenue Loss On:**

\$ 188,265,780

Tax relief for elderly freeze

Base for Debt Limitation Computation

\$188,265,780

	General					
Debt Limitation 1	Purposes	Schools	Sewers	Urban	Past Pension	Total Debt
2 1/4 times base	\$423,598,006					
4 1/2 times base		\$847,196,011				
3 3/4 times base			\$705,996,676			
3 1/4 times base				\$611,863,786		
3 times base					\$564,797,341	
7 times base						\$1,317,860,462
Indebte dness:						
Outstanding Debt ²	\$ 62,968,741	\$ 94,934,357	\$ 233,448	\$ -	\$109,665,000	\$ 267,801,546
The Notes (This Issue)	6,319,000	14,766,000	-	-	-	21,085,000
Clean Water Fund PLO 3	-	-	40,503,619	-	-	40,503,619
Authorized but Unissued Debt	17,129,924	22,902,286	1,527,141	-	-	41,559,351
Total Indebtedness	86,417,665	132,602,643	42,264,208	_	109,665,000	370,949,516
Less:						
School Grants Receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Net Indebtedness	86,417,665	132,602,643	42,264,208		109,665,000	370,949,516
Debt Limitation in Excess of						
Indebte dness	\$337,180,341	\$714,593,368	\$663,732,468	\$611,863,786	\$455,132,341	\$946,910,946

Under Chapter 109 of the Connecticut General Statutes the total of all indebtedness shall not exceed seven times the base or \$1,317,860,462.

Source: Town of Stratford Finance Department.

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Includes debt of the Water Pollution Control Authority and EMS Enterprise Funds which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the Town but are expected to be repaid from user fees. Includes \$3,916,546 in bonds issued to finance a Guaranteed Energy Performance Contract ("EPC") between the Town and Honeywell International Inc. Under the terms of the contract, various equipment and improvements intended to reduce energy consumption were undertaken at Town and Board of Education buildings. The cost of the improvements was in part financed by the issuance of \$8,212,115 of bonds and a \$2,229,855 lease with Bank of America. Under the terms of the EPC, if energy savings in any year are not sufficient to substantially cover the cost of the debt service on the improvements, Honeywell will cover the differential. The final lease payment was due on December 15, 2021.

³ The Town has financed renovations and upgrades to its Water Pollution Control Facility through the State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund Program which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the Town but are expected to be repaid from user fees.

APPENDIX A - AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021 Financial Statements



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Town Council Town of Stratford, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Stratford, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Stratford, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Stratford, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Town of Stratford, Connecticut adopted GASB Statement No. 84 *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result of the implementation of this standard, the Town of Stratford, Connecticut reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle (see Note 13) Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to the restatement.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Stratford, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

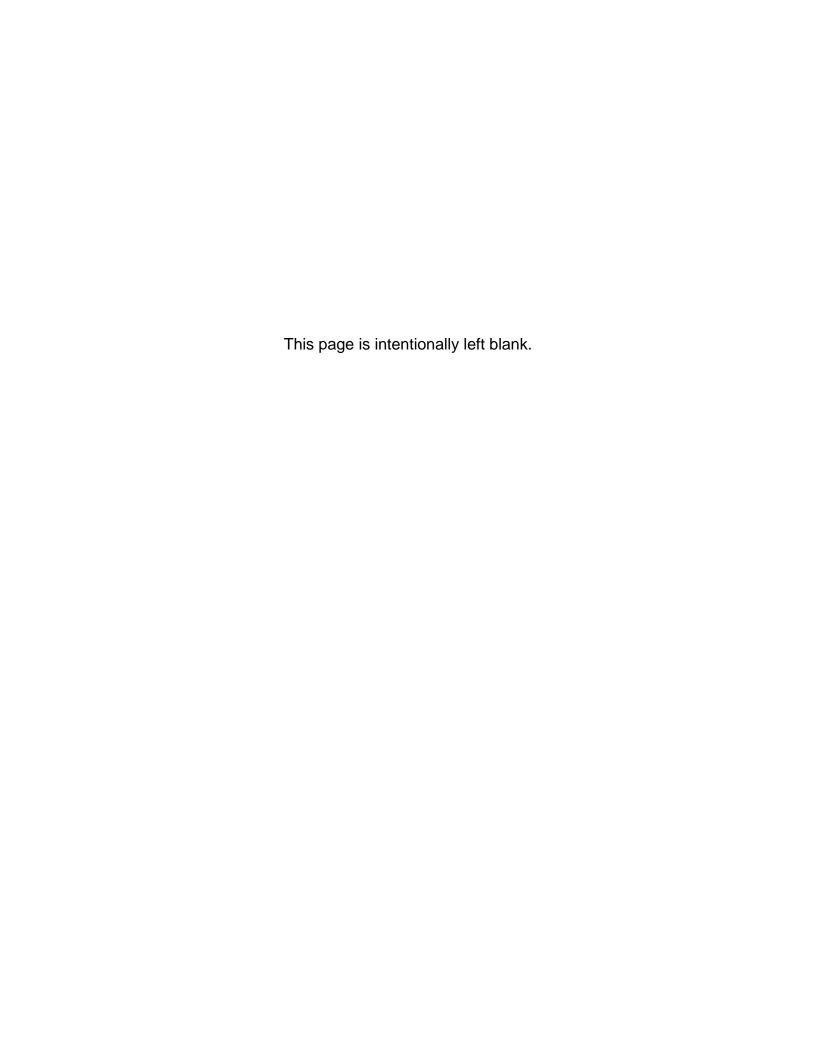
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 12, 2022 on our consideration of the Town of Stratford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Stratford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Stratford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut April 12, 2022



TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2021

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Stratford, Connecticut's (the Town) financial performance is developed by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to XI.

Financial Highlights

- In the Statement of Net Position, The Town's net position increased by \$28,968 inclusive of a restatement due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 *Fiduciary Activities*. The net position of our business-type activities increased by \$8,025.
- During the year, the Town's governmental activities program expenses were \$27.8 million less than the \$299.9 million generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.
- In the Town's business-type activities, revenues from charges for services are \$13.1 million while operating expenses are \$14.2 million primarily due to the Water Treatment plant.
- Total cost of all of the Town's programs increased by \$6.8 million to \$286.4 million. The main increases were in Education \$18 million program expenses offset by decreases of \$10 million in Public Safety.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$11.9 million, which is an increase of \$4 million from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to XI. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we divide the Town into two types of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, economic development and recreation. Property taxes, charges for services and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-Type Activities The Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost
 of certain services it provides. The Town's Waste Operating Facility, Town golf facilities and EMS Fund
 are reported here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Town Council establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (like the Capital Projects Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received for education from the State Department of Education). The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds (Exhibits III to IV): Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds (Exhibits V to VII: When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact, the Town's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

Fiduciary funds (Exhibits VIII and IX): The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Town's combined net position increased from a year ago from \$(380.3) million to \$(343.3) million. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1
SUMMARY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
(In Thousands)

	_	Governn Activit		Busines: Activi	<i>,</i> .	Total		
	_	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of	\$	61,514 \$	58,058 \$	3,254 \$	3,194 \$	64,768 \$	61,252	
depreciation		304,002	277,248	46,383	40,169	350,385	317,417	
Total assets	_	365,516	335,306	49,637	43,363	415,153	378,669	
Deferred outflows - pension		9,315	4,171	281	130	9,596	4,301	
Deferred outflows - OPEB		45,119	28,125	1,134	620	46,253	28,745	
Deferred outflows on refunding		6,318	1,602			6,318	1,602	
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	60,752	33,898	1,415	750	62,167	34,648	
Current liabilities Long-term debt		63,995	47,158	1,484	1,258	65,479	48,416	
outstanding		622,634	699,314	28,397	32,141	651,031	731,455	
Total liabilities	_	686,629	746,472	29,881	33,399	716,510	779,871	
Deferred inflows - pension		36,139		1,092		37,231	-	
Deferred inflows - OPEB		65,126	13,485	1,637	297	66,763	13,782	
Deferred inflows on refunding		159				159		
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	101,424	13,485	2,729	297	104,153	13,782	
Net Position: Net investment in								
capital assets		113,217	81,970	23,500	14,691	136,717	96,661	
Restricted		4,348	6,069.0	•	•	4,348	6,069	
Unrestricted	_	(479,350)	(478,792)	(5,058)	(4,274)	(484,408)	(483,066)	
Total Net Position	\$_	(361,785) \$	(390,753) \$	18,442 \$	10,417 \$	(343,343.00) \$	(380,336)	

Net position of the Town's governmental activities increased to \$(361.7) million as comparable to the prior year as restated at \$(390.7). Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - changed from \$(478.8) million at June 30, 2020 to \$(479.3) million at the end of this year.

Table 2
SUMMARY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
(In Thousands)

		Governme Activiti		Business- Activiti		Total		
	_	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues:	_							
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	9,239 \$	7,903 \$	13,129 \$	13,332 \$	22,368 \$	21,235	
Operating grants and		, .	, .	, .	,	, ,	•	
contributions		68,365	53,418			68,365	53,418	
Capital grants and		,	,			,	,	
contributions		27,708	25,794	10,030	730	37,738	26,524	
General revenues:		,	-, -	.,		,		
Property taxes		191,353	187,064			191,353	187,064	
Grants and contributions not		,	,			,	,	
restricted to specific purposes		1,431	589			1,431	589	
Unrestricted investment		.,	000			.,		
earnings		931	1,044			931	1,044	
Miscellaneous		916	1,655			916	1,655	
Total revenues	_	299,943	277,467	23,159	14,062	323,102	291,529	
	-	<u> </u>	 _	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· ·	
Program expenses:								
General government		30,391	35,401			30,391	35,401	
Human development		8,520	8,164			8,520	8,164	
Physical development		25,812	21,145			25,812	21,145	
Public safety		27,082	37,296			27,082	37,296	
Education		168,119	157,922			168,119	157,922	
Interest expense		12,266	13,684			12,266	13,684	
Waste operating				10,948	10,436	10,948	10,436	
Short Beach Golf Course				150	158	150	158	
Emergency Medical Services				3,136	2,841	3,136	2,841	
Total program expenses	_	272,190	273,612	14,234	13,435	286,424	287,047	
Excess before transfers		27,753	3,855	8,925	627	36,678	4,482	
Transfers		900	900	(900)	(900)	30,076	4,402	
Hallsleis	_	900	900	(900)	(900)			
Change in Net Position		28,653	4,755	8,025	(273)	36,678	4,482	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	(390,753)	(395,508)	10,417	10,690	(380,336)	(384,818)	
Restatement		315				315		
Net Position at End of Year	\$	(361,785) \$	(390,753) \$	18,442 \$	10,417 \$	(343,343) \$	(380,336)	

The Town's total revenues were \$323.1 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$286.4 million. Our analysis below separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

The Town's governmental activities change in Net Position is greatly impacted by the recognition of annual changes in the City's Pension & OPEB liabilities as well as the associated recognition of deferred inflows/outflows that do not require the use of current financial resources but are recognized in the statement of activities as a change in Net Position. Financial Statement Exhibit IV's reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports the following changes related to the Town's Pension & OPEB Liabilities:

Change in Net Pension Liability	\$34,521
Change in Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	5,143
Change in Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	(36,138)
Change in Total OPEB Liability	38,743
Change in Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	16,993
Change in Deferred Inflows related to OPEB	<u>(51,641)</u>
Statement of Activities - Change in Pension/OPEB	\$7,621*

^{*}The notes to the financial statements contain informative disclosures on the funding status & funding policy for the Town's Pension & OPEB Liabilities that should be referred to.

Governmental Activities

Approximately 63.7% of the revenues were derived from property taxes; the remaining 36.2% of revenue is made up of operating and capital grants and investment earnings.

Major revenue factors include:

- Property taxes increased by \$4.3 million over the prior year. Current tax collections totaled \$185.5 million or 98.2% of the collectible taxes. Arrear taxes and interest collected was \$4.98 million.
- Operating grants for governmental activities increased by \$14.9 million over the prior year. The State of Connecticut Education Cost Sharing grant, Special education, and Municipal Grants-in-Aid totaled \$31.7 million of the Operating grants total.
- Governmental expenses decreased from \$273.6 million to \$272.2 million this year. These decreases consisted of \$10.2 million in public safety and \$5 million in general government. There was a corresponding increase of \$10.2 million in education, \$4.7 million in physical development.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's five largest programs - education, public safety, general administration, physical development, and human development - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (In Thousands)

	 Total Cos	t of S	Services		Net Cost of Services					
	 2021		2020	_	2021		2020			
General government	\$ 30,391	\$	35,401	\$	21,295	\$	27,530			
Public safety	27,082		37,296		25,021		34,949			
Physical development	25,812		21,145		7,957		2,872			
Education	168,119		157,922		93,102		100,685			
Human development	8,520		8,164		7,237		6,777			
All others	 12,266		13,684		12,266		13,684			
Total	\$ 272,190	\$	273,612	\$	166,878	\$	186,497			

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$8 million. The key factors were \$9.78 million in program revenues in Waste Operating Fund.

Town Funds Financial Analysis

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11.1 million, a decrease of \$11.3 million in comparison with the prior year. This is due to the deficiency of revenues over expenditures of \$28.3 million of which \$27.9 is from capital outlay.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund total fund balance is \$11.9 million.

General Fund mirrors the general fund activities analysis highlighted in RSI-1 and RSI-2. The fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$4 million during the current fiscal year.

The Capital Projects Fund has a fund balance of -\$7.4 million at the end of the year, a decrease of \$12.7 million from the prior year. Major projects in 2021 are as follows:

- The Stratford High School Project of \$16.5 million.
- Road Resurfacing, sidewalk improvement, street improvement, and bridge improvement of \$7.5 million.
- Other school Improvements have expenditures for \$2.3 million.
- Capital equipment purchases for public works, police and fire of \$7.8 thousand.

Other nonmajor governmental funds have a total fund balance of \$6.6 million, a decrease of \$2.9 million from the prior year. The decrease is attributed to use of prior year bond premium of \$3.5 million to extinguish debt expense in the current year.

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Overall enterprise funds net position total \$18.4 million at the end of 2021, increasing by \$8 million from the previous year.

Net position of the Waste Operating Fund at the end of the year is \$20.9 million, 113% of total net position of the proprietary funds. Other non-major activities have net deficit of \$2.5 million or -13.6% of the total net position. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's Business-Type Activities.

The Internal Service Funds net position at the end of 2021 totaled (\$11) million; thereby, increasing the deficit by \$1.9 million from the previous year.

Net position of the Health Benefit Fund and Workers' Compensation as of June 30, 2021 is (\$748) thousand and (\$10.4) million, respectively. Decrease in Health Benefit fund net position is due to health claim activity. Decrease in Workers' Compensation fund net position is due to an increase in risk management claim liability.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, total revenues were over budgetary estimates by \$4.5 million and total expenditures were under budgetary estimates by \$4.2 million. The town had a positive revenue variance that was the result of improved tax collections over the previous year, transfer in of \$3.5 million in bond premium, increased miscellaneous revenue of \$390 thousand, increased building permits and Town Clerk revenues of \$131 and \$664 thousand respectively. Expenditures were under budget estimates in all categories except public safety which had a negative variance of \$706,048 or 2.5%, and physical development which as a negative variance of \$213,079 or 1.4%.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$304 million and \$46.4 million, respectively. This investment in capital assets included land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges. The total increase in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$32.9 million.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (Net of Depreciation) (In Thousands)

		Gove	rnme	ental		Busin	ess-1	Гуре				
		Act	es		Act	es		Total				
	_	2021	_	2020		2021		2020		2021	_	2020
Land	\$	15,855	\$	15,855	\$		\$		\$	15,855	\$	15,855
Land improvements		11,394		8,061		18		25		11,412		8,086
Buildings and improvements		212,419		97,458		24,933		28,189		237,352		125,647
Infrastructure		30,484		29,748		6,210		6,488		36,694		36,236
Machinery and equipment		10,723		10,919		1,850		1,451		12,573		12,370
Construction in progress	_	23,127	_	115,207	_	13,372	_	4,016	_	36,499	_	119,223
Total	\$	304,002	\$_	277,248	\$_	46,383	\$	40,169	\$	350,385	\$	317,417

More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Note 1 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt. At June 30, 2021 the Town had \$331.6 million in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$334.5 million last year, a decrease of .9% as shown in Table 5.

