

## DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT TOWN OF BABYLON, NEW YORK

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Education of the Deer Park Union Free School District Town of Babylon, New York:

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Deer Park Union Free School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Deer Park Union Free School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Union Free School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Nawrocki Smith

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 3 to the financial statements, in fiscal 2022 the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The effect of GASB Statement No. 87 did not require a restatement to the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Nawrocki Smith

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information on pages 4-15 and 52-55, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the New York State Education Department and by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 11, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hauppauge, New York October 11, 2022 Navrocli Smith UP

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Deer Park Union Free School District's (the "District") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is also based on both the District-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- During the fiscal year, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, which provides clearer guidance on the treatment of leases for accounting and reporting purposes.
- The District's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, increased \$1,588,020 due to the District making improvements to its' buildings and upgrading their equipment and instructional technology, offset by depreciation charges.
- The District's expenses for the year, as reflected in the District-wide financial statements, totaled \$104,757,340. Of this amount, \$7,413,152 was offset by program charges for services and operating grants. General revenues of \$118,572,300 amount to 94% of total revenues.
- Total governmental fund's assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$28,294,558 (see pages 18 and 20).

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts: required supplementary information including management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of financial statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two financial statements are *District-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining financial statements are governmental fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide financial statements. The governmental fund financial statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Table A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the financial statements.

i able A-1: Major Features of the	District-Wide and Fund Financial S	
	Fund Financial Statements	
	Statements	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District that are not proprietary, such as instruction, special education and building maintenance
Required financial statements	<ul><li>Statement of Net Position</li><li>Statement of Activities</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Balance Sheet</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance</li> </ul>
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/ deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable

#### **District-Wide Financial Statements**

The District-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources - is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as *governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District's governmental funds are described as follows:

• Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide financial statements, reconciliations of the District-wide and fund financial statements are provided which explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Position**

The District's net position increased by \$21,228,112 from the year before to a net deficit position of \$165,738,318, as detailed in Tables A-2 and A-3.

The restricted net position balance of \$15,234,592 represents the District's reserves for employee benefit accrued liabilities, unemployment insurance, retirement contributions, tax reductions, workers' compensation, scholarships and extraclassroom activities. These assets are restricted by external sources, imposed by laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

As of June 30, 2022, the District has an unrestricted net deficit position of \$199,029,673. This deficit is driven by the District's required recognition of its obligation to post-employment benefits which currently totals \$161,608,212.

Table A-2: Condensed Statement	s of Net Position - Go	overnmental Activities	3					
	6/30/2021	6/30/2022 \$ Change						
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 32,304,704 36,204,863	\$ 90,141,737 35,611,167	\$ 57,837,033 (593,696)	179.0 (1.6)				
Total assets	\$ 68,509,567	\$ 125,752,904	\$ 57,243,337	83.6				
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 37,552,069	\$ 36,844,154	\$ (707,915)	(1.9)				
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 8,719,087 250,358,189	\$ 9,585,680 185,527,284	\$ 866,593 (64,830,905)	9.9 (25.9)				
Total liabilities	\$ 259,077,276	\$ 195,112,964	\$ (63,964,312)	(24.7)				
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 33,950,790	\$ 133,222,412	\$ 99,271,622	292.4				
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	\$ 16,468,743 13,100,649 (216,535,822)	\$ 18,056,763 15,234,592 (199,029,673)	\$ 1,588,020 2,133,943 17,506,149	9.6 16.3 8.1				
Total net position	\$ (186,966,430)	\$ (165,738,318)	\$ 21,228,112	11.4				

As of June 30, 2022, the District had positive working capital of \$8,784,912 as compared to \$9,565,092 as of June 30, 2021. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in cash and an increase in due to teachers' retirement system.

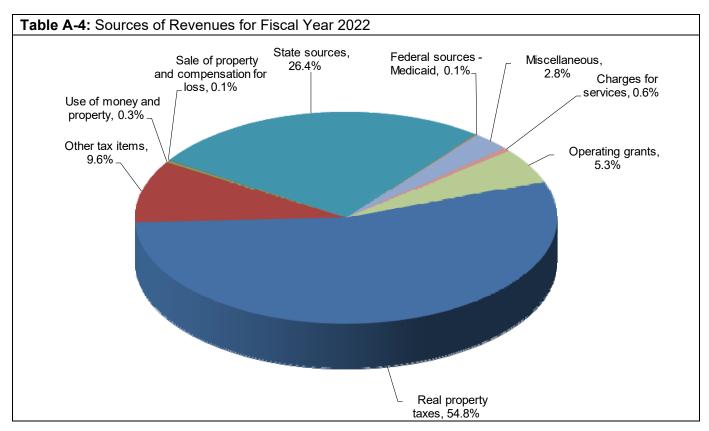
#### **Changes in Net Position**

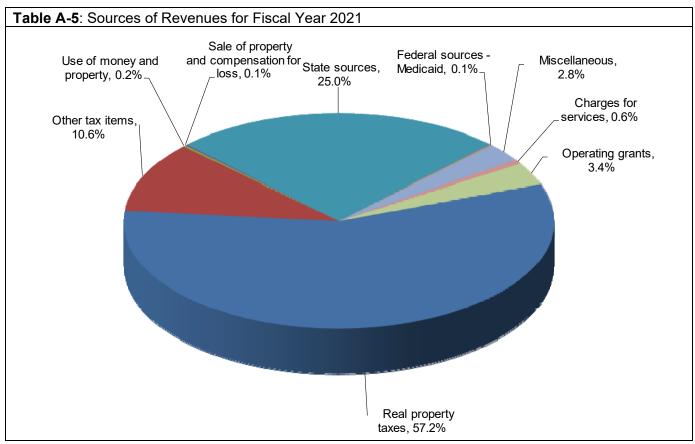
The District's fiscal year 2022 revenues totaled \$125,985,452 (See Table A-3). Property taxes, other tax items and State sources accounted for most of the District's revenue by contributing 55 cents, 10 cents and 26 cents, respectively, of every dollar raised (See Table A-4). The remainder came from fees charged for services, operating grants, and other miscellaneous sources.

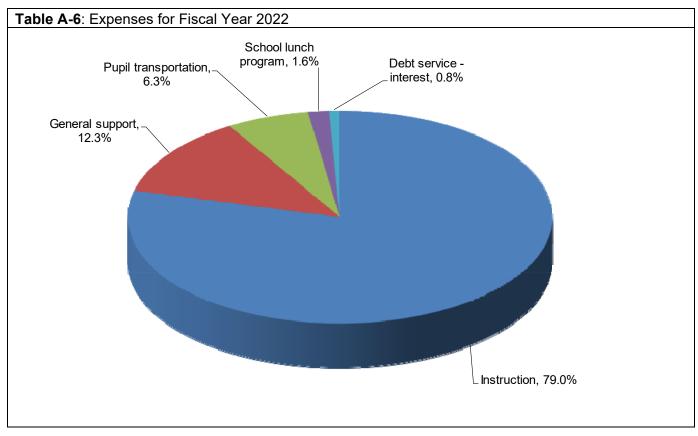
• Real property tax revenue increased \$1,461,890 as a result of a budgeted increase in the levy for fiscal 2021-22.

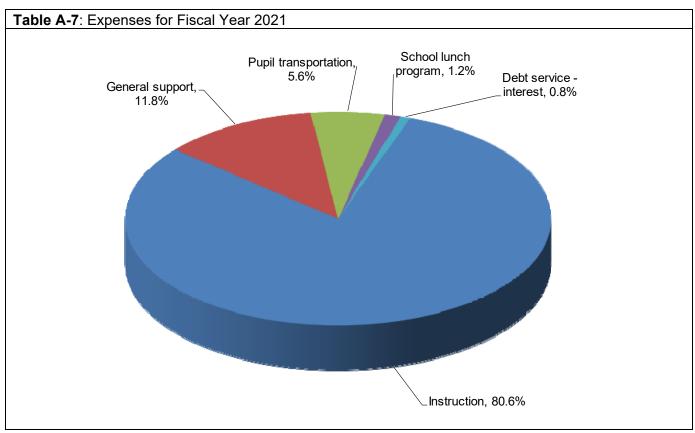
The District's fiscal year 2022 expenses totaled \$104,757,340 (See Table A-3) on the full accrual basis of accounting. These expenses (91%) are predominantly related to instruction and general support (See Table A-6).