TABLE 5
OUTSTANDING DEBTS, AT YEAR-END
(In Thousands)

		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total			
		2021	_	2020		2021	_	2020		2021	_	2020	
General and pension obligation bonds	\$	308,530	\$	308,734	\$	1,007	\$	1,161	\$	309,537	\$	309,895	
Capital leases		170		334		11		26		180		360	
Notes payable					_	21,867		24,292		21,867		24,292	
	·												
Totals	\$	308,700	\$_	309,068	\$_	22,884	\$_	25,479	\$_	331,583	\$_	334,547	

The Town maintains an "AA-" rating from Standard & Poor's and an "A2" rating from Moody's for its general obligation debt. The Town provides the rating agencies with ongoing disclosure in the form of independent annual financial reports, adopted budgets, and other materials relating to its management and financial condition, as may be necessary or requested from time to time.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 7.0 times its total prior years' tax collections. The current debt limitation for the Town amounts to \$1,285 million, significantly more than the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

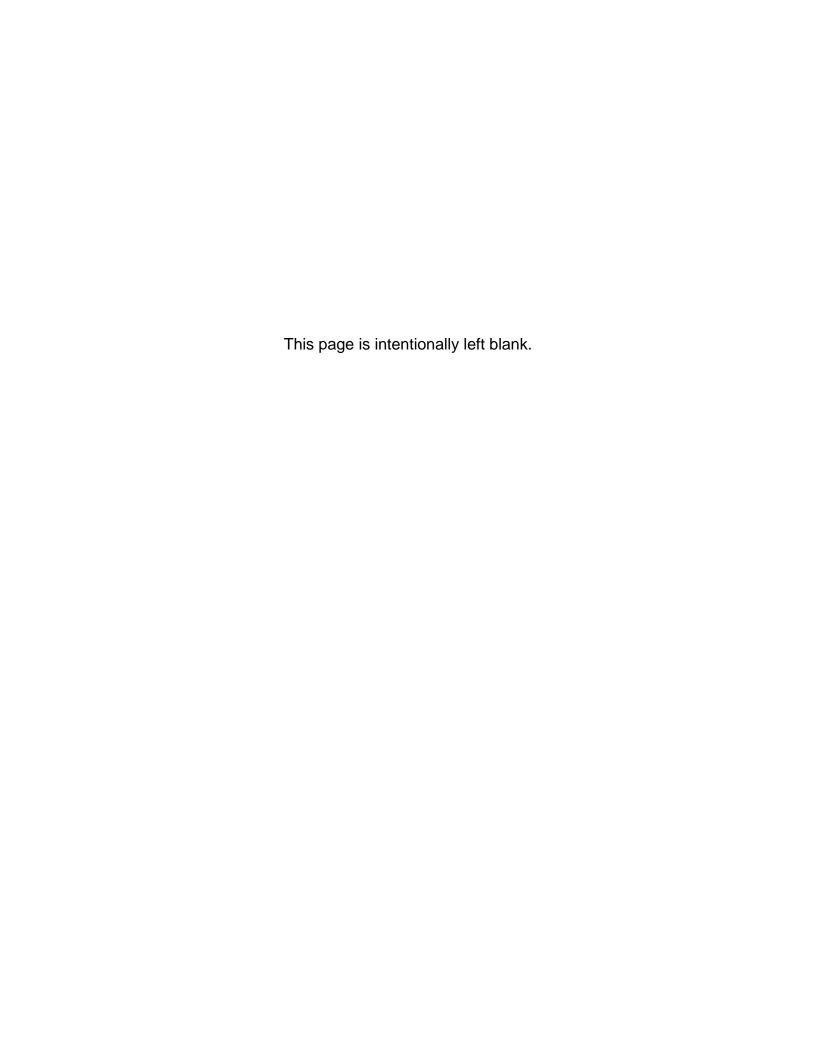
- Inflationary trends in the region are comparable to the national indices.
- The Town's unemployment rate has dropped to 6.6% in October of 2021 as compared to 8.6% in October 2019

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for fiscal year 2022. The fiscal year 2022 General Fund budget calls for \$241,017,612 in revenues with matching expenditures resulting in an increase of \$7,699.623 over fiscal year 2021 or a 3.3% increase. The Grand List increased by 1.65% from 2021. Due to increase in State funding the Town's mill rate decreased by .43%.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$3,890,566 for an unassigned balance of \$10,231,519. The Town did not utilize general fund balance for the fiscal year 2022 budget.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, governing bodies, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the tax and other funding it receives. The report is available on the Town website: (www.townofstratford.com) If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director, Town of Stratford at 2725 Main Street, Stratford, Connecticut 06615.



Basic Financial Statements

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	39,673,783	9	380,935	\$	40,054,718
Investments	*	2,995,454		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ψ	2,995,454
Receivables, net		17,613,310		3,936,255		21,549,565
Supplies and prepaids		168,742		-,,		168,742
Advance to other funds		1,063,061		(1,063,061)		-
Capital assets:		, ,		(, , ,		
Assets not being depreciated		38,982,007		13,371,510		52,353,517
Assets being depreciated, net		265,019,929		33,011,744		298,031,673
Total assets	·	365,516,286	•	49,637,383	•	415,153,669
	•	, ,	-			, ,
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred outflows related to pension		9,314,885		281,434		9,596,319
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		45,118,865		1,134,212		46,253,077
Deferred outflows on refunding		6,317,697				6,317,697
Total deferred outflows of resources		60,751,447	-	1,415,646	,	62,167,093
Liabilities:						
Accounts and other payables		11,817,132		371,369		12,188,501
Accrued liabilities		5,977,520		113,320		6,090,840
Unearned revenue		5,522,846		2,246		5,525,092
Internal balances		1,821,021		(1,821,021)		-
Bond anticipation notes		13,845,000				13,845,000
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		25,011,522		2,819,425		27,830,947
Due in more than one year		622,633,829		28,396,866		651,030,695
Total liabilities		686,628,870		29,882,205	·	716,511,075
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows related to pension		36,138,690		1,091,873		37,230,563
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		65,126,157		1,637,162		66,763,319
Deferred inflows on refunding		158,529				158,529
Total deferred inflows of resources		101,423,376	-	2,729,035	,	104,152,411
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		113,217,556		23,499,359		136,716,915
Restricted for:						
Nonexpendable trust		3,109,114				3,109,114
Debt service		25,236				25,236
Education		251,322				251,322
Human development		77,025				77,025
Physical development		884,959				884,959
Unrestricted		(479,349,725)	-	(5,057,570)		(484,407,295)
Total Net Position	\$	(361,784,513)	\$	18,441,789	\$	(343,342,724)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

			Program Reven	ues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government		\$ 4,098,049			\$ (21,294,943)	\$	\$ (21,294,943)
Human development	8,520,303	465,205		•	(7,237,386)		(7,237,386)
Physical development	25,811,614	2,299,096		15,555,924	(7,956,594)		(7,956,594)
Public safety	27,081,814	1,877,938	182,545		(25,021,331)		(25,021,331)
Education	168,119,325	498,602	67,116,541	7,402,308	(93,101,874)		(93,101,874)
Debt service	12,266,185_			<u> </u>	(12,266,185)		(12,266,185)
Total governmental activities	272,190,466	9,238,890	68,364,779	27,708,484	(166,878,313)	. <u>-</u>	(166,878,313)
Business-type activities:							
Waste Operating	10,948,387	10,707,287		10,029,524		9,788,424	9,788,424
Emergency Medical Services	3,135,414	2,125,743				(1,009,671)	(1,009,671)
Short Beach Golf Course	150,003	296,092				146,089	146,089
Total business-type activities	14,233,804	13,129,122		10,029,524		8,924,842	8,924,842
Total	\$ 286,424,270	\$ 22,368,012	\$ 68,364,779	\$ 37,738,008	(166,878,313)	8,924,842	(157,953,471)
	General revenue	es:					
	Property taxes	8			191,353,154		191,353,154
	Grants and co	ntributions not re	stricted to specific p	orograms	1,430,507		1,430,507
	Unrestricted in	nvestment earning	gs	•	929,913		929,913
	Miscellaneous	3	-		917,307		917,307
	Total genera	al revenues			194,630,881	-	194,630,881
	Transfers				900,000	(900,000)	
	General Reve	nue and Transfer	s		195,530,881	(900,000)	194,630,881
	Change in net po	osition			28,652,568	8,024,842	36,677,410
	Net Position - Be	eginning of Year,	as restated		(390,437,081)	10,416,947	(380,020,134)
	Net Position - Er	nd of Year			\$ (361,784,513)	\$ 18,441,789	\$ (343,342,724)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

		General	_	Capital Projects	-	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net	\$	38,347,614 12,741,881	\$	1,418,853	\$	1,246,169 2,995,454 3,452,576	\$	39,593,783 2,995,454 17,613,310
Supplies and prepaids Advance to other funds Due from other funds		105,832 1,063,061 108,994,946		84,354,245		62,910 6,529,759		168,742 1,063,061 199,878,950
Total Assets	\$		- \$	85,773,098	\$		\$	261,313,300
101017100010	Ψ	101,200,004	= Ψ	00,110,000	Ψ.	14,200,000	Ψ.	201,010,000
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities: Accounts and other payables	\$	4,383,557	\$	4,959,845	\$	2,433,128	\$	11,776,530
Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue		823,399		5,035,530		30,450 487,316		853,849 5,522,846
Bond anticipation notes Due to other funds Total liabilities		132,701,294 137,908,250	-	13,845,004 68,355,575 92,195,954	-	3,210,425 6,161,319	-	13,845,004 204,267,294 236,265,523
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes		7,915,454						7,915,454
Unavailable revenue - property taxes interest Unavailable revenue - other receivables		3,491,861 34,411				1,523,173		3,491,861 1,557,584
Unavailable revenue - special assessments Total deferred inflows of resources		11,441,726	-	1,003,461 1,003,461		1,523,173	-	1,003,461 13,968,360
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable Restricted		1,168,893		00.047.000		3,172,024 1,238,542		4,340,917 1,238,542
Committed Assigned		502,946		36,617,630		3,416,170		40,033,800 502,946
Unassigned Total fund balances		10,231,519 11,903,358	-	(44,043,947) (7,426,317)	•	(1,224,360) 6,602,376	-	(35,036,788) 11,079,417
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	•	404.052.05		05 770 000	.	44,000,000	•	004.040.000
and Fund Balances	\$	161,253,334	\$	85,773,098	\$	14,286,868	\$	261,313,300

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

\$ 11,079,417

304,001,936

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets	\$	533,076,983
Less accumulated depreciation		(229,075,047)
Net capital assets	_	

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Property tax receivables greater than 60 days	7,915,454
Interest receivable on property taxes	3,491,861
Assessments receivable	502,005
Other receivables and deferred amounts	2,059,040
Deferred outflows related to Pension	9,314,885
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	45,118,865
Deferred charges on refunding	6,317,697

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

(11,078,088)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds and notes payable	(292,992,583)
Bond premium	(15,537,326)
Capital lease	(169,626)
Interest payable on bonds and notes	(5,117,893)
Compensated absences	(11,336,771)
Landfill closure	(7,800,000)
Deferred charges on refunding	(158,529)
Claims and judgments	(1,000,000)
Net pension liability	(31,495,739)
Net OPEB liability	(273,634,271)
Deferred inflows related to Pension	(36,138,690)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(65,126,157)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I) \$_(361,784,513)

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	General	 Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Property taxes and assessments State and Federal governments Department revenue Licenses and permits Investment income Other Total revenues	\$	190,726,606 49,714,746 2,981,652 1,066,298 22,420 635,275 245,146,997	\$ 116,629 13,834,745 125,888 14,077,262	\$ 12,482,609 3,213,655 108,088 907,493 576,418 17,288,263	\$	190,843,235 76,032,100 6,195,307 1,174,386 929,913 1,337,581 276,512,522
Expenditures: Current: General government: Administration Contingency Employee benefits Finance Human development Physical development Public safety Education Debt service: Principal retirements Interest and other charges Capital outlay Total expenditures	-	5,595,510 3,627,246 20,146,212 1,821,275 5,651,247 15,444,312 27,567,001 132,123,348 25,403,579 7,485,321 163,073 245,028,124	 64,427 41,968,218 42,032,645	127,365 1,910,824 2,091,180 1,734,476 11,406,189 509,245 17,779,279	-	5,722,875 3,627,246 20,146,212 1,821,275 7,562,071 17,535,492 29,301,477 143,529,537 25,403,579 7,549,748 42,640,536 304,840,048
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	118,873	 (27,955,383)	(491,016)	-	(28,327,526)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of bonds Premium on bond issuance Premium on BAN issuance Payment to bond escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources	-	92,104,976 5,877,594 (97,054,563) 4,430,242 (1,487,020) 3,871,229	 14,600,024 239,518 397,000 15,236,542	1,090,020 (3,530,242) (2,440,222)	-	106,705,000 5,877,594 239,518 (97,054,563) 5,917,262 (5,017,262) 16,667,549
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,990,102	(12,718,841)	(2,931,238)		(11,659,977)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ =	7,913,256 11,903,358	\$ 5,292,524 (7,426,317)	\$ 9,533,614 6,602,376	\$	22,739,394

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ (11,659,977)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlay 147,292,541
Depreciation expense (10,083,934)

In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources.

Thus the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.

(110,454,245)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

Property tax receivable	105,868
Property tax interest receivable	493,335
Assessments	(89,284)
Other receivables and deferred amounts	1,961,311
Change in deferred outflows related to Pension	5,143,661
Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB	16,993,481
Deferred outflow on refunding	4.715.397

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net positions. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Bond principal payments	10,607,050
Premium on bonds issued	(5,877,594)
Payments to bond refunding agent	97,054,563
Issuance of bonds and notes	(106,705,000)
Amortization of premiums and discounts	5,125,549
Capital lease payments	164,337

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The details of the changes in other recorded obligations are as follows:

Compensated absences	259,736
Accrued interest	158,158
Deferred inflow on refunding	(158,529)
Change in net pension liability	34,521,613
Change in net OPEB liability	38,743,932
Change in deferred inflows related to Pension	(36,138,690)
Change in deferred inflows related to OPEB	(51.641.126)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities. (1,879,585)

Change in Net Positions of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ 28.652,568

	Business-Ty	Governmental Activities		
	Major Fund Waste Operating Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total	Internal Service Fund
Assets:				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$ 380,935	\$ 380,935	\$ 80,000
Receivables:	Ψ	Ψ 000,000	Ψ 000,500	Ψ 00,000
Accounts and other		447,486	447,486	
Sewer usage receivable	2,054,049		2,054,049	
Unbilled sewer usage receivable	1,434,720		1,434,720	
Due from other funds Total current assets	29,421,927 32,910,696	<u>140,564</u> 968,985	29,562,491 33,879,681	16,586,147 16,666,147
Total current assets	32,910,090	900,903	33,079,001	10,000,147
Capital assets:				
Assets not being depreciated	13,151,510	220,000	13,371,510	
Assets being depreciated, net	30,641,435	2,370,309	33,011,744	
Total capital assets Total assets	43,792,945 76,703,641	2,590,309 3,559,294	46,383,254 80,262,935	16,666,147
Total assets	76,703,641	3,559,294	00,202,933	10,000,147
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Related to Pension	281,434		281,434	
Related to OPEB	1,134,212		1,134,212	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,415,646		1,415,646	
Liabilities:				
Current:				
Accounts payable	227,664	143,705	371,369	46,376
Accrued wages and benefits	113,320	2 2 4 2	113,320	
Unearned revenue		2,246	2,246	
Advance from other funds Due to other funds	23,813,216	1,063,061 3,825,358	1,063,061 27,638,574	14,121,720
Risk management claims	23,013,210	3,023,330	27,030,374	683,000
Bonds payable	30,122	157,000	187,122	000,000
Serial notes payable	2,470,922	,	2,470,922	
Capital lease	10,751		10,751	
Compensated absences	67,693	82,937	150,630	
Total current liabilities	26,733,688	5,274,307	32,007,995	14,851,096
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Bonds payable	248,510	571,000	819,510	
Serial notes payable	19,395,590		19,395,590	
Risk management claims				12,996,035
Net pension liability	951,594		951,594	
Net OPEB liability	6,878,704	400 540	6,878,704	
Compensated absences Total noncurrent liabilities	157,949 27,632,347	193,519 764,519	351,468 28,396,866	12,996,035
Total liabilities	54,366,035	6,038,826	60,404,861	27,847,131
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Related to Pension	1,091,873		1,091,873	
Related to OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	1,637,162 2,729,035		1,637,162 2,729,035	
Total deletted filliows of resources	2,729,033		2,729,033	
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	21,637,050	1,862,309	23,499,359	
Unrestricted	(612,833)	(4,341,841)	(4,954,674)	(11,180,984)
Total Net Position	21,024,217	(2,479,532)	18,544,685	(11,180,984)
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of Internal Service Fund				
activities related to Enterprise Funds	(61,313)	(41,583)	(102,896)	102,896
Net Position of Business-Type Activities	\$ 20,962,904	\$ (2,521,115)	\$ 18,441,789	\$ (11,078,088)
Solden of Edelinood Type / Wilvinos	20,002,004	(2,021,110)	10,771,703	(11,070,000)

	_	Business-Typ	Governmental Activities					
	_	Major Fund						
	_	Waste Operating Fund	_	Nonmajor Funds	_	Total	-	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Other	\$	167,289	\$	2,463,418	\$	13,064,729 167,289	\$	4,984,693
Total operating revenues	_	10,768,600	_	2,463,418	_	13,232,018		4,984,693
Operating Expenses: Operating and maintenance Depreciation		6,963,543 3,511,045		2,938,853 304,412		9,902,396 3,815,457		6,967,174
Total operating expenses	_	10,474,588	_	3,243,265	_	13,717,853	-	6,967,174
Operating Income (Loss)		294,012		(779,847)		(485,835)		(1,982,481)
Nonoperating Expenses: Interest expense	_	(473,799)	_	(42,152)	_	(515,951)	-	_
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		(179,787)		(821,999)		(1,001,786)		(1,982,481)
Capital Contributions		9,135,525		893,999		10,029,524		
Transfers Out	_	(900,000)	_		_	(900,000)	-	
Change in Net Position		8,055,738		72,000		8,127,738		(1,982,481)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	12,968,479	_	(2,551,532)	_	10,416,947	-	(9,198,503)
Net Position - End of Year	_	21,024,217	_	(2,479,532)	_	18,544,685	-	(11,180,984)
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of Internal Service Fund activities related to Enterprise Funds	-	(61,313)	_	(41,583)	-	(102,896)	-	102,896
Net Position of Business-Type Activities	\$_	20,962,904	\$_	(2,521,115)	\$_	18,441,789	\$	(11,078,088)

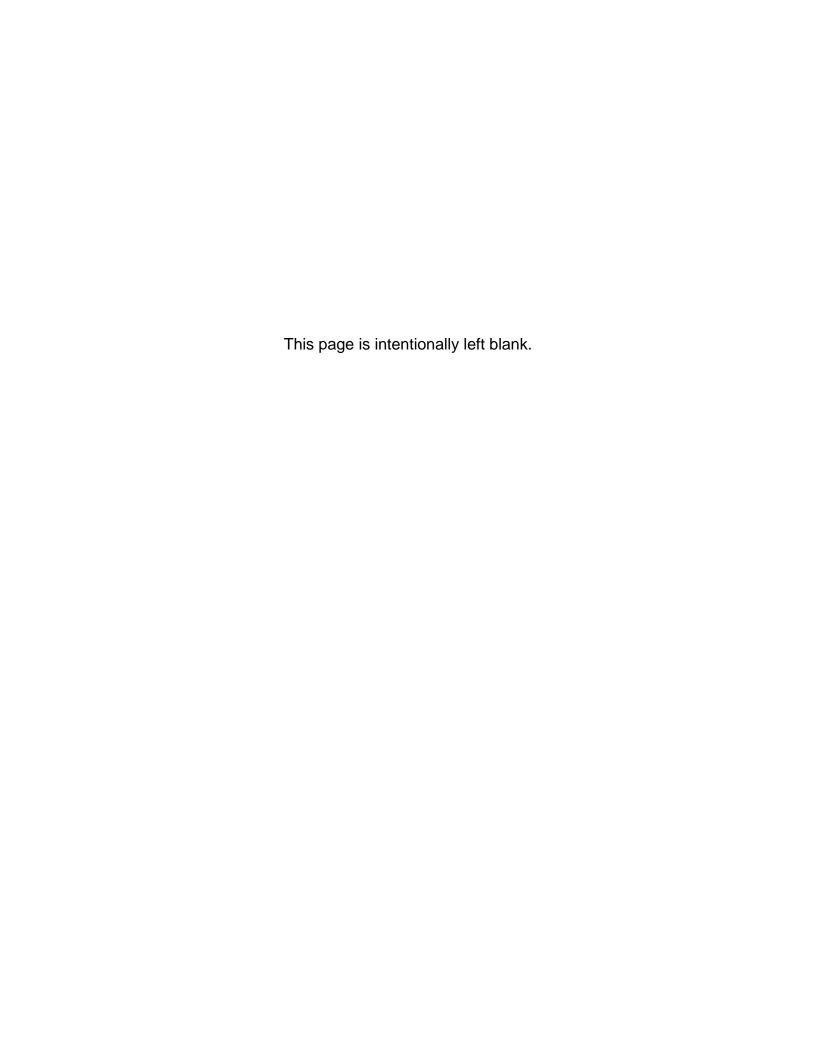
	-	Business-Typ Major Fund	-	Governmental Activities				
	-	Waste Operating Fund	·	Nonmajor Funds		Total	·	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash payments to suppliers Cash payments to employees (Payments) receipts for interfund services Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	10,768,600 (3,033,569) (2,828,373) (1,068,995) 3,837,663	\$	2,376,495 (586,599) (2,334,542) 903,097 358,451	\$	13,145,095 (3,620,168) (5,162,915) (165,898) 4,196,114	\$	4,984,693 (6,843,911) 1,859,218
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers to other funds	-	(900,000)	-		•	(900,000)	-	- _
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Principal payments on debt Principal payments on capital lease Interest paid on debt Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	-	(2,455,224) (8,640) (473,799) (2,937,663)	-	(124,000) (6,197) (42,152) (172,349)		(2,579,224) (14,837) (515,951) (3,110,012)	-	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		186,102		186,102		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	-		-	194,833		194,833	-	80,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	<u> </u>	\$	380,935	\$	380,935	\$	80,000
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	294,012	\$	(779,847)	\$	(485,835)	\$	(1,982,481)
Depreciation Loss on disposition of capital assets Change in assets and liabilities:		3,511,045		304,412		3,815,457		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in unbilled accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in due from other funds Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in risk management claim liability Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pension Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		293,607 76,740 (21,021,626) 31,271 52,113 19,952,631 (1,111,528) (7,065) (151,078) 1,091,873 (514,243) 1,339,911	-	(86,923) (19,764) 24,396 514 (7,198) 922,861		206,684 76,740 (21,041,390) 55,667 514 44,915 20,875,492 (1,111,528) (7,065) (151,078) 1,091,873 (514,243) 1,339,911	-	(12,216,000) 22,583 100,680 14,075,218
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	3,837,663	\$	358,451	\$	4,196,114	\$	
Noncash Investing and Capital Financing Activities: Contributions of Capital Assets from Town	\$	9,135,525	\$	893,999	\$	10,029,524		

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Pe	nsion and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	-	Custodial Fund Teachers' Retiree			
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$	3,172,276	\$	27,697			
Pooled, common, and collective trusts		125,566,666					
Mutual funds		94,930,593					
Real estate investment funds		51,340,763					
Equity hedge funds	_	35,008,527	-				
Total assets		310,018,825	-	27,697			
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		8,400	-				
Net Position:							
Restricted for Pension Benefits		301,760,735					
Restricted for OPEB Benefits		8,249,690					
Restricted for Teacher's Retirement Fund	_		-	27,697			
Total net position	\$ <u></u>	310,010,425	\$	27,697			

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	ſ	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	_	Custodial Fund Teachers' Retiree
Additions:				
Contributions:				
Plan members	\$	1,320,364	\$	
Employer		16,284,564		
Other				1,697,076
Total contributions	_	17,604,928		1,697,076
Investment income:				
Net change in fair value of investments		71,212,326		
Total investment income		71,212,326		_
Investment fee		(359,938)		
Net investment income	_	70,852,388		-
Total additions	_	88,457,316		1,697,076
Deductions:				
Benefits		32,691,369		
Other		93,190		1,876,493
Total deductions	_	32,784,559		1,876,493
Change in net position		55,672,757		(179,417)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	254,337,668		207,114
Net Position - End of Year	\$_	310,010,425	\$_	27,697



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Town was founded in 1639. The Town covers an area of 18.7 square miles and is located on Long Island Sound, 65 miles east of New York City and 50 miles southwest of Hartford, Connecticut. The Town has operated under a Council/Manager form of government since 1921. Effective December 12, 2005, the Town became a Mayor-Council form of government.

The Town provides a full range of services including public safety, roads, sanitation, health, social services, culture and recreation, education, planning, zoning and general administrative services to its residents. The accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A government is financially accountable for a legally separate organization if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the government. These criteria have been considered and have resulted in the inclusion of the fiduciary component units as detailed below.

Fiduciary Component Units

The Town has established a single-employer Public Retirement Systems (PERS) and a postretirement retiree health plan (OPEB) to provide retirement benefits and post-retirement health care benefits to employees and their beneficiaries. The Town appoints a majority of the Pension Board and is required to make contributions to the pension and OPEB plans and can impose its will.

The financial statements of the fiduciary component units are reported as Pension and OPEB Trust funds in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the fiduciary component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, including fiduciary component units, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements.

Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period for property taxes and certain other revenues and 120 days for grants.

Property taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to capital leases, compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those activities required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the proceeds of specific general obligation bonds for various projects to further develop the Town.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Waste Operating Fund accounts for the operations at the Stratford Water Pollution Control Authority.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the Town's health benefit and workers compensation costs.

The Pension and OPEB Trust Funds account for the fiduciary activities of the Town's defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees and also the activities of the Stratford nonpension postemployment benefits for certain retirees and their beneficiaries.

The Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in a custodial capacity for teachers.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other function of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to users for services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

C. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all savings, checking, money market accounts and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents.

D. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

E. Supplies

All inventory of supplies are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of United States Department of Agriculture donated commodities are stated at the lower of cost or market. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

In the government-wide financial statements, all trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building improvements	20
Distribution and collection systems	50-65
Public domain infrastructure	50
System infrastructure	30
Machinery and equipment	5-20

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town

reports a deferred outflow on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred outflow on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports a deferred inflow on refunding and deferred inflows related to OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the OPEB plans (active employees and inactive employees). Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, other receivables and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period during which the amounts become available.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Compensated Absences

Town employees accumulate vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination or retirement. Vacation and sick leave expenses to be paid in future periods are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for amounts expected to be paid with available resources, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Net Pension Liability and Net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total OPEB liability), net of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

L. Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position

Restricted net position contains assets subject to restrictions that are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This component represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance

This component represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance

This component represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Town Council). The Town Council can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance

For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, this represents any remaining positive amounts not classified as restricted, committed or nonspendable. For the General Fund, includes amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Town of Stratford Town Council. Under the Town's adopted policy, the Town Council has the authority to authorize the Director of Finance to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This component represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

M. Property Taxes

The Town's property tax is levied on the Grand List of October 1 each year and is due and payable in two installments on the following July 1 and January 1. Supplemental motor vehicle taxes are due in full January 1.

The Town files liens against property in April, if taxes that are due July 1 remain unpaid on the following June 30.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available means due or past due and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town defines the current period to mean within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes receivable not expected to be collected during the available period are reflected in unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements. The entire receivable is recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. Property taxes collected prior to June 30 that are applicable to the subsequent years' assessment are reflected as advance tax collections in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

N. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

General Fund

The Town's general budget policies are as follows:

Not later than March 12, the Mayor prepares and submits to the Town Council an annual budget for the next fiscal year based on detailed estimated revenues and expenditures for the Town.

The Town's charter requires the Town Council to hold public hearings prior to the adoption of the final budget, at which time taxpayers' comments are obtained.

Prior to May 13, the Town Council adopts the budget and sets the tax rate for the fiscal year through the passage of ordinances.

All interdepartmental appropriations and budget transfers must be approved by the Town Council. The Mayor approves all intradepartmental transfers.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level.

Budgeted amounts reported are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Town Council during the course of the year. No supplemental appropriations were approved for year ended June 30, 2021.

B. Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

The following line items exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Human resources	¢	(10 GOE)
Human resources	\$	(19,685)
Registrar of Voters		(3,781)
Administration		(3,241)
Short Beach		(5,538)
Administration		(139,727)
Highways		(134,401)
Sanitation/refuse		(391,605)
Fire suppression		(931,617)
Investigation		(69,440)
Patrol		(299,532)
Transfers out		(287,020)

Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds had fund deficits at June 30, 2021:

Major, Nonmajor and Other Funds:

Capital Projects Fund*	7,426,317
Community Development**	754,195
Railroad Property**	210,197
Miscellaneous Grants**	259,968
Short Beach Golf Course**	360,489
Emergency Medical Services**	2,119,043
Internal Service - Health Benefit***	748,200
Internal Service - Workers' Compensation***	10,432,784

- * Deficit will be eliminated through future debt proceeds
- ** Deficit will be eliminated through future charges for services.
- *** Deficit will be eliminated through future appropriations.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7 402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute, or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$33,785,365 of the Town's bank balance of \$35,144,136 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 30,281,828
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in the Town's name	3,503,537
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 33,785,365

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2021, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$9,826,811. State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) is an investment pool of high-quality, short-term money market instruments with an average maturity of less than 60 days. There were no limitations or restrictions on any withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. The Wells Fargo 100% Treasury Money Market Fund is exclusively invested in U.S. Treasury obligations. There were no limitations or restrictions on any withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates.

Credit Risk – Cash Equivalents

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investments will not fulfill its obligation to the holder. This is measure by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The following chart summarizes year-end ratings for the Town as rated by Standard & Poor's:

	Standard & Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm
Wells Fargo 100% Treasury Money Market Fund	AAAm

Investments

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

	_	Fair Value	_	Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3
Investments by Fair Value Level: Mutual funds Pooled, common and collective funds	\$_	97,926,047 125,566,666	\$ - -	97,926,047	\$ 125,566,666	\$
Total Investments by Fair Value Level		223,492,713	\$_	97,926,047	\$ 125,566,666	\$
Investments recorded at net asset value (Equity hedge funds Real estate investment funds	(NA\ _	/): 35,008,527 51,340,763	-			
Total Investments	\$_	309,842,003	•			

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Pooled, common and collective funds classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The valuation method for investments measured at net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table:

	_	Fair Value	 Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Equity hedge funds Real estate investment funds	\$_	35,008,527 51,340,763	\$	Quarterly Quarterly	Various Various
Total Investments Measured at NAV	\$_	86,349,290	\$ 		

Equity Hedge Funds

This type includes an investment in a hedge fund that invest both long and short primarily in U.S. common stocks. Management of each hedge fund can shift investments from value to growth strategies, from small to large capitalization stocks, and from a net long position to a net short position. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the investments.