	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	\$ Change	% Change
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 751,564	\$ 697,030	\$ (54,534)	(7.3)
Operating grants	3,976,947	6,716,122	2,739,175	68.9
General revenues:				
Real property taxes	67,519,344	68,981,234	1,461,890	2.2
Other tax items	12,549,422	12,042,427	(506,995)	(4.0)
Use of money and property	273,218	356,362	83,144	30.4
Sale of property and				
compensation for loss	56,281	76,314	20,033	35.6
State sources	29,502,728	33,308,494	3,805,766	12.9
Federal sources - Medicaid	23,073	132,189	109,116	472.9
Miscellaneous	3,358,060	3,675,280	317,220	9.4
Total revenues	118,010,637	125,985,452	7,974,815	6.8
xpenses				
General support	14,335,051	12,918,683	(1,416,368)	(9.9)
Instruction	97,916,229	82,754,376	(15,161,853)	(15.5)
Pupil transportation	6,850,326	6,593,957	(256,369)	(3.7)
Debt service - interest	941,376	815,541	(125,835)	(13.4)
School lunch program	1,454,379	1,674,783	220,404	15.2
Total expenses	121,497,361	104,757,340	(16,740,021)	(13.8)
Change in net position	(3,486,724	) 21,228,112	24,714,836	708.8
let position (deficit), beginning of year	(183,479,706	(186,966,430)	(3,486,724)	(1.9)
let position (deficit), end of year	\$ (186,966,430	) \$ (165,738,318)	\$ 21,228,112	11.4









#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Variances between years for the fund financial statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-wide financial statements. The District's governmental funds are presented on the <u>current financial resources measurement focus</u> and the <u>modified accrual basis of accounting</u>. Based on this presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term debt liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets and the current payments for debt.

At June 30, 2022, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$28,294,558 which is an increase of \$2,401,412 from June 30, 2021.

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$1,465,647 for fiscal 2022, as compared to an increase in fund balance of \$2,722,810 for fiscal 2021. Revenues increased \$4,814,227 mainly as a result of an increase in state sources and miscellaneous. Expenditures increased \$6,404,410 due to increases in all categories. Other financing uses was \$107,030 which is a decrease of \$333,020 from the prior year.

#### **Special Aid Fund**

Increases in federal and state grant funding caused a increase in revenue in the Special Aid Fund. Revenues increased \$2,008,536. The General Fund transferred \$200,000 to the Special Aid Fund as the required amount to be subsidized for summer school handicap programs. The remaining costs of that program are paid by State aid and are a receivable of the District.

#### School Lunch Fund

The School Lunch Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$717,773 for fiscal 2022. Federal sources revenue increased as a result of additional funding available due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Expenses related to food service operations increased \$796,011 as a result of an increase in food services costs during the fiscal year.

#### Capital Projects Fund

The District spent \$258,250 on necessary District-wide improvements in fiscal 2021-22. The General Fund transferred \$500,000 to the fund to subsidize those improvements. As a result of the long-term financing, the Capital Projects Fund fund balance ended in a net position of \$892,128.