Real Estate Investment Funds

This type includes four real estate funds that invest primarily in U.S. commercial real estate. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the Plan's

Real Estate Investment Funds

This type includes four real estate funds that invest primarily in U.S. commercial real estate. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These investments can never be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. Because it is not probable that any individual investment will be sold, the fair value of each individual investment has been determined using the NAV per share of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. Once it has been determined which investments will be sold and whether those investments will be sold individually or in a group, the investments will be sold in an auction process.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - Investments

The Town does not have an investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk, other than State Statutes governing investments in obligations of any State or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2021, the Town did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, that were not in the Town's name.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2021 for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	General	 Capital Projects		Waste Operating	 Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	_	Nonmajor and Other Funds	_	Total
Receivables:										
Taxes and interest	\$	13,009,415	\$	\$		\$ 9	\$		\$	13,009,415
Accounts and other		354,589				667,890		1,807,835		2,830,314
Special assessments			502,005							502,005
Sewer usage					2,054,049					2,054,049
Unbilled sewer usage re	eceiva	ble			1,434,720					1,434,720
Intergovernmental		27,877	916,848					1,644,741		2,589,466
Gross receivables		13,391,881	1,418,853	_	3,488,769	667,890		3,452,576		22,419,969
Less allowance for										
uncollectibles	_	650,000				 220,404	_		_	870,404
Net Total Receivables	\$_	12,741,881	\$ 1,418,853	\$	3,488,769	\$ 447,486	\$_	3,452,576	\$_	21,549,565

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

	_	Beginning Balance	_	Transfers/ Increases	_	Transfers/ Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	15,854,529	\$		\$		\$	15,854,529
Construction in progress		115,207,400		18,319,680		110,399,602		23,127,478
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	131,061,929	-	18,319,680	_	110,399,602	_	38,982,007
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements		18,440,108		4,109,236				22,549,344
Buildings and improvements		181,418,332		120,079,702		162,836		301,335,198
Machinery and equipment		45,815,470		1,963,570		197,011		47,582,029
Infrastructure		119,808,052		2,820,353				122,628,405
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	365,481,962	-	128,972,861	_	359,847	_	494,094,976
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		10,378,681		776,881				11,155,562
Buildings and improvements		83,961,290		5,064,155		110,089		88,915,356
Machinery and equipment		34,896,273		2,158,176		195,115		36,859,334
Infrastructure		90,060,073		2,084,722				92,144,795
Total accumulated depreciation	_	219,296,317	_	10,083,934	_	305,204	_	229,075,047
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	146,185,645	_	118,888,927	_	54,643	_	265,019,929
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	277,247,574	\$_	137,208,607	\$_	110,454,245	\$_	304,001,936
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Construction in progress	\$_	4,015,985	\$_	9,355,525	\$_		\$_	13,371,510
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements		2,148,942						2,148,942
Buildings and improvements		71,576,138						71,576,138
Machinery and equipment		7,737,961		674,000				8,411,961
Infrastructure		21,593,626						21,593,626
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	103,056,667	-	674,000	_	-	_	103,730,667
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		2,123,639		6,947				2,130,586
Buildings and improvements		43,387,711		3,254,547				46,642,258
Machinery and equipment		6,286,927		275,147				6,562,074
Infrastructure		15,105,189		278,816				15,384,005
Total accumulated depreciation	_	66,903,466	-	3,815,457	_	-	_	70,718,923
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	36,153,201	_	(3,141,457)	_		_	33,011,744
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	40,169,186	\$_	6,214,068	\$_		\$_	46,383,254

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the gov Governmental activities:	ernmer	nt as follows:
General government	\$	437,281
Human development	•	394,595
Physical development		3,202,524
Public safety		1,438,414
Education		4,611,120
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$_	10,083,934
Business-type activities:		
Waste operating	\$	3,511,045
Short Beach Golf Course		12,723
Emergency medical services		291,689
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$	3,815,457

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Internal Service Funds	\$	14,075,218
General Fund	Waste Operating		19,952,641
General Fund	Capital Projects		68,355,575
General Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise		3,825,358
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental		2,786,154
Internal Service Funds	General Fund		16,379,367
Internal Service Funds	Waste Operating		186,395
Internal Service Funds	Nonmajor Governmental		20,385
Waste Operating	General Fund		29,421,927
Capital Projects Capital Projects Capital Projects	General Fund Waste Operating Nonmajor Governmental		80,276,179 3,674,180 403,886
Nonmajor Enterprise	General Fund		94,062
Nonmajor Enterprise	Internal Service Funds		46,502
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund		6,529,759
Total		- \$_	246,027,588

Interfund balances are a result of temporary loans to various funds. Included in above is an interfund from the General Fund to the Emergency Medical Services Fund in the amount of \$1,220,363. This amount is shown as an advance to/from other funds due to a lack of commitment to pay by the Emergency Medical Services Fund.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

		Transfers In							
				Capital		Nonmajor		Total Transfers	
	_	General	_	Projects		Governmental	_	Out	
Transfers out:									
General Fund	\$		\$	397,000	\$	1,090,020	\$	1,487,020	
Waste Operating Fund		900,000						900,000	
Nonmajor Governmental F	unds _	3,530,242						3,530,242	
Total Transfers In	\$	4,430,242	\$_	397,000	\$	1,090,020	\$	5,917,262	

All transfers are for regularly recurring operational transfers. These transfers represent revenue sources from the General Fund for capital improvement programs and various nonmajor governmental fund activities, and transfer of unrestricted revenue from enterprise funds and nonmajor governmental funds to the General Fund to finance various programs in accordance with budget authorizations.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds and notes	\$	293,949,196 \$, , ,		292,992,583 \$	20,757,865
Premium on general obligation bonds		14,785,281	5,877,594	5,125,549	15,537,326	
Capital leases		333,963		164,337	169,626	169,626
Claims and judgments		1,000,000			1,000,000	
Compensated absences		11,596,507	20,351,760	20,611,496	11,336,771	3,401,031
Landfill monitoring closure and						
postclosure costs		7,800,000			7,800,000	
Net pension liability		66,017,352		34,521,613	31,495,739	
Net OPEB liability		312,378,203		38,743,932	273,634,271	
Risk management	_	13,578,355	695,680	595,000	13,679,035	683,000
Governmental Activities						
Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	721,438,857 \$	133,630,034 \$	207,423,540 \$	647,645,351 \$	25,011,522
Business-Type activities:						
General obligation bonds payable	\$	1,160,754 \$	500,000 \$	654,122 \$	1,006,632 \$	187,122
Notes payable	Ψ	24,291,614	σσσ,σσσ φ	2,425,102	21,866,512	2,470,922
Capital leases		25,588		14.836	10,752	10,752
Compensated absences		457,183	689,875	644.961	502.097	150,629
Net pension liability		2,063,122	000,070	1,111,528	951,594	100,020
Net OPEB liability		6,885,769		7,065	6,878,704	
Hot of LB hability	_	3,030,700		7,000	3,370,704	
Business-Type Activities						
Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	34,884,030 \$	1,189,875 \$	4,857,614 \$	31,216,291 \$	2,819,425

For governmental activities, claims and judgments, compensated absences, landfill closure and postclosure costs, risk management, net pension and OPEB liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Town for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable properties located within the Town. The Town is liable for all outstanding bonds. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description		Balance Outstanding June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities:		
School bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.125% and varying expiration dates ranging from July 2024 to January 2041	\$	101,708,249
General obligation pension bonds with interest rates ranging from 0.5% to 5.037% and varying expiration dates from August 2020 to August 2038		122,875,000
General obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.125% and expiration dates from July 2024 to January 2041		68,409,334
Total Governmental Activities	\$	292,992,583
Business-Type Activities:		
EMS Bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.125% and varying expiration dates ranging from August 2021 to January 2026	\$	728,000
WPCA Bonds with interest rates ranging from 1.0% to 5.0% and an expiration date of June 2030	-	278,632
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	1,006,632

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	20,757,865	\$	11,596,111	\$ 32,353,976	
2023		21,030,239		10,641,754	31,671,993	
2024		21,159,239		9,757,631	30,916,870	
2025		19,465,239		8,979,160	28,444,399	
2026		19,395,239		8,347,062	27,742,301	
2027-2031		84,024,762		34,054,267	118,079,029	
2032-2036		71,430,000		18,114,815	89,544,815	
2037-2041		35,730,000		3,039,100	38,769,100	
			-			
Total	\$_	292,992,583	\$	104,529,900	\$ 397,522,483	

Business-type Activities:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	_	Principal		Interest	Total		
2022	\$	187,122	\$	19,170	\$	206,292	
2023		125,122		13,749		138,871	
2024		261,122		10,487		271,609	
2025		165,122		7,696		172,818	
2026		140,122		5,477		145,599	
2027-2030	_	128,022	_	9,760		137,782	
Total	\$_	1,006,632	\$_	66,339	\$	1,072,971	

Bonds Authorized but Unissued

The total of authorized but unissued bonds at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

General Purpose	\$ 27,043,924
School	18,124,286
Sewers	1,527,141
Total	\$ 46,695,351

Waste Operating Fund Notes Payable

Clean Water Fund Notes

The State of Connecticut under the Clean Water Fund Program issued these project loan obligations. The loan proceeds financed the Water Pollution Control Facility. The obligation will be paid from future user fees.

Project loan obligations payable to the State of Connecticut mature as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	_	Principal	Interest		_	Total
2022	\$	2,470,922	\$	414,823	\$	2,885,745
2023		2,520,526		364,949		2,885,475
2024		2,568,977		314,069		2,883,046
2025		2,623,588		262,161		2,885,749
2026		2,676,540		209,196		2,885,736
2027-2030	_	9,005,959	_	309,254	_	9,315,213
Total	\$	21,866,512	\$	1,874,452	\$	23,740,964

Debt Limitation

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	 Debt Limit	 Net Indebtedness	 Balance
General Purpose	\$ 417,789,542	\$ 101,425,258	\$ 316,364,284
Schools	835,579,085	127,315,208	708,263,877
Sewer and Water	696,315,904	23,672,285	672,643,619
Urban Renewal	603,473,783	-	603,473,783
Unfunded Pension Benefit Obligation	557,052,723	122,875,000	434,177,723

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town does not exceed the legal debt limitation that is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$1.3 billion).

Bond Anticipation Notes Payable

Bond anticipation notes outstanding at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	 Amount
Notes payable, July 1, 2020 Notes Issued Notes retired	\$ 5,444,000 13,845,000 (5,444,000)
Notes Payable, June 30, 2021	\$ 13,845,000

During the year, the Town issued \$13,845,000 in notes dated December 8, 2020, which matured on December 16, 2021. The notes carried an interest rate of 2%. These notes serve as temporary financing for various public improvements and school projects.

Capital Leases

The Town has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of building improvements. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	-	Governmental Activities	-	Business-Type Activities
Building and improvements Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	1,334,379 1,877,747 (2,288,922)	\$	104,051 187,381 (205,609)
Net Book Value	\$	923,204	\$	85,823

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30	. <u>-</u>	Governmental Activities	 -	Business-Type Activities
2022	\$	171,246	\$	10,854
Total minimum lease payments	-	171,246	_	10,854
Less amount representing interest	_	(1,620)	_	(102)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	169,626	\$_	10,752

Landfill Post-Closure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require that the Town place a final cover on its closed landfill and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and postclosure care, aggregating approximately \$7.8 million, is based on the amount estimated to be paid for all equipment, facilities and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfills as of June 30, 2021. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations. Costs will be funded through the issuance of general obligation bonds and state and federal grants. The Town is currently in discussions with the Department of Environmental Protection to develop and implement a superfund site plan, which needs to occur prior to the capping process. Therefore, there is no current portion of the liability reflected in the financial statements. Once an agreement is established the current portion will be reported.

8. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

		General Fund		Capital Projects	G	Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds		Total
Fund balances:	-	runu		Projects	_	ruiius		1 Otal
Nonspendable:								
Inventory and prepaids	\$	105,832	\$		\$	62,910	\$	168,742
Nonexpendable trusts	Ψ	100,002	Ψ		Ψ	3,109,114	Ψ	3,109,114
Advances to other funds		1,063,061				0,100,114		1,063,061
Restricted for:		1,000,001						1,000,001
Debt service						25,236		25,236
Education						251,322		251,322
Human development						77,025		77,025
Physical development						884,959		884,959
Committed to:						,		,
General Government						297,349		297,349
Education						530,380		530,380
Human development						461,272		461,272
Physical development						870,087		870,087
Public safety						907,701		907,701
Student activities						349,381		349,381
Capital projects				36,617,630				36,617,630
Assigned to:								
Education encumbrances		502,946						502,946
Unassigned	_	10,231,519		(44,043,947)	_	(1,224,360)		(35,036,788)
Total Fund Balances	\$	11,903,358	\$	(7,426,317)	\$ <u></u>	6,602,376	\$	11,079,417

Encumbrances of approximately \$503,000, \$1,128,000 and \$123,000 at June 30, 2021 are contained in the above table in the assigned category of the General Fund, the committed category of the Capital Projects Fund and the restricted and committed categories of the Nonmajor Governmental funds, respectively.

9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan

B. Plan Description

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its employees. The PERS is considered to be a part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as the Defined Benefit Pension Trust Fund. Stand-alone plan reports are not available.

As of July 1, 2020, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, membership consisted of the following:

Actives	179
Terminated vested and other inactives	14
Retirees and beneficiaries	655
Total	848

The Town covers all full-time salaried Town employees, noncertified employees of the Board of Education and all full-time uniformed and investigative employees classified as Police Officers and Firefighters. The Town provides all retirement, death and disability benefits through a single employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Under the plan, all employees are eligible to join after their probationary period.

C. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs are funded with investment earnings of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized when earned and gains and losses on sales or exchanges of investments are recognized on the transaction date. Unrealized gains and losses due to appreciation and depreciation of Plan assets are also recognized at fiscal year-end.

D. Funding Policy

The PERS is a contributory defined benefit plan. Participants in the State Teachers' Retirement System and officials elected by popular vote are excluded. Employees hired after age 45 are also excluded, but included in a separate defined contribution plan. Also, police and firefighters are included in a separate defined contribution annuity plan as well as the defined benefit plan.

Under the Town's defined benefit plan, all employees hired and working 20 hours or more per week are eligible. Employees are 100% vested after 10 years of service. The retirement benefit is calculated at 2.4% of average compensation during the 24 months immediately prior to retirement multiplied by up to 25 years of service. The calculation for service over 25 years varies by union contract. Employees are required to contribute 8% of their salaries to the defined benefit plan except for Police hired after October 17, 1996 who contribute 7%. If an employee leaves covered employment or dies before 10 years of service, accumulated employee contributions and related investment earnings are refunded. The Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the coverage for its employees. Benefits and contributions are established by the Town and may be amended only by the Town Council and Union negotiations.

E. Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy, in regard to the allocation of invested assets, is established and may be amended by the Pension Board. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension plan. The following was the adopted allocation policy as of June 30, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed. Best estimates of the real rates of return for each major asset class are included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, and are also summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Core Fixed Income	30.0%	1.28%
U.S. Large Caps	22.5%	3.33%
U.S. MidCap Growth	10.0%	3.96%
U.S. MidCap Value	10.0%	3.47%
Non-U.S. Equity	10.0%	4.84%
Private Real Estate Property	15.0%	3.13%
Timber	2.5%	3.23%
	100%	

Concentrations

The following investments have a fair value of more than 5% of the Town's PERS.

DD Duggell 2500 Index	420/
BR Russell 2500 Index	13%
SSGA S&P 500 R Flagship NL Fund	29%
Ernest Partners International	12%
Prime Property Fund LLC	7%
U.S. Real Estate Inv Fund LLC	6%
Pimco Total Retirement Fund	17%
Vanguard Mid-Cap Index Fund	12%

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 28.22%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

The Town offers a DROP to bargaining unit members employed on or after July 1, 2001. Any bargaining unit member who is a member of the Retirement Plan for full-time employees of the Police Department of the Town upon completing his/her 25th year of service may elect the DROP at any time up to and through the completion of his/her 29th year of service. No bargaining unit member may elect the DROP after the completion of his/her 29th year of service. Upon the election of the DROP, no further pension benefits will accrue. During the DROP period, the employee's monthly pension benefits will be made to the employee's separately designated DROP account equal to 96% of the pension payment the employee was entitled to receive had that employee not elected the DROP. Upon separation from Town service, the monthly pension benefit shall increase to 100% of the monthly pension payment. During the DROP period, the employee will continue to make employee contributions equivalent to the amounts in effect at the time the DROP was elected, and these contributions will be made to the Town's Pension Fund, not the member's separate DROP account. The DROP period has a minimum length of one year and a maximum of five years. At June 30, 2021, there are three participants. The account balance is \$607,526 at June 30, 2021.

Net Pension Liability of the Town

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$	334,208,067
Plan fiduciary net position		301,760,734
	_	
Net Pension Liability	\$	32,447,333
	_	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total pension liability		90.29%

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.75% for Police and Fire, rates that vary by age for all others

Investment rate of return 6.75%

Pension plan mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality (Public Safety variant for Police, Fire and Public Works employees and General variant for all others) with generational projection per MP 2019.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	In	crease (Decrease)	
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of July 1, 2020 \$	316,495,066 \$	248,414,592 \$	68,080,474
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	2,817,656		2,817,656
Interest on total pension liability	20,787,809		20,787,809
Differences between expected and actual experience	19,192,638		19,192,638
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(2,018,096)		(2,018,096)
Employer contributions		6,610,201	(6,610,201)
Member contributions		1,320,364	(1,320,364)
Net investment income		68,688,547	(68,688,547)
Benefit payments, including refund of employee contributions	(23,067,006)	(23,067,006)	
Administrative expenses		(205,964)	205,964
Net changes	17,713,001	53,346,142	(35,633,141)
Balances as of June 30, 2021 \$	334,208,067 \$	301,760,734 \$	32,447,333

H. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current			
	_	1% Decrease (5.75%)	_	Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	68,815,827	\$	32,447,333 \$	1,760,760

I. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$2,912,884. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	9,596,319	\$	1,009,048
actual earnings on pension plan investments	_		-	36,221,515
Total	\$_	9,596,319	\$	37,230,563

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2022	\$	(679,378)
2023		(8,080,147)
2024		(8,387,258)
2025	_	(10,487,461)
Total	\$	(27,634,244)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System - Pension

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

B. Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

C. Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$15,919,928 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

I own's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
associated with the Town		248,199,613
Total	\$_	248,199,613

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2021, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$35,553,417 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00%-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 an above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019.

Cost-of-Living Allowance

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The current capital market assumptions and the target allocation as provided by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Expected Return		Target Allocation	_
Domestic Equity Fund	5.60	%	20.00	%
Developed Market Intl. Stock Fund	6.00		11.00	
Emerging Market Intl. Stock Fund	7.90		9.00	
Core Fixed Income Fund	2.10		16.00	
Inflation Linked Bond Fund	1.10		5.00	
Emerging Market Debt Fund	2.70		5.00	
High Yield Bond Fund	4.00		6.00	
Real Estate Fund	4.50		10.00	
Private Equity	7.30		10.00	
Alternative Investments	2.90		7.00	
Liquidity Fund	0.40	-	1.00	-
Total		-	100.00	_%

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

H. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Town administers a defined contribution pension plan that was opened to new members and contributions beginning in 1999. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on the amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are vested after five years of service with the Town and contribute between 6-8% annually, depending on the union. Plan investments are reported at fair value. Benefits and contributions are established by the Town and may be amended by the Town Council and union negotiations. The Town's contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was \$1,570,832.

10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

A. Plan Description

The Town, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, provides retiree medical benefits for the lifetime of the retired member and covered dependents. The single-employer plan covers Town, Board of Education, Police and Fire employees as further defined in collective bargaining agreements and other written materials. Eligibility and premium sharing information is detailed in the various collective bargaining agreements. The Town does not issue separate stand-alone financial statements for the plan. At July 1, 2020, plan membership consisted of the following:

Active members	1,215
Retired members	927
Beneficiaries	75
Spouses of retired members	305
•	
Total Participants	2,522

B. Funding Policy

The Town has established an OPEB Trust Fund and makes contributions to the fund from various other fund types. This trust fund was opened for the purpose of segregating balances for post-employment benefits. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

Town Hall

Generally, retirees and their dependents are covered after 23 years of continuous service by the retiree and, if hired after July 1, 1977, age 50, or 5 years of service and age 55.

Medical Benefits:

Retire prior to July 1, 1986 - Town pays 100% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Retire after July 1, 1986 and prior to signing of 1987-1990 collective bargaining agreement - Town pays 75% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Retire after signing of 1987-1990 collective bargaining agreement - Town pays 100% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Life Insurance:

Retire before September 1, 1999 - \$5,000 until age 65.

Retire after September 1, 1999 - \$25,000 until age 70, \$5,000 thereafter.

Police

Generally, retirees and their dependents are covered after 25 years of service.

Medical Benefits:

Town pays 100% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Life Insurance:

\$5,000 until age 65.

Firefighters

Generally, retirees and their dependents are covered after 25 years of service.

Medical Benefits:

Retire prior to July 1, 1987 - Benevolent Society pays 100% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Retire after July 1, 1987 and prior to July 1, 1989 - Town pays 50% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Retire on or after July 1, 1989 - Town pays 100% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Public Works

Generally, retirees and their dependents are covered after 23 years of continuous service by retiree and, if hired after July 1, 1985, age 50, or 5 years of service and age 55.

Medical Benefits:

Retire prior to July 1, 1985 - Town pays 50% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Retire after July 1, 1985 and prior to July 1, 1986 - Town pays 100% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Retire after July 1, 1986 and prior to July 1, 1987 - Town pays 75% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Retire on or after July 1, 1987 - Town pays 100% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Life Insurance:

\$5,000 until age 65.

Supervisors

Generally, retirees and their dependents are covered after 23 years of continuous service by retiree and, if hired after April 1, 1985, age 50, or 5 years of service and age 55.

Medical Benefits:

Retire prior to July 2, 1985 - Town pays 50% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Retire after July 2, 1985 and prior to March 31, 1986 - Town pays 100% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Retire after April 1, 1986 and prior to September 4, 1987 - Town pays 75% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Retire on or after September 4, 1987 - Town pays 100% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Life Insurance:

Retire after August 2, 1985, \$5,000 until age 65.

BOE Custodians

Generally, retirees and their dependents are covered after 23 years of continuous service by retiree and, if hired after April 1, 1985, age 50, or 5 years of service and age 55.

Medical and Dental Benefits:

Board pays 100% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Life Insurance:

\$15,000.

BOE Nurses

Generally, retirees and their dependents are covered after 23 years of continuous service by retiree and, if hired after July 1, 1977, age 50, or 5 years of service and age 55.

Medical and Dental Benefits:

Board pays 50% of the cost for the retiree only.

BOE Administrators

Generally, an administrator retiring under the Connecticut State Teachers Retirement System shall be eligible to receive health benefits for self and spouse.

Normal retirement for administrators is the earliest of age 60 with 20 years of service, or completion of 35 years of service regardless of age. Early retirement is the earliest of age 60 with 10 years of service, any age with 25 years of service, or age 55 with 20 years of service.

Medical and Dental Benefits:

Board pays 50% of the cost for the retiree only.

BOE Paraprofessional/Cafeteria Workers

Generally, retirees and their dependents are covered after 23 years of continuous service by retiree and, if hired after April 1, 1985, age 50, or 5 years of service and age 55.

Medical and Dental Benefits:

Board pays 100% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Life Insurance:

\$7,000

BOE Secretaries

Generally, retirees and their dependents are covered after 23 years of continuous service by retiree and, if hired after April 1, 1985, age 50, or 5 years of service and age 55.

Medical and Dental Benefits:

Board pays 100% of the cost for the retiree and 50% of the cost for the dependents.

Life Insurance:

\$15,000.

BOE Teachers

Generally, a teacher retiring under the Connecticut State Teachers Retirement System shall be eligible to receive benefits for self and spouse at the earliest age of 60 with 20 years of service, or completion of 35 years of service regardless of age. Early retirement is the earliest of age 60 with 10 years of service, any age with 25 years of service, or age 55 with 20 years of service.

Medical and Dental Benefits:

Board pays 50% of the cost for the retirees only.

C. Investments

Investment Policy

The OPEB Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the OPEB plan.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 38.18%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

D. Net OPEB Liability of the Town

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 288,762,665 8,249,690
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 280,512,975
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	2.86%

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Discount rate	2.16%
Healthcare cost trend rates	Varies by Medical plan, group,
	and age

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per the MP-2019 Ultimate scale, with employee rates before benefit commencement and healthy annuitant rates after benefit commencement. The Public Safety variant was used for the Police and Fire groups, the General variant was used for all other groups.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable and input from the plan sponsor. A full actuarial experience study has not been completed.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Core Fixed Income	30%	1.36%
U.S. Large Caps	20%	4.55%
U.S. Midcap Growth	10%	5.66%
U.S. Midcap Value	10%	5.11%
Non-U.S. Equity	10%	6.50%
Private Real Estate Property	15%	3.85%
Timber	5%	4.06%
	100%	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.16%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

G. Changes in OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)		
Balances as of July 1, 2020 \$	325,187,048 \$	5,923,076 \$	319,263,972		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	9,011,584		9,011,584		
Interest on total OPEB liability	7,280,022		7,280,022		
Effect of plan changes	(4,728,917)		(4,728,917)		
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(67,527,196)		(67,527,196)		
Effect of assumptions/changes or inputs	29,164,487		29,164,487		
Employer contributions		9,674,363	(9,674,363)		
Net investment income		2,279,804	(2,279,804)		
Benefit payments, including refund of employee contributions	(9,624,363)	(9,624,363)	-		
Administrative expenses		(3,190)	3,190		
Net changes	(36,424,383)	2,326,614	(38,750,997)		
Balances as of June 30, 2021 \$	288,762,665 \$	8,249,690 \$	280,512,975		

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower, or 1 percentage point higher, than the current discount rate:

			Current		
	_	1% Decrease (1.16%)	Discount Rate (2.16%)	_	1% Increase (3.16%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	329,554,699	\$ 280,512,975	\$	241,808,482

I. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Current			
_	1% Decrease	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates			1% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability \$	235,859,969	\$	280,512,975	\$	338,615,970	

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$6,396,679. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	46,253,077	\$	63,135,921 1,699,315
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	_		_	1,928,083
Total	\$_	46,253,077	\$_	66,763,319

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 Thereafter	\$ 3,828,204 2,049,853 2,000,070 5,207,071 6,187,533 1,237,511
Total	\$ 20,510,242

Other Post Employment Benefit - Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at State Schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

B. Benefit Provisions

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans. Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

Survivor Health Care Coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

C. Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

Credited Service

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, State employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

Normal Retirement

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable Retirement

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

Disability Retirement

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

Termination of Employment

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

D. Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$384,203 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees/Retirees

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers pay for one-third of the Plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one-third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

E. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated	
with the Town	37,018,981
Total	\$ 37,018,981

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2021, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$1,709,996 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Health care costs trend rate	
	5.125% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate
	Rate of 4.50% by 2023
Salary increases	3.00-6.50%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	2.21%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Year fund net position will	•
be depleted	2021

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.42%).

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.21%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%; employee contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and that contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members. Annual State contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent five-year average of State contributions to the fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2021 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination.

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

I. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan. Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

11. PENSION AND OPEB TRUST FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES

Combining Schedule of Net Position - Trust Funds

		Pension Trust	OPEB Trust		
	_	Fund	 Fund		Total
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,116,698	\$ 55,578	\$	3,172,276
Investments:		00.700.004	0.000.540		0.4.000 500
Mutual funds		86,728,081	8,202,512		94,930,593
Pooled, common and collective trusts		125,566,666			125,566,666
Real estate investment funds		51,340,763			51,340,763
Equity hedge funds		35,008,527			35,008,527
1 7 3	-	, ,		•	
Total assets	_	301,760,735	 8,258,090		310,018,825
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	_		 8,400		8,400
Total liabilities		_	8,400		8,400
. 3 3	-		3, 100	-	3,133
Net Position:					
Restricted for Pension and OPEB Benefits	\$_	301,760,735	\$ 8,249,690	\$	310,010,425

Combining Schedule of Changes in Net Position - Trust Funds

		Pension Trust Fund		OPEB Trust Fund	Total
Additions:	_		-		
Contributions:					
Plan members	\$	1,320,364	\$		\$ 1,320,364
Employer		6,610,201		9,674,363	16,284,564
Total contributions	_	7,930,565		9,674,363	17,604,928
Investment income:					
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		68,932,522		2,279,804	71,212,326
Total investment income	_	68,932,522	-	2,279,804	71,212,326
Investment fees		(359,938)			(359,938)
Net investment income	_	68,572,584		2,279,804	70,852,388
Total additions	-	76,503,149	-	11,954,167	 88,457,316
Deductions:					
Benefits		23,067,006		9,624,363	32,691,369
Other		90,000		3,190	93,190
Total deductions	_	23,157,006		9,627,553	32,784,559
Net Increase (Decrease)		53,346,143		2,326,614	55,672,757
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	248,414,592	-	5,923,076	 254,337,668
Net Position - End of Year	\$_	301,760,735	\$	8,249,690	\$ 310,010,425

12. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town purchases commercial property, boiler, and machinery insurance for losses in excess of \$50,000 to the Town's real estate, third party liability insurance up to \$10,000,000 for claims above a \$1,000,000 self-insured retention. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the three years ended June 30, 2021.

The Town is self-insured for medical, dental, workers' compensation and heart and hypertension. The Town has opted to manage certain of its risks internally and has set aside assets for claim settlement in its Internal Service Fund. The Internal Service Fund services employee health and workers' compensation claims for risk of loss. Under the program, the Town is obligated for claim payments. The Town has purchased a stop loss policy for individual claims exceeding \$500,000 for hospital and major medical. All departments of the Town participate in the program and make payments to the Internal Service Fund based on estimates of the amount needed to provide for normal occurrence of claims.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that has been incurred but not reported (IBNR). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount, as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs) and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example for salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. The entire liability is considered to be a current liability because the Town has determined through past experience that materially all of the claims outstanding at year end are liquidated within the subsequent fiscal year. Changes in the claims liability for the past two years are as follows:

Health Benefit Fund:

Fiscal Year	Claims Payable Fiscal Year July 1,		_	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Payment of Claims	_	Claims Payable June 30,	
2020 2021	\$	746,000 595,000	\$	3,764,217 4,532,928	\$ 3,915,217 4,444,928	\$	595,000 683,000	

Workers Compensation Fund:

Fiscal Year	Claims Payable al Year July 1,		_	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Payment of Claims	Claims Payable June 30,	
2020 2021	\$	12,937,458 12,983,355	\$	3,694,714 2,534,926	\$	3,648,817 2,522,246	\$ 12,983,355 12,996,035

B. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Lawsuits

There are several personal injury, negligence and personnel related lawsuits pending against the Town. The outcome and eventual liability of the Town, if any, in these cases is not known at this time. Based upon consultation with legal counsel, the Town's management estimates that potential claims against the Town not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial position of the Town. The Town has recorded in the government-wide financial statements \$1,00,000 to cover claims not covered by insurance. At this time, the Town has determined that none of the claims outstanding are due within the next 12 months.

Municipal Solid Waste Service Agreement

The Town has entered into a Greater Bridgeport Regional Solid Waste Interlocal Agreement which creates the Greater Bridgeport Regional Solid Waste Committee (Operating Committee) as a public body comprised of various southwest Connecticut municipalities for the purpose of, and with the authority to, contract with a solid waste facility for the disposal of municipal solid waste. Wheelabrator agreed to contract terms of \$61.22 per ton for a term of up to 20 years with a \$1.00 per ton decrease for each new 25,000 tons the Operating Committee attracts and an annual Consumer Price Index escalator at 75% of the change, subject to an executable contract and Wheelabrator Board approvals.

Federal and State Assistance Programs - Compliance Audits

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

13. GASB 84 - RESTATEMENT

The Town previously reported the activities of the Student Activity Fund, Senior Taxpayer' Escrow Fund, Planning & Zoning Performance Bonds, Inland/Wetland Performance Bonds and the Teacher's Retiree Fund as fiduciary funds. As a result of implementation of GASB No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, as of July 1, 2020, the Town made the following reporting changes: The activities of the Senior Taxpayer' Escrow Fund, Planning & Zoning Performance Bonds, and Inland/Wetland Performance Bonds are reported with the general fund activities, the Student Activity Fund is reported as a special revenue fund, and the Teacher's Retiree Fund is reported as a custodial fund. Accordingly, the Town increased the beginning assets and liabilities of the General Fund by \$624,751, and thus no effect to the beginning fund balance. The Town created a new special revenue fund for the Student Activity Fund, thus increasing assets and fund balance of \$315,459. The Town created a new custodial fund for the Teacher's Retiree Fund with a beginning net position by \$207,114. Accordingly, the Town restated beginning balances of the assets, liabilities, fund balance and net position as follows:

Governmental Funds:		Governmental Activities Net Position	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Fund Balance
Balance as previously reported June 30, 2020	\$	(390,752,540) \$	9,218,155
Adjustment: Student Activity Fund now reported as a Special Revenue Fund	,	315,459	315,459
Balance as restated July 1, 2020	\$	(390,437,081) \$	9,533,614

Fiduciary Funds:	_	Agency Funds	Custodial Fund
Balance as previously reported June 30, 2020	\$	1,147,324 \$	-
Adjustments: Student Activity Fund now reported as a Special Revenue Fund Senior Taxpayer Escrow Fund now reported in the General Fund Planning & Zoning Performance Bonds now reported in the General Fund Inland Wetland Performance Bonds now reported in the General Fund Teachers' Retiree Fund now reported as a Custodial Fund	_	(315,459) (10,706) (117,931) (496,114) (207,114)	207,114
Balance as restated July 1, 2020	\$_	\$	207,114

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On December 16, 2021, the Town issued \$12,245,000 of General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes that have an interest rate of 1%. The notes were due March 15, 2022 but were extended through May 17, 2022.