Fund balances for the District's governmental funds for the past two years were distributed as follows:

General Fund Restricted:		6/30/2021					
Restricted:		0/30/2021	<u>6</u>	<u>/30/2022</u>	9	Change	% Change
Employee Banefit Asserted Liability							
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	\$	3,479,220	\$	3,991,152	\$	511,932	14.7
Unemployment Insurance		941,050		941,991		941	0.1
Retirement Contributions		1,306,437		3,306,437		2,000,000	153.1
Tax Reduction		5,235,139		5,129,090		(106,049)	(2.0)
Workers' Compensation		1,254,897		1,656,152		401,255	32.0
Assigned:							
Appropriated for subsequent							
year's expenditures		4,000,000		2,211,284		(1,788,716)	(44.7)
Encumbrances		2,365,750		2,580,409		214,659	9.1
Unassigned		4,870,784		5,102,409		231,625	4.8
Total General Fund		23,453,277	2	24,918,924		1,465,647	6.2
chool Lunch Fund							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory		30,648		-		(30,648)	(100.0)
Assigned:						, ,	, ,
Food service operations		1,489,805		1,585,748		95,943	6.4
Encumbrances		35,510		687,988		652,478	1,837.4
Total School Lunch Fund		1,555,963		2,273,736		717,773	46.1
Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund							
Restricted:		000 740		200 770		(22.072)	(40.2)
Scholarships and extraclassroom activities		233,743		209,770		(23,973)	(10.3)
Total Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund		233,743		209,770		(23,973)	(10.3)
apital Projects Fund							
Restricted:							
Capital Projects		650,163		892,128		241,965	37.2
Total Capital Projects Fund		650,163		892,128		241,965	37.2
	Φ.	25,893,146	φ ^	28,294,558	\$	2,401,412	9.3

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Reference is made to page 52, which presents original and final budget amounts, as well as actual results for the District's General Fund.

- Actual revenues were greater than the final budgeted revenues by \$227,694. Real property tax receipts were consistent with the amount budgeted.
- Actual expenditures were \$3,959,211 less than budget primarily due to reduced spending as a result
  of COVID-19 and lower than anticipated employee benefit costs.

At June 30, 2022, the District's unassigned fund balance was \$5,102,409, which was within the allowable 4% of the subsequent year's budget (\$127,560,238) as promulgated by New York State (see page 56). The following is a reconciliation of the General Fund's unassigned fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Unassigned fund balance, beginning of year	\$	4,870,784
Add:		
Prior-year appropriated fund balance		4,000,000
Prior-year encumbrances		2,365,750
Board approved transfer from Tax Reduction Reserve		106,049
Net change in fund balance		1,465,647
Less:		
Current-year appropriated fund balance		(2,211,284)
Transfer to Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (including allocated interest)		(511,932)
Transfer to Unemployment Insurance Reserve (including allocated interest)		(941)
Transfer to Retirement Contributions Reserve (including allocated interest)		(2,000,000)
Transfer to Workers' Compensation Reserve (including allocated interest)		(401,255)
Current-year encumbrances		(2,580,409)
Unaccioned fund belongs, and of year	φ	E 100 100
Unassigned fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	5,102,409

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2022, the District had invested \$35,611,167 net of depreciation (Table A-9), in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, maintenance facilities, athletic facilities, computer and audio-visual equipment, and administrative offices. See Note 7 in the accompanying notes to the financial statements for more information on capital assets.

Table A-9: Capital Assets (	net of	depreciation)						
		6/30/2021	6/30/2022	<u>\$</u>	Change	% Change		
Land	\$	230,750	\$	230,750	\$	_	0.0	
Construction-in-progress		21,744,415		17,598,404		(4,146,011)	(19.1)	
Land improvements		143,254		148,263		5,009	3.5	
Buildings and building								
improvements		10,855,833		14,884,260		4,028,427	37.1	
Furniture and equipment		3,230,611		2,749,490		(481,121)	(14.9)	
Totals	\$	36,204,863	\$	35,611,167	\$	(593,696)	(1.6)	

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

At year-end, the District had \$187,656,904 in general obligations bonds and other long-term liabilities.