Required Supplementary Information

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Budgete	ed A	mounts				Variance
	_	Original		Final	,	Actual	,	Positive (Negative)
Property taxes:								
Current levy	\$	185,054,696	\$	185,054,696	\$	184,383,977	\$	(670,719)
Arrears		5,446,500		5,446,500		5,520,657		74,157
Interest and lien fees		551,500		551,500		626,275		74,775
Suspense Taxes						195,995		195,995
Tax refunds and adjustments						(300)		(300)
Payments in lieu of taxes		213,514		213,514		198,950		(14,564)
Total property taxes	_	191,266,210		191,266,210		190,925,554	•	(340,656)
Intergovernmental revenues: State:								
Education equalization grant		24,116,337		24,116,337		24,345,693		229,356
Special education		2,500,000		2,500,000		2,678,711		178,711
Veterans' additional relief		115,000		115,000		100,933		(14,067)
In lieu of State property tax		200,000		200,000		213,514		13,514
State disability exemption		8,000		8,000		6,992		(1,008)
State Health CGS 10-217A		70,000		70,000		76,590		6,590
State telecom personal property		100,000		100,000		94,711		(5,289)
Municipal Grants-in-Aid		4,682,925		4,682,925		4,682,925		-
Airplane registration		55,000		55,000		46,460		(8,540)
Mashantucket grant	_	30,567		30,567		30,567		
Total state	_	31,877,829		31,877,829		32,277,096	,	399,267
Federal:								
Civil preparedness		19,200		19,200		-		(19,200)
Payments in Lieu - Federal		1,500		1,500		1,335		(165)
Total federal		20,700		20,700	,	1,335	•	(19,365)
Total intergovernmental revenues	_	31,898,529		31,898,529	•	32,278,431	·	379,902

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Budgete	ed A	mounts			Variance Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	(Negative)
Departmental revenues:							
Education	\$	88,500	\$	88,500	\$	39,456	\$ (49,044)
Economic Development		-		-		24,700	24,700
Finance		200,000		200,000		231,731	31,731
Fire Department		45,000		45,000		48,647	3,647
Health Department		110,250		110,250		96,269	(13,981)
Conservation		16,000		16,000		9,234	(6,766)
Planning and Zoning		115,000		115,000		116,505	1,505
Police Department		203,000		203,000		124,875	(78,125)
Public Works		575,250		575,250		332,381	(242,869)
Recreation Department		47,500		47,500		326	(47,174)
Sanitation		265,000		265,000		366,188	101,188
Senior services		7,000		7,000		-	(7,000)
Town Attorney		-		-		44,245	44,245
Town Clerk		1,132,750		1,132,750		1,797,289	664,539
Total departmental revenues		2,805,250		2,805,250	_	3,231,846	426,596
Licenses and permits:							
Building permits		750,000		750,000		881,798	131,798
Boothe Memorial Park permits		38,000		38,000		21,328	(16,672)
Street and sewer permits		23,000		23,000		27,921	4,921
Beach stickers/concessions		145,000		145,000		72,657	(72,343)
Total licenses and permits	_	956,000		956,000	_	1,003,704	47,704
Investment income	_	940,000		940,000	_	22,419	(917,581)
Other: Miscellaneous rental:							
Cell tower rentals		165,000		165,000		164,753	(247)
Baldwin rental		4,000		4,000		101,100	(4,000)
Community services rental		7,000		7,000		41,250	41,250

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		mounts				Variance			
Original	•	Final		Actual	-	Positive (Negative)			
	\$		\$	1,024	\$	1,024			
659,000		659,000		1,049,297		390,297			
95,000		95,000		100,786	_	5,786			
923,000		923,000		1,357,110	-	434,110			
228,788,989		228,788,989		228,819,064		30,075			
	i i			4,430,242	-	4,430,242			
228,788,989	\$	228,788,989		233,249,306	\$	4,460,317			
			ıt St	ate					
	_		Stat	15,919,928					
		_	Ota						
	J			•					
				5,877,594					
ent No. 54				23,802					
Revenues consolidated for GASB Statement No. 54 Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Exhibit IV									
	659,000 95,000 923,000 228,788,989 Prevenues becare tributions related teachers is not be tributions related teachers is not be tributions. The tributions related teachers is not be tributions.	659,000 95,000 923,000 228,788,989 2 revenues because: ontributions related to the deachers is not budged the deachers is not bu	\$ 659,000 95,000 95,000 923,000 923,000 923,000 923,000 \$ 228,788,989 \$	\$ 659,000 659,000 95,000 923,000 923,000 923,000 923,000 228,788,989 228,788,989 Prevenues because: Intributions related to the Connecticut State achers is not budgeted tributions related to the Connecticut State achers is not budgeted tributions related to the Connecticut State achers is not budgeted tributions related to the Connecticut State achers is not budgeted tributions related to the Connecticut State achers is not budgeted the connecticut State achers is not budgeted as a Reported on the Statement of	\$ 1,024 659,000 659,000 1,049,297 95,000 95,000 100,786 923,000 923,000 1,357,110 228,788,989 228,788,989 228,819,064 4,430,242 228,788,989 \$ 228,788,989 233,249,306 2 revenues because: ontributions related to the Connecticut State teachers is not budgeted 15,919,928 tributions related to the Connecticut State teachers is not budgeted 384,203 92,104,976 5,877,594 ent No. 54 23,802	\$ 1,024 \$ 659,000 659,000 1,049,297 95,000 95,000 100,786 923,000 923,000 1,357,110 228,788,989 228,788,989 228,819,064 \$ 228,788,989 \$ 228,788,989 233,249,306 \$ 2 revenues because: Sometime to the Connecticut State reachers is not budgeted 15,919,928 tributions related to the Connecticut State reachers is not budgeted 384,203 92,104,976 5,877,594 ent No. 54 23,802 res as Reported on the Statement of Fund Balances - Governmental			

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgete	d Aı	mounts				Variance
		Original	-	Final	_	Actual	-	Positive (Negative)
Administration:								
Council Clerk	\$	87,285	\$	87,285	\$	73,441	\$	13,844
Office of the Mayor		295,297		295,297		281,939		13,358
Human resources		436,945		436,945		456,630		(19,685)
Town Attorney		1,850,470		1,850,470		1,505,560		344,910
Chief Administrative Officer		363,894		363,894		322,917		40,977
Department of Planning		405,480		405,480		377,686		27,794
Registrar of Voters		286,657		286,657		290,438		(3,781)
Town Clerk		405,623		405,623		403,026		2,597
Town buildings		1,348,750		1,348,750		1,230,598		118,152
Agencies		205,315		205,315		145,352		59,963
Information Technology	_	544,351	_	544,351	_	507,921	_	36,430
Total	_	6,230,067	. –	6,230,067	_	5,595,508	-	634,559
Contingency	_	4,001,291	_	4,001,291	_	3,814,847	_	186,444
Employee benefits		33,739,142	_	33,739,142	_	32,168,243	_	1,570,899
Finance:								
Administration		193,215		193,215		196,456		(3,241)
Accounting		593,559		593,559		473,669		119,890
Purchasing		243,115		243,115		178,646		64,469
Tax Assessor		527,109		527,109		485,060		42,049
Tax Collector		557,567	_	557,567	_	517,042		40,525
Total	_	2,114,565	_	2,114,565	_	1,850,873	-	263,692
Human development:								
Community services		514,851		514,851		502,353		12,498
Economic Community Development		264,161		264,161		250,396		13,765
Health Department		811,514		811,514		774,435		37,079
Recreation Department		766,065		766,065		686,358		79,707
Senior Services		550,121		550,121		434,744		115,377
Sterling House		171,950		171,950		171,950		-
Stratford Library Association		3,211,685		3,211,685		2,717,609		494,076
Visiting Nurses Association		53,500		53,500		53,500		-
Short Beach	_	-	_	-	_	5,538	_	(5,538)
Total	_	6,343,847	_	6,343,847	_	5,596,883	_	746,964

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Budgete	d An	nounts	_			Variance
	_	Original	_	Final		Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
Physical development:								
Public works:								
Administration	\$	648,004	\$	648,004	\$	787,731	\$	(139,727)
Building inspection		266,774		266,774		263,718		3,056
Building maintenance		2,288,235		2,288,235		2,128,589		159,646
Engineering		381,341		381,341		308,846		72,495
Parks		2,808,978		2,808,978		2,706,734		102,244
Highways		2,654,315		2,654,315		2,788,716		(134,401)
Town garage		890,871		890,871		775,658		115,213
Sanitation/refuse	_	4,843,045		4,843,045		5,234,650	_	(391,605)
Total	_	14,781,563	_	14,781,563	-	14,994,642	-	(213,079)
Public safety:								
Fire Department:								
Administration .		389,811		389,811		382,332		7,479
Fire suppression		12,618,116		12,618,116		13,549,733		(931,617)
Fire prevention		530,529		530,529		515,451		15,078
Communications center		1,321,785		1,321,785		1,230,404		91,381
Police Department:								
Administration		655,543		655,543		536,983		118,560
Investigation		2,141,187		2,141,187		2,210,627		(69,440)
Patrol		7,093,669		7,093,669		7,393,201		(299,532)
Traffic		627,643		627,643		597,975		29,668
Professional Standards		744,934		744,934		530,163		214,771
Police records		444,813		444,813		327,209		117,604
Total		26,568,030	_	26,568,030		27,274,078	-	(706,048)
Board of Education	_	117,539,695	. <u>–</u>	117,539,695		116,445,144	_	1,094,551
Debt service: Bonds payable:								
Principal and interest		20,845,789		20,845,789		19,938,863		906,926
Total		20,845,789	_	20,845,789	-	19,938,863	-	906,926
Total expenditures	_	232,163,989	_	232,163,989		227,679,081	_	4,484,908

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Other financing uses:				
Transfers out	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,487,020	\$ (287,020)
Total	\$ 233,363,989	\$ 233,363,989	229,166,101	\$ 4,197,888
Budgetary expenditures are different than GA State of Connecticut pension on-behalf con Teachers' Retirement System for Town to State of Connecticut OPEB on-behalf cont	15,919,928			
Teachers' Retirement System for Town to			384,203	
Encumbrances for purchases and commitment in the year the order is placed for budge	nents ordered but not	received are reporte	or	
financial reporting purposes.			(502,948))
Encumbrances for purchases and commitment that were received and liquidated in the commitment.		•		
statement reporting purposes.	ourient year are repor	ted for imanolar	102,859	
Encumbrances for purchases and commitment that were cancelled in the current year ar			S	
for budgetary purposes.			(225,840)	1
Bond issuance costs not budgeted			928,007	
Payment to bond escrow agent Expenditures consolidated for GASB State	ment No. 54		97,054,563 742,834	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in F Exhibit IV	s as Reported on the		\$ 343,569,707	-

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PENSION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS* (In Thousands)

	_	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total pension liability:									
Service cost	\$	3,739 \$	3,386 \$	3,338 \$	3,169 \$	3,143 \$	3,009 \$	3,003 \$	2,818
Interest	•	19,881	19,991	20,161	20,268	20,662	20,644	20,756	20,787
Effect of economic/demographic									
gains or losses		(462)	(1,301)	1,019	4,548	(1,327)	1,070	-	(2,018)
Effect of assumption changes or inputs									19,193
Benefit payments	_	(20,286)	(20,807)	(21,504)	(22,019)	(22,252)	(22,967)	(23,143)	(23,067)
Net change in total pension liability		2,872	1,269	3,014	5,966	226	1,756	616	17,713
Total pension liability - beginning		300,776	303,648	304,917	307,931	313,897	314,123	315,879	316,495
Total pension liability - ending	_	303,648	304,917	307,931	313,897	314,123	315,879	316,495	334,208
Plan fiduciary net position:									
Contributions - employer		162,209	5,221	5,393	5,385	5,644	5,400	5,349	6,610
Contributions - member		1.683	1.578	1.661	1.447	1.387	1.309	1.282	1.320
Net investment income (loss)		26,333	9,918	(1,004)	28,887	22,479	15,456	6,376	68,689
Benefit payments, including									
refunds of member contributions		(20,286)	(20,807)	(21,504)	(22,019)	(22,252)	(22,967)	(23,143)	(23,067)
Administrative expense		(239)	(400)	(264)	(295)	(305)	(326)	(276)	(206)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		169,700	(4,490)	(15,718)	13,405	6,953	(1,128)	(10,412)	53,346
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	90,105	259,805	255,315	239,597	253,002	259,955	258,827	248,415
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	259,805	255,315	239,597	253,002	259,955	258,827	248,415	301,761
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	43,843 \$	49,602 \$	68,334 \$	60,895 \$	54,168 \$	57,052 \$	68,080 \$	32,447
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage									
of the total pension liability		85.56%	83.73%	77.81%	80.60%	82.76%	81.94%	78.49%	90.29%
Covered payroll	\$	22,771 \$	22,237 \$	20,317 \$	19,912 \$	18,756 \$	18,713 \$	17,810 \$	16,509
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		192.54%	223.06%	336.34%	305.82%	288.80%	304.88%	382.26%	196.54%

^{*}Note - This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	8,521,128	\$ 10,264,676 \$	12,720,477 \$	5,185,559 \$	5,212,079 \$	5,470,701 \$	5,830,217 \$	6,088,400 \$	6,241,601 \$	6,610,201
determined contribution	_	8,493,774	9,778,500	162,209,000	5,220,969	5,393,200	5,385,385	5,643,634	5,399,899	5,348,880	6,610,201
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	27,354	\$ 486,176	(149,488,523) \$	(35,410) \$	(181,121) \$	85,316 \$	186,583 \$	688,501 \$	892,721 \$	
Covered payroll	\$	23,991,550	\$ 23,551,913 \$	22,770,569 \$	22,237,216 \$	20,317,247 \$	19,912,480 \$	18,755,885 \$	18,713,339 \$	17,809,917 \$	16,508,932
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		35.40%	41.52%	712.36%	23.48%	26.54%	27.05%	30.09%	28.86%	30.03%	40.04%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2020 Measurement date: June 30, 2021

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level Percent of Payroll, Closed

Remaining amortization period 23 years

Asset valuation method 5-year, Non-asymptotic, no corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.75% for Police and Fire; rates vary by age for all others

Investment rate of return 6.75

Retirement age Rates vary by length of service for Police and Fire; rates vary by age for all others

Mortality Pub-2010 Mortality (Public Safety variant for Police, Fire and Public Works employees and General variant for all others) with generational projection

per MP 2019 Ultimate Scale

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Annual money-weighted rate of return,								
net of investment expense	13.03%	3.91%	-0.40%	12.38%	9.11%	6.11%	2.53%	28.22%

^{*}Note - This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	-	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	-	127,624,060	138,076,507	179,093,051	169,755,214	170,634,027	221,298,534	248,199,613
Total	\$	127,624,060 \$	138,076,507 \$	179,093,051 \$	169,755,214 \$	170,634,027 \$	221,298,534 \$	248,199,613
Town's covered payroll	\$	47,921,000 \$	49,711,000 \$	51,654,000 \$	53,337,000 \$	53,913,000 \$	56,384,995 \$	58,257,295
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.51%	59.50%	52.26%	55.93%	57.69%	52.00%	49.24%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms None

Changes of assumptions

The Board adopted new assumptions as the result of an experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019:

- Decrease the annual rate of real wage increase assumption from 0.75% to 0.50%.

- Decrease payroll growth assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.

- Rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality, and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of pay, closed

Single equivalent amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increase 3.25%-6.50%, including inflation Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of investment related expense

Notes:

- This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OPEB

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

(In Thousands)

	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019		2020	_	2021
Total OPEB liability:										
Service cost	\$	10,903	\$	9,287	\$	9,059	\$	10,105 \$;	9,012
Interest		8,890		10,221		10,954		10,321		7,280
Effect of Plan Changes										(4,729)
Economic/demographic (gains) or losses						(13,465)				(67,527)
Changes of assumptions		(36,171)		(13,028)		13,360		24,641		29,164
Benefit payments		(8,447)		(8,427)		(8,968)		(9,259)		(9,624)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(24,825)		(1,947)		10,940		35,808		(36,424)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	305,210	_	280,385		278,438	_	289,378		325,186
Total OPEB liability - ending	_	280,385	_	278,438	_	289,378	_	325,186		288,762
Plan fiduciary net position:										
Contributions - employer		8,497		8,477		9,018		9,310		9,674
Net investment income		611		573		433		379		2,280
Benefit payments		(8,447)		(8,427)		(8,968)		(9,259)		(9,624)
Administrative expense		(2)		(43)		(11)		(2)		(3)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		659		580		472		428		2,327
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	3,784	_	4,443		5,023	_	5,495		5,923
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	4,443	_	5,023	_	5,495	_	5,923	_	8,250
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$_	275,942	\$_	273,415	\$_	283,884	\$_	319,264 \$;	280,513
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.58%		1.80%		1.90%		1.82%		2.86%
Covered payroll	\$	71,201	\$	71,201	\$	79,532	\$	79,532 \$;	103,885
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		387.55%		384.00%		356.94%		401.43%		270.02%

^{*}Note - This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2012		2013		2014		2015	 2016		2017	2018	2019	2020		2021
Actuarially determined contribution (1) Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	10,901,300	\$	11,643,400	\$	13,330,000	\$	20,482,200	\$ 19,699,700	\$	21,050,753 \$	20,679,264 \$	22,133,340 \$	23,177,582 \$	2	6,133,040
determined contribution	_	6,518,400		7,012,000		7,076,900	_	7,635,300	 8,139,200	. <u>-</u>	8,496,506	8,477,088	9,017,976	9,310,404		9,674,363
Contribution Deficiency	\$_	4,382,900	\$_	4,631,400	\$_	6,253,100	\$_	12,846,900	\$ 11,560,500	\$	12,554,247 \$	12,202,176 \$	13,115,364 \$	13,867,178	<u> </u>	6,458,677
Covered payroll	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$	71,200,894 \$	71,200,894 \$	79,531,950 \$	79,531,950 \$	10	3,884,532
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		11.93%	11.91%	11.34%	11.71%		9.31%

⁽¹⁾ Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2020 Measurement date: June 30, 2021

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Amortization period 17 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Healthcare cost trend rates Town pre-65 trend is 15.30%-4.00% over 53 years, Town post-65 trend is 3.20%-4.00% over 54 years. BOE pre-65 trend is 7.70%-4.00% over 54 years, BOE pre-65 trend is 7.70% over 54 years,

1.30%-4.00% over 54 years, and BOE Medicare Part B trend rate is 4.50%-4.10% over 31 years.

Salary increases 3.75% for Police and Fire, graded by age for teachers and administrators, graded by age for all others

Investment rate of return 2.21%

Retirement ages and rates vary

Mortality Teachers and Administrators: PubT-2010 Mortality Table for Employees and Healthy Annuitants (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 and above) with

generational projection of future improvements per the MP-2019 Ultimate scale. The PubT-2010 Contingent Survivor Table projected generationally per the MP-2019 Ultimate

scale and set forward 1 year for both males and females is used for survivors and beneficiaries.

All others: Pub-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per the MP-2019 Ultimate scale, with employee rates before benefit commencement and healthy annuitant rates

after benefit commencement. The Public Safety variant was used for the Police and Fire groups, the General variant was used for all other groups.

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OPEB LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	15.98%	12.83%	8.54%	6.84%	38.18%

^{*}Note - This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020	_	2021
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town	_	43,693,067	_	34,110,853	-	34,512,756	-	37,018,981
Total	\$_	43,693,067	\$_	34,110,853	\$	34,512,756	\$_	37,018,981
Town's covered payroll	\$	53,337,000	\$	53,913,000	\$	56,384,995	\$	58,257,295
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.79%		1.49%		2.08%		2.50%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms

None

Changes of assumptions

Based on the procedure described in GASB 75, the discount rate used to measure plan obligations for financial accounting purposes as of June 30, 2020 was updated to equal the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of June 30, 2020;

Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience;

Long-term health care cost trend rates were updated;

The percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan options were updated based on observed plan experience. Additionally, participants are no longer assumed to migrate from the Medicare Supplement Plan to the Medicare Advantage Plan after selecting an option; and,

The Board adopted new assumptions as the result of an experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. The changes in assumptions are summarized below:

- Decrease the annual rate of real wage increase assumption from 0.75% to 0.50%.
- Decrease payroll growth assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality, and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Amortization method Level percent of payroll over an open period

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method Fair value of assets

Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of investment related expense including price inflation

Price inflation 2.75%

Notes:

- This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date

APPENDIX B - FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL AND TAX MATTERS

May , 2023

Town of Stratford Stratford Town Hall 2725 Main Street Stratford, CT 06615

We have acted as Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance by the Town of Stratford, Connecticut (the "Town"), of its \$_____ General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes, Issue of 2023 (the "Notes") dated May ___, 2023. In such capacity, we have examined a record of proceedings of the Town authorizing the Notes, a Tax Compliance Certificate of the Town dated the date hereof (the "Agreement"), such law and such other proceedings, certifications, and documents as we have deemed necessary to render this opinion.

As to questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied upon the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

We are of the opinion that when the Notes are duly certified by U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, the Notes will be valid and legally binding general obligations of the Town payable as to both principal and interest from ad valorem taxes which may be levied on all taxable property subject to taxation by the Town without limitation as to rate or amount except as to classified property such as certified forest lands taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts pursuant to Connecticut statutes. We are further of the opinion that the Agreement is a valid and binding agreement of the Town and was duly authorized by the Town.

The rights of the holders of the Notes and the enforceability thereof may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally and by equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), establishes certain requirements that must be satisfied at and subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the Notes in order that interest on the Notes be excluded from gross income under Section 103 of the Code. In the Agreement, the Town has made covenants and representations designed to assure compliance with such requirements of the Code. The Town has covenanted in the Agreement that it will at all times comply with all requirements of the Code that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Notes to ensure that interest on the Notes shall not be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issuance of the Notes, including covenants regarding, among other matters, the use, expenditure and investment of the proceeds of the Notes.

In rendering the below opinions regarding the federal treatment of interest on the Notes, we have relied upon and assumed (i) the material accuracy of the representations, statements of intention and reasonable expectations, and certifications of fact contained in the Agreement, and (ii) continuing compliance by the Town with the covenants set forth in the Agreement as to such tax matters.

In our opinion, under existing statutes and court decisions, (i) interest on the Notes is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes; and (ii) such interest is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax; however, such interest is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income of certain corporations for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. We express no opinion regarding other federal income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on the Notes.

We are further of the opinion that, under existing statutes, interest on the Notes is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based for individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax. We express no opinion regarding other state income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on the Notes.

We have not been engaged nor have we undertaken to review the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of any offering material relating to the Notes and we express no opinion relating thereto.

The foregoing opinion is based upon existing laws, regulations, rules and court decisions. We undertake no responsibility to inform you of changes in law or fact occurring after the date hereof which may affect the conclusions herein. In addition, we have not undertaken to advise in the future whether any events after the date of issuance of the Notes, including the adoption of federal tax legislation, may affect the tax status of interest on the Notes.

Respectfully,

PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC

Tax Matters

Federal Taxes. In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law, (i) interest on the Notes is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, and (ii) such interest is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax; however, such interest is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income of certain corporations for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022.

Bond Counsel's opinion with respect to the Notes will be rendered in reliance upon and assuming the accuracy of and continuing compliance by the Town with its representations and covenants relating to certain requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Code and regulations promulgated thereunder establish certain requirements which must be satisfied at and subsequent to the issuance of the Notes in order that interest on the Notes be and remain excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements may cause interest on the Notes to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Notes irrespective of the date on which such noncompliance occurs. In the Tax Compliance Certificate, which will be delivered concurrently with the issuance of the Notes, the Town will covenant to comply with certain provisions of the Code and will make certain representations designed to assure compliance with such requirements of the Code including, but not limited to, investment restrictions, periodic payments of arbitrage profits to the United States, requirements regarding the proper use of the Note proceeds and certain other matters. The opinion of Bond Counsel delivered on the date of issuance of the Notes is conditioned upon compliance by the Town with such requirements.

No other opinion is expressed by Bond Counsel regarding the federal tax consequences of the ownership of, or the receipt or accrual of interest on, the Notes.

Original Issue Premium. The initial public offering prices of certain maturities of the Notes may be more than their stated principal amounts payable at maturity (the "OIP Notes"). In general, an owner who purchases an OIP Note must amortize the original issue premium as provided in the applicable Treasury Regulations, and amortized premium reduces the owner's basis in the OIP Note for federal income tax purposes. Prospective purchasers of OIP Notes at a premium to its principal amount should consult their tax advisors regarding the amortization of premium and its effect upon basis.

Other Federal Tax Matters. Prospective purchasers of the Notes should be aware that ownership of the Notes may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including, without limitation, financial institutions, certain insurance companies, recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, certain S corporations, foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax, taxpayers eligible for the earned income credit, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations. Bond Counsel does not express any opinion regarding such collateral tax consequences. Prospective purchasers of the Notes should consult their tax advisors regarding collateral federal income tax consequences. Prospective purchasers of the Notes may also wish to consult with their tax advisors with respect to the need to furnish certain taxpayer information in order to avoid backup withholding.

State Taxes. In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing statutes, interest on the Notes is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based for individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax.

Interest on the Notes is included in gross income for purposes of the Connecticut corporation business tax.

Owners of the Notes should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for state and local income tax purposes of original issue discount or original issue premium accrued upon sale or redemption thereof, and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning or disposing of such Notes.

Changes in Federal and State Tax Law. Legislation affecting tax-exempt obligations is regularly considered by the United States Congress. Court proceedings may also be filed, the outcome of which could modify the tax treatment of obligations such as the Notes. There can be no assurance that legislation enacted or proposed, or actions by a court, after the issuance of the Notes will not have an adverse effect on the tax status of interest on the Notes or the market value or marketability of the Notes. These adverse effects could result, for example, from changes to federal or state income tax rates, changes in the structure of federal or state income taxes (including replacement with another type of tax), or repeal (or reduction in the benefit) of the exclusion of interest on the Notes from gross income for federal or state income tax purposes for all or certain taxpayers.

Investors in the Notes should be aware that future legislative actions may increase, reduce or otherwise change (including retroactively) the financial benefits and the treatment of all or a portion of the interest on the Notes for federal income tax purposes for all or certain taxpayers. In all such events, the market value of the Notes may be adversely affected and the ability of holders to sell their Notes in the secondary market may be reduced. The Notes are not subject to special mandatory redemption, and the interest rates on the Notes are not subject to adjustment, in the event of any such change in the tax treatment of interest on the Notes.

General. The opinion of Bond Counsel is rendered as of its date, and Bond Counsel assumes no obligation to update or supplement its opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may come to its attention or any changes in law that may occur after the date of its opinion. Bond Counsel's opinion is based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinion is further based on factual representations made to Bond Counsel as of the date of issuance. Moreover, Bond Counsel's opinion is not a guarantee of a particular result, and is not binding on the Internal Revenue Service or the courts; rather, such opinion represents Bond Counsel's professional judgment based on its review of existing law, and in reliance on the representations and covenants that it deems relevant to such opinion.

The discussion above does not purport to deal with all aspects of federal or state or local taxation that may be relevant to a particular owner of the Notes. Prospective owners of the Notes, particularly those who may be subject to special rules, are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding the federal, state and local tax consequences of owning and disposing of the Notes.

NOTICE OF SALE

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT

\$21,085,000 GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES, ISSUE OF 2023 BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY

NOTICE IS GIVEN that TELEPHONE BIDS and ELECTRONIC BIDS via *PARITY*® (as described herein) will be received by the TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT (the "Issuer"), until 11:30 A.M. (E.T.) on MONDAY,

MAY 1, 2023

(the "Sale Date") for the purchase of the Issuer's \$21,085,000 General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes, Issue of 2023 (the "Notes"). Telephone bids will be received by an authorized agent of Munistat Services, Inc., the Issuer's municipal advisor (see "Telephone Bidding Procedures"). Electronic bids must be submitted via *PARITY*® (see "Electronic Bidding Procedures").

The Notes

The Notes are expected to be dated May 9, 2023 and will mature and be payable to the registered owner on October 3, 2023. The Notes will bear interest (which interest shall be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) payable at maturity at the rate or rates per annum fixed in the proposal or proposals accepted for their purchase, which rates shall be in multiples of 1/100 of 1% per annum. The Notes are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Nature of Obligation.

The Notes will constitute general obligations of the Issuer, and the Issuer will pledge its full faith and credit to pay the principal of and interest on the Notes when due. Unless paid from other sources, the Notes are payable from ad valorem taxes which may be levied on all taxable property subject to taxation by the Issuer without limit as to rate or amount except as to classified property such as certified forest lands taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts pursuant to provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended.

Bank Qualification.

The Notes SHALL NOT be designated by the Issuer as qualified tax-exempt obligations under the provisions of Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions for interest expense allocable to the Notes.

Registration.

The Notes will be issued by means of a book-entry system with no physical distribution of note certificates made to the public. The Notes will be issued in registered form and one note certificate for each interest rate will be issued to The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, registered in the name of its nominee, Cede & Co., and immobilized in its custody. A book-entry system will be employed, evidencing ownership of the Notes in principal amounts of \$100,000 or multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof, with transfers of ownership effected on the records of DTC and its participants pursuant to rules and procedures adopted by DTC and its participants. The purchaser(s), as a condition to delivery of the Notes, will be required to deposit the note certificates with DTC, registered in the name of Cede & Co. Principal of and interest on the Notes will be payable by the Issuer or its agent to DTC or its nominee as registered owner of the Notes. Principal and interest payments by DTC to participants of DTC will be the responsibility of DTC; principal and interest payments to beneficial owners by participants of DTC will be the responsibility of such participants and other nominees of beneficial owners. The Issuer will not be responsible or liable for payments by DTC to its participants or by DTC participants or indirect participants to beneficial owners or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing the records maintained by DTC, its participants or persons acting through such participants. Upon receipt from the Issuer, the Paying Agent will pay principal of and interest on the Notes directly to DTC so long as DTC or its nominee, Cede & Co, is the Noteholder.

In the event that (a) DTC determines not to continue to act as securities depository for the Notes and the Issuer fails to identify another qualified securities depository to replace DTC, or (b) the Issuer determines to discontinue the book-entry system of evidence and transfer of ownership of the Notes, the Issuer will authenticate and deliver replacement Notes in the form of fully registered certificates. Any such replacement Notes, will provide that principal of and interest on the Notes will be payable to the registered owner upon presentation and surrender of the Notes at the principal office of the Paying Agent, or of its successors as paying agent for the Notes.

Bid Specifications; Basis of Award; Right to Reject Proposals; Waiver; Postponement; Change of Terms

Each bid for the purchase of the Notes must be in accordance with the requirements prescribed herein. A proposal may be for all or any part of the Notes but any proposal for a part must be for at least \$100,000, or multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof, and a separate proposal will be required for each part of the Notes for which a separate interest rate is bid. Unless all bids are rejected, the Notes will be awarded to the bidder or bidders offering to purchase the Notes at the lowest net interest cost ("NIC"), computed as to each interest rate stated by adding the total interest which will be paid at such rate and deducting therefrom the premium offered, if any. As between proposals resulting in the same lowest net interest cost to the Issuer, the award will be made on the basis of the highest principal amount of the Notes specified. No bid for less than par and accrued interest, if any, will be considered and the Issuer reserves the right to award to any bidder all or any part of the Notes bid for in its proposal. If a bidder is awarded only a part of the Notes bid for in its proposal, any premium offered in such proposal will be proportionately reduced so that the resulting net interest cost to the Issuer with respect to the Notes awarded is the same as that contained in the bidder's proposal with respect to the entire amount bid, carried to six decimal places. The purchase price must be paid in immediately available federal funds.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals and to reject any proposal not complying with this Notice of Sale and to waive any irregularity or informality with respect to any proposal.

The Issuer further reserves the right to postpone the sale to another time and date in its sole discretion for any reason, including Internet difficulties. The Issuer will use its best efforts to notify prospective bidders in a timely manner of any need for a postponement. Upon the establishment of an alternative sale date, any bidder may submit proposals for the purchase of the Notes in accordance with the provisions of this Notice of Sale.

Electronic Bidding Procedures

Any prospective bidder intending to submit an electronic bid must submit its electronic bid through the facilities of *PARITY*[®]. Subscription to i-Deal LLC's BiDCOMP Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid and the Issuer will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidder to subscribe.

An electronic bid made through the facilities of *PARITY*[®] shall be deemed an irrevocable offer to purchase the Notes on the terms provided in this Notice of Sale, and shall be binding upon the bidder as if made by a signed, sealed bid delivered to the Issuer. By submitting a bid for the Notes via *PARITY*[®], the bidder represents and warrants to the Issuer that such bidder's bid for the purchase of the Notes is submitted for and on behalf of such prospective bidder by an officer or agent who is duly authorized to bind the prospective bidder by an irrevocable offer and that acceptance of such bid by the Issuer will bind the bidder by a legal, valid and enforceable contract, for the purchase of the Notes on the terms described in this Notice of Sale. The Issuer shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by, or as a result of the use of the facilities of *PARITY*[®], or the inaccuracies of any information, including bid information or worksheets supplied by *PARITY*[®], the use of *PARITY*[®] facilities being the sole risk of the prospective bidder. Each Bidder is solely responsible for knowing the terms of the sale as set forth herein.

If any provisions of this Notice of Sale shall conflict with information provided by *PARITY*® as the approved provider of electronic bidding services, this Notice of Sale shall control. Further information about *PARITY*®, including any fee charged, may be obtained from *PARITY*®, 1359 Broadway, 36th Street, 2nd Floor, New York, NY 10018, Attention: Customer Service Department (telephone: (212) 849-5021 - email notice: www.parity@i-deal.com.

For purposes of the telephone bidding process and the electronic bidding process, the time as maintained by *PARITY*[®] shall constitute the official time. For information purposes only, bidders are requested to state in their bids the net interest cost to the Issuer, as described under "Bid Specifications; Basis of Award; Right to Reject Proposals; Waiver; Postponement; Change of Terms" above. All electronic bids shall be deemed to incorporate the provisions of this Notice of Sale.