Table A-10: Outstanding Long-Tern	n Liabilities			
	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	\$ Change	% Change
Bonds payable, net	\$ 15,251,864	\$ 14,291,336	\$ (960,528)	(6.3)
Installment purchase debt payable Workers' compensation	5,134,419	4,182,926	(951,493)	(18.5)
claims payable	1,600,001	1,608,326	8,325	0.5
Lease liabilities	-	273,038	273,038	100.0
Other post-employment benefits	215,986,658	161,608,212	(54,378,446)	(25.2)
Compensated absences	6,077,479	5,693,066	(384,413)	(6.3)
Totals	\$ 244,050,421	\$ 187,656,904	\$ (56,393,517)	(23.1)

#### **FACTORS BEARING ON THE FUTURE OF DISTRICT**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The use of reserves to assist in balancing the budget each year will be more difficult because of the inability to fund them to the extent the District was able to in the past. The "Tax Levy Limitation Law" which was enacted on June 24, 2011 restricts the amount of property taxes that may be levied by or on behalf of a school district in a particular year. Although there are exceptions, exemptions and overrides to the limitation, the Law is expected to make budgetary decision more difficult.
- The General Fund budget for the 2022-2023 school year is impacted by certain trends affecting school districts. These include potential increases in health insurance costs, retirement costs, workers' compensation judgments, and potential unemployment insurance claims, which are beyond the District's control.
- New York State imposed a maximum tax levy increase of the lesser of 2% or the CPI for the fiscal year 2022-2023 budget, subject to certain exclusions. Based on the value of obligatory contractual increases and continued increases in the State's unfunded mandates, it is expected that reductions may be necessary. If the downward economic trend continues, and State mandates and legal requirements continue to escalate, there will be an inevitable negative impact on District programs.

#### **CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

Deer Park Union Free School District
District Offices
Attn: Assistant Superintendent of Business
1881 Deer Park Avenue
Deer Park, NY 11729
(631) 274-4020

#### DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Unrestricted cash	\$ 13,092,582
Receivables:	
State and federal aid	3,842,158
Due from other governments	1,435,852
Other	269,560
Restricted cash Right-to-use assets, net	17,146,089 300,768
Proportionate share of net pension asset	54,054,728
Capital assets:	,,
Non-depreciable	17,829,154
Depreciable, net	 17,782,013
Total assets	 125,752,904
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows from OPEB	1,458,530
Deferred outflows from pensions	 35,385,624
Total deferred outflows of resources	36,844,154
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	142,815
Accrued liabilities	287,165
Accrued interest payable  Due to other governments	226,925 121
Due to trief governments  Due to teachers' retirement system	5,483,888
Due to employees' retirement system	394,512
Compensated absences	350,823
Retainage	569,811
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Lease liabilities	88,392
Bond payable, net	1,060,528
Installment purchase debt payable  Long-term liabilities, due after one year:	980,700
Lease liabilities	184,646
Bond payable, net	13,230,808
Installment purchase debt payable	3,202,226
Workers' compensation claims payable	1,608,326
Compensated absences	5,693,066
Total OPEB liability	 161,608,212
Total liabilities	195,112,964
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows from pensions	66,511,851
Deferred inflows from OPEB	65,878,202
Deferred inflows from grants received in advance	832,359
Total deferred inflows of resources	 133,222,412
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	18,056,763
Restricted:	
Retirement Contributions Workers' Companyation	3,306,437
Workers' Compensation Tax Reduction	1,656,152 5,129,090
Unemployment Insurance	5,129,090 941,991
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	3,991,152
Scholarships and extraclassroom	209,770
Unrestricted (deficit)	(199,029,673)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (165,738,318)

#### DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Program	Reven	ues		et (Expense) Revenue and	
				arges for		Operating		Changes in	
		Expenses		Services		Grants	Net Position		
Functions and programs:	_		_		_				
General support	\$	12,918,683	\$	65,081	\$	569,515	\$	(12,284,087)	
Instruction		82,754,376		416,898		3,648,196		(78,689,282)	
Pupil transportation		6,593,957		33,219		290,692		(6,270,046)	
Debt service - interest		815,541		-		-		(815,541)	
School lunch program		1,674,783		181,832		2,207,719		714,768	
Total functions and programs	\$	104,757,340	\$	697,030	\$	6,716,122		(97,344,188)	
General revenues:									
Real property taxes								68,981,234	
Other tax items								12,042,427	
Use of money and property								356,362	
Sale of property and									
compensation for loss								76,314	
State sources								33,308,494	
Federal sources - medicaid assistance								132,189	
Miscellaneous								3,675,280	
Total general revenues								118,572,300	
Change in net position								21,228,112	
Total net position, beginning of year								(186,966,430)	
Total net position, end of year							\$	(165,738,318)	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** JUNE 30, 2022