<u>Disclaimer</u>. Each **PARITY®** prospective electronic bidder shall be solely responsible to make necessary arrangements to access **PARITY®** for the purposes of submitting its bid in a timely manner and in compliance with the requirements of this Notice of Sale. Neither the Issuer nor **PARITY®** shall have any duty or obligation to undertake such arrangements to bid for any prospective bidder or to provide or assure such access to any prospective bidder, and neither the Issuer nor **PARITY®** shall be responsible for a bidder's failure to make a bid or for proper operation of, or have any liability for any delays or interruptions of, or any damages caused by, **PARITY®**. The Issuer is using **PARITY®** as a communication mechanism, and not as the Issuer's agent, to conduct the electronic bidding for the Notes. The Issuer is not bound by any advice and determination of **PARITY®** to the effect that any particular bid complies with the terms of this Notice of Sale and in particular the bid requirements herein set forth. All costs and expenses incurred by prospective bidders in connection with their subscription to, arrangements with and submission of bids via **PARITY®** are the sole responsibility of the bidders; and the Issuer is not responsible, directly or indirectly, for any such costs or expenses. If a prospective bidder encounters any difficulty in arranging to bid or submitting, modifying or withdrawing a bid for the Notes, the prospective bidder should telephone **PARITY®** at (212) 849-5021.

Telephone Bidding Procedures

Telephone bids will be received until 11:30 A.M. (E.T.) on the Sale Date by an authorized agent of Munistat Services, Inc., the Issuer's municipal advisor. All telephone bids must be made to (203) 421-2880 or (203) 421-2087 and be completed by 11:30 A.M. (E.T.) on the Sale Date.

Bidders shall recognize that a bid by telephone means that the bidder accepts the terms and conditions of this Notice of Sale and agrees to be bound by such and, further, such bidder recognizes and accepts the risk that its telephone bid may not be received by the Issuer or may be received later than the time specified as the result of a failure in communications including, but not limited to, a failure in telephonic communications, or the inability to reach the Issuer by the time required. A bid received after the time specified, as determined in the Issuer's sole discretion, will not be reviewed or honored by the Issuer.

CUSIP Numbers

The Notes will be delivered to DTC or its agent on or about May 9, 2023. The deposit of the Notes with DTC under a book-entry system requires the assignment of CUSIP numbers prior to delivery. It shall be the responsibility of the purchaser to apply for CUSIP numbers for the Notes prior to delivery. Neither the failure to print such CUSIP number on any note, nor any error with respect thereto, shall constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser thereof to accept delivery of and pay for the Notes. All expenses in relation to the printing of CUSIP numbers on the Notes shall be paid for by the Issuer; provided, however, that the Issuer assumes no responsibility for any CUSIP Service Bureau charge or other charge that may be imposed for the assignment of such numbers, which charges shall be the responsibility of and shall be paid for by the purchaser.

Certifying Agent, Registrar, Paying Agent and Transfer Agent

The Notes will be authenticated by U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Hartford, Connecticut. U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association will also act as Registrar, Paying Agent and Transfer Agent.

Delivery, Payment and Closing Requirements

At or prior to the delivery of the Notes the winning bidder shall be furnished, without cost, with (a) the approving opinion of Pullman & Comley, LLC of Bridgeport and Hartford, Connecticut, Bond Counsel (see "Bond Counsel Opinion" below); (b) a signature and no litigation certificate, in form satisfactory to said firm, dated as of the date of delivery of the Notes, and stating that there is no litigation pending, or to the knowledge of the signer or signers thereof threatened, affecting the validity of the Notes or the power of the Issuer to levy and collect taxes to pay them; and (c) a receipt of payment for the Notes.

The Notes will be delivered against payment in immediately available federal funds through the facilities of DTC, New York, New York or its agent via Fast Automated Securities Transfer ("FAST") on or about May 9, 2023 (the "Closing Date").

The Issuer will have no responsibility to pay for any expenses of the purchaser except to the extent specifically stated in this Notice of Sale. The purchaser will have no responsibility to pay for any of the Issuer's costs of issuance except to the extent specifically stated in this Notice of Sale.

Bond Counsel Opinion

The legality of the issue will be passed upon by Pullman & Comley, LLC of Bridgeport and Hartford, Connecticut, Bond Counsel, and the purchaser will be furnished with its opinion, without charge. The opinion will state that the Notes are valid and binding obligations of the Issuer. If either the Competitive Rule or the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule (as each defined below in the Establishment of Issue Price" section) is met, Bond Counsel will require as a precondition to release of its opinion that the purchaser of such Notes deliver to it a completed "issue price" certificate, or similar certificate, regarding expectations or public offering prices, as applicable, with respect to the Notes awarded to such bidder, as described below under "Establishment of Issue Price". In rendering such legal opinion, Pullman & Comley, LLC will rely upon and assume the material accuracy of the representations and statements of expectation contained in the Tax Compliance Certificate entered into by the Issuer for the benefit of the owners of the Notes, and further, will assume compliance by the Issuer with the covenants and procedures set forth in such Tax Compliance Certificate.

Establishment of Issue Price

In order to provide the Issuer with information that enables it to comply with certain requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), relating to the exclusion of interest on the Notes from the gross income of their owners, the winning bidder will be required to complete, execute, and deliver to the Issuer at or prior to the delivery of the Notes an "issue price" or similar certificate setting forth the reasonably expected initial offering price to the Public (the "Initial Offering Price") or the actual sales price or prices of the Notes, as circumstances may determine, together with the supporting pricing wires or equivalent communications, with such modifications as may be appropriate or necessary, in the reasonable judgment of Bond Counsel. Communications relating to this "Establishment of Issue Price" section, the completed certificate(s) and any supporting information shall be delivered to (1) Bond Counsel at Michael J. Andreana, Esq., Pullman & Comley, LLC, 90 State House Square, Hartford, CT 06103, Telephone: (203) 330-2235, E-mail: mandreana@pullcom.com and (2) the Municipal Advisor at William Lindsay, Munistat Services, Inc., 129 Samson Rock Drive, Suite A, Madison, CT 06443, Telephone: (203) 421-2880, E-mail: Bill.Lindsay@munistat.com (the "Municipal Advisor"). Questions related to this "Establishment of Issue Price" section, Bond Counsel may act on behalf of the Issuer and the Municipal Advisor may act on behalf of the Issuer.

By submitting a bid, each bidder is certifying that its bid is a firm offer to purchase the Notes, is a good faith offer which the bidder believes reflects current market conditions, and is not a "courtesy bid" being submitted for the purpose of assisting in meeting the competitive sale requirements relating to the establishment of the "issue price" of the Notes pursuant to Section 148 of the Code, including the requirement that bids be received from at least three (3) underwriters of municipal bonds or notes who have established industry reputations for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds or notes.

By submitting a bid, a bidder represents to the Issuer that it has an established industry reputation for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds or notes such as the Notes, represents that such bidder's bid is submitted for or on behalf of such bidder by an officer or agent who is duly authorized to bind the bidder to a legal, valid and enforceable contract for the purchase of the Notes, and understands that upon award by the Issuer that this Notice of Sale constitutes a written contract between such bidder, as winning bidder, and the Issuer.

By submitting a bid, the bidder agrees that if the Competitive Sale Rule (as set forth below) is not met, it will satisfy either the Actual Sales Rule (as set forth below) or the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule (as set forth below).

Bids will not be subject to cancellation in the event that the competitive sale requirements are not satisfied.

Notification of Contact Information of Winning Bidder. Promptly upon award, the winning bidder shall notify the Municipal Advisor and Bond Counsel of the contact name, telephone number and e-mail address of the person(s) of the winning bidder for purposes of communications concerning this "Establishment of Issue Price" section.

Competitive Sale Rule. The Issuer intends that the provisions of Treasury Regulations Section 1.148-1(f)(3)(i) (defining "competitive sale" for purposes of establishing the issue price of the Notes) will apply to the initial sale of the Notes (the "Competitive Sale Rule") because:

(1) the Issuer shall disseminate, or have disseminated on its behalf, this Notice of Sale to potential bidders in a manner that is reasonably designed to reach potential bidders;

- (2) all bidders shall have an equal opportunity to bid;
- (3) the Issuer anticipates receiving bids from at least three underwriters of municipal bonds or notes who have established industry reputations for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds or notes; and
- (4) the Issuer anticipates awarding the sale of the Notes to the bidder who submits a firm offer to purchase the Notes at the lowest net interest cost, as set forth in this Notice of Sale.

Competitive Sale Rule Met. The Issuer, or the Municipal Advisor on behalf of the Issuer, shall at the time of award advise the winning bidder if the Competitive Sale Rule has been met. The winning bidder will be required to deliver to Bond Counsel on behalf of the Issuer prior to the delivery of the Notes a completed "Issue Price Certificate" in the form attached hereto as Attachment A.

Competitive Sale Rule Not Met. In the event that the Competitive Sale Rule is not satisfied, the Issuer, or the Municipal Advisor on behalf of the Issuer, shall at the time of award advise the winning bidder. The Issuer may determine to treat (i) the first price at which ten percent (10%) of a Maturity of the Notes (the "Actual Sales Rule") is sold to the Public as the issue price of that Maturity, and/or (ii) the Initial Offering Price to the Public as of the Sale Date of any Maturity of the Notes as the issue price of that Maturity (the "Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule"), in each case applied on a Maturity-by-Maturity basis. In the event that the Competitive Sale Rule is not satisfied, the winning bidder, by 4:30 p.m. (E.T.) on the Sale Date, shall notify and provide, via e-mail, Bond Counsel and the Municipal Advisor (I) of the first price at which ten percent (10%) of each Maturity of Notes has been sold to the Public and (II) reasonable supporting documentation or certifications of such price the form of which is acceptable to Bond Counsel; i.e., those Maturities of the Notes that satisfy the Actual Sales Rule as of the Sale Date. After such receipt, the Issuer, or Bond Counsel on behalf of the Issuer, shall promptly confirm with the winning bidder, via e-mail, which Maturities of the Notes shall be subject to the Actual Sales Rule and which Maturities shall be subject to the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule.

For those Maturities of Notes subject to the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule, the winning bidder shall (i) provide Bond Counsel (via e-mail) a copy of pricing wire or equivalent communication for the Notes (ii) confirm that each Underwriter (as defined below) has offered or will offer all of the Notes to the Public on or before the date of award at the Initial Offering Prices and (ii) agree, on behalf of each Underwriter participating in the purchase of the Notes, that each Underwriter will neither offer nor sell unsold Notes of any Maturity to which the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule shall apply to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity during the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of the following:

- (1) the close of the fifth (5th) business day after the Sale Date; or
- (2) the date on which the Underwriters have sold at least ten percent (10%) of that Maturity of the Notes to the Public at a price that is no higher than the Initial Offering Price.

The winning bidder shall promptly advise Bond Counsel and the Municipal Advisor, via e-mail, when the Underwriters have sold ten percent (10%) of that Maturity of the Notes to the Public at a price that is no higher than the Initial Offering Price, if that occurs prior to the close of the fifth (5th) business day after the Sale Date.

By submitting a bid, each bidder confirms that: (i) any agreement among underwriters, any selling group agreement and each third-party distribution agreement (to which the bidder is a party) relating to the initial sale of the Notes to the Public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Underwriter, each dealer who is a member of the selling group, and each broker-dealer that is a party to such third-party distribution agreement, as applicable, to (A) report the prices at which it sells to the Public the unsold Notes of each Maturity allotted to it until it is notified by the winning bidder that either the Actual Sales Rule has been satisfied as to the Notes of that Maturity or all Notes of that Maturity have been sold to the Public and (B) comply with the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule, if applicable, in each case if and for so long as directed by the winning bidder and as set forth in the related pricing wires, and (ii) any agreement among underwriters relating to the initial sale of the Notes to the Public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Underwriter that is a party to a third-party distribution agreement to be employed in connection with the initial sale of the Notes to the Public to require each broker-dealer that is a party to such third-party distribution agreement to (A) report the prices at which it sells to the Public the unsold Notes of each Maturity allotted to it until it is notified by the winning bidder or such Underwriter that either the Actual Sales Rule has been satisfied as to the Notes of that Maturity or all Notes of that Maturity have been sold to the Public and (B) comply with the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule, if applicable, in each case if and for so long as directed by the winning bidder or such Underwriter and as set forth in the related pricing wires.

Sales of any Notes to any person that is a Related Party (as defined below) to an Underwriter shall not constitute sales to the Public for purposes of this Notice of Sale.

Definitions. For purposes of this "Establishment of Issue Price" section:

- (1) "Maturity" means Notes with the same credit and payment terms. Notes with different maturity dates, or Notes with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate Maturities.
- (2) "Public" means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a Related Party to an Underwriter.
- (3) "Related Party" generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.
- (4) "Underwriter" means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead Underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Notes to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this definition to participate in the initial sale of the Notes to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a third-party distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Notes to the Public).

No Continuing Disclosure or Official Statement. Since the Notes mature not more than nine months from the date of issue and are in denominations of \$100,000 or more, the undertaking to provide an official statement or continuing disclosure under SEC Rule 15c2-12 does not apply to the Notes. Therefore, the Issuer will not provide an official statement nor enter into a Continuing Disclosure Agreement with respect to the Notes.

More Information. For more information regarding this issue and the Issuer reference is made to the Issuer's financial statements. Copies of the Issuer's financial statements may be obtained from William Lindsay, Munistat Services, Inc., 781 Boston Post Road, Suite 945, Madison, CT 06443, Telephone: (203) 421-2880, E-mail: Bill.Lindsay@munistat.com. Questions concerning the Issuer should be directed to Dawn M. Savo, Finance Director, Town of Stratford, 2725 Mian Street, Stratford, CT 06615, (telephone: 203-385-4040).

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT

LAURA R. HOYDICK Mayor

DAWN M. SAVO Finance Director

April 24, 2023

ATTACHMENT A

ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE

(If Competitive Sale Rule Met)

TOWN OF STRATFORD, CONNECTICUT

\$_____ GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES, ISSUE OF 2023

DATED MAY 9, 2023 AND ISSUED MAY 9, 2023

The undersigned, on behalf of [Underwriter] ("[Short Name]"), hereby certifies as set forth below with respect to the sale of the above-captioned obligations (the "Notes").

Due Authorization. The undersigned is a duly authorized representative of [Short Name], the purchaser of

1.

the Notes.

	Purchase Price. The Town of Stratford, Connecticut (the "Issuer") sold to [Short Name], for delivery on or 23 (the "Issue Date"), the Notes at a price of par (\$), plus an aggregate net premium of \$ and
less an underwri	ter's discount of \$, resulting in an aggregate net purchase price of \$
3.	Reasonably Expected Initial Offering Price.
the prices for th	As of May 1, 2023 (the "Sale Date"), the reasonably expected initial offering price(s) of the Notes to the Name] are the prices listed in Schedule A (the "Expected Offering Prices"). The Expected Offering Prices are e Maturities of the Notes used by [Short Name] in formulating its bid to purchase the Notes. Attached as true and correct copy of the bid provided by [Short Name] to purchase the Notes.
(b)	[Short Name] was not given the opportunity to review other bids prior to submitting its bid.
(c)	The bid submitted by [Short Name] constituted a firm offer to purchase the Notes.
4.	Defined Terms.
(a) Notes with the se	"Maturity" means Notes with the same credit and payment terms. Notes with different maturity dates, or ame maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate Maturities.
	"Public" means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or er than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this ally means any two or more persons who have greater than fifty percent (50%) common ownership, directly or
person that agree participate in the	"Underwriter" means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Notes to the Public, and (ii) any es pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this definition to e initial sale of the Notes to the Public (including a member of the selling group or a party to a third-party ement participating in the initial sale of the Notes to the Public).
103 and 148 of "Code"). The u certification as t	Representations and Information. The representations set forth in this certificate are limited to factual othing in this certificate represents [Short Name]'s interpretation of any laws, including specifically Sections the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations thereunder (collectively, the indersigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied upon by the Issuer in making its to issue price of the Notes under the Code and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules tes. Pullman & Comley, LLC, bond counsel, may rely on the foregoing representations in rendering its opinion

[UNDERWRITER]

on the exclusion from federal gross income of the interest on the Notes, the preparation of the Internal Revenue Service Form 8038-G, and other federal income tax advice that it may give to the Issuer relating to the Notes. Except as set forth above, no

third party may rely on the foregoing certifications, and no party may rely hereon for any other purpose.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed this Certificate as of May 1, 2023.

By:				
•	Name:			
	Title:			
	C-7			

Schedule A to Issue Price Certificate

Maturity, Principal Amount (\$) Rate (%) (\$, not Yield)

October 3, 2023

Schedule B to Issue Price Certificate

[Copy of Bid]