				;	Specia	I Revenue Funds	S					
			Special		Special School Mi			Other Miscellaneous		Capital	Total Governmental	
		General		Aid		Lunch	Special Revenue			Projects	Funds	
ASSETS		_										
Unrestricted cash Receivables:	\$	11,210,446	\$	-	\$	1,882,136	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,092,582
State and federal aid		896,180		2,550,167		395,811		_		_		3,842,158
Due from other funds		6,216,627		462,047		-		_		_		6,678,674
Due from other governments		1,435,852		-		_		_		_		1,435,852
Other		269,560		_		_		-		-		269,560
Restricted cash		15,024,822		810,354				209,770		1,101,143		17,146,089
Total assets	\$	35,053,487	\$	3,822,568	\$	2,277,947	\$	209,770	\$	1,101,143	\$	42,464,915
LIABILITIES												
Payables:												
Accounts payable	\$	142,815	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	142,815
Accrued liabilities		287,165		-		-		-		-		287,165
Due to other governments		-		-		121		-		-		121
Due to other funds		3,475,360		2,990,209		4,090		-		209,015		6,678,674
Due to teachers' retirement system		5,483,888		-		-		-		-		5,483,888
Due to employees' retirement system		394,512		-		-		-		-		394,512
Compensated absences		350,823		-		-		-		<u>-</u>		350,823
Total liabilities	-	10,134,563		2,990,209		4,211	-			209,015		13,337,998
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Grants received in advance				832,359								832,359
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		10,134,563		3,822,568		4,211		-		209,015		14,170,357
FUND BALANCE												
Fund balance:												
Restricted		15,024,822		-		-		209,770		892,128		16,126,720
Assigned		4,791,693		-		2,273,736		-		-		7,065,429
Unassigned		5,102,409						<del>-</del>				5,102,409
Total fund balance		24,918,924				2,273,736		209,770		892,128		28,294,558
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources												
and fund balance	\$	35,053,487	\$	3,822,568	\$	2,277,947	\$	209,770	\$	1,101,143	\$	42,464,915

# DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	28,294,558
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different due to the following:			
Capital assets less accumulated depreciation are included in the Statement of Net Position:			
Capital assets:	\$ 17.829,154		
Non-depreciable Depreciable	\$ 17,829,154 80,475,062		
Accumulated depreciation	(62,693,049)		35,611,167
Right-to-use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements:			
Right-to-use assets	401,113		
Accumulated amortization	(100,345)		300,768
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in the fund financial statements. However, these liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position:			
Lease liabilities	(273,038)		
Bonds payable, net	(14,291,336)		
Retainage payable	(569,811)		
Installment purchase debt payable	(4,182,926)		
Workers' compensation claims payable	(1,608,326)		
Compensated absences	(5,693,066)		(26,618,503)
Proportionate share of long-term asset (liability), deferred			
outflows and deferred inflows of resources associated with			
participation in the State retirement systems are not current			
financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the governmental funds:	25 205 224		
Deferred outflows of resources - pension related Proportionate share of net pension asset	35,385,624 54,054,728		
Deferred inflows of resources - pension related	(66,511,851)		22,928,501
Deferred limiows of resources - pension related	(00,511,051)		22,920,001
Long-term liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources			
associated with OPEB and are not current financial resources or obligations			
and are not reported in the governmental funds:	4 450 500		
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related	1,458,530		
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related	(65,878,202)	,	(226 027 004)
Total OPEB liability	(161,608,212)	(	(226,027,884)
Interest payable applicable to the District's activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in the			
fund financial statements. However, these liabilities are included in			
the Statement of Net Position.			(226,925)
Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (	(165,738,318)

## DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		5	Special Revenue Funds				
	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES							
Real property taxes	\$ 68,981,234	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68,981,234	
Other tax items	12,042,427	-	-	-	-	12,042,427	
Charges for services	515,198	-	-	-	-	515,198	
Use of money and property	356,147	-	-	-	215	356,362	
Sale of property and compensation for loss	76,314	-	-	-	-	76,314	
State sources	33,308,494	938,812	40,735	-	-	34,288,041	
Federal sources	184,643	3,517,137	2,166,984	-	-	5,868,764	
Sales	-	-	181,832	-	-	181,832	
Miscellaneous	3,003,949	24,903	3,005	409,273		3,441,130	
Total revenues	118,468,406	4,480,852	2,392,556	409,273	215	125,751,302	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General support	11,362,455	-	-	-	-	11,362,455	
Instruction	66,145,418	4,517,100	-	433,246	-	71,095,764	
Pupil transportation	5,579,482	163,752	-	-	-	5,743,234	
Employee benefits	30,961,512	-	-	-	-	30,961,512	
Cost of sales	-	-	1,674,783	-	-	1,674,783	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	258,250	258,250	
Debt service:							
Principal	1,987,276	-	-	-	-	1,987,276	
Interest	859,586				<u> </u>	859,586	
Total expenditures	116,895,729	4,680,852	1,674,783	433,246	258,250	123,942,860	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	1,572,677	(200,000)	717,773	(23,973)	(258,035)	1,808,442	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Premium on tax anticipation note issuance	234,150	-	-	-	-	234,150	
Issuance of leases	358,820	-	-	-	-	358,820	
Transfers in	-	200,000	-	-	500,000	700,000	
Transfers out	(700,000)					(700,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(107,030)	200,000			500,000	592,970	
Change in fund balance	1,465,647	-	717,773	(23,973)	241,965	2,401,412	
Fund balance, beginning of year	23,453,277		1,555,963	233,743	650,163	25,893,146	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 24,918,924	\$ -	\$ 2,273,736	\$ 209,770	\$ 892,128	\$ 28,294,558	

# DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 2,401,412
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay in the current period is:  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense	\$ 482,152 (1,075,848)	(593,696)
Governmental funds report lease outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statements of Activities, the cost of those leases is allocated over their lease term and reported as amortization expense:  Right-to-use assets  Amortization expense	401,113 (100,345)	300,768
Amortization of bond premium on bond issuances do not affect the governmental funds, but are recorded in the Statement of Activities.		10,528
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position.  Repayment of bond principal  Repayment of installment purchase debt payable  Principal payments on lease liabilities  Issuance of leases	950,000 951,493 85,783 (358,821)	1,628,455
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:  Workers' compensation claims payable Compensated absences Retainage payable Accrued interest costs	(8,325) 384,413 (363,398) 33,517	46,207
Changes in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the State retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.  Teachers' Retirement System  Employees' Retirement System	7,989,386 1,452,870	9,442,256
Changes in the amounts related to the OPEB liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governemental funds.		7,992,182
Net Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 21,228,112

#### 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Deer Park Union Free School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to government units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are described below:

#### A. Reporting entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on such criteria the District has determined that there are no component units to be included within their reporting entity.

#### B. Joint venture

The District is a component district in the Western Suffolk County Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services and programs that provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$10,041,341 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$2,052,558.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

#### C. Basis of presentation

#### 1. District-wide financial statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These financial statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits and depreciation, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### 2. Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special Revenue Funds include the following:

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: Used to account for proceeds from State and federal grants that are restricted for specific educational programs.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: Use to account for child nutrition or other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. Revenue sources include State and federal aid, and user charges for food service.

Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund: Used to account for the activities of student groups, extraclassroom activity funds and scholarships for students.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

#### D. <u>Measurement focus and basis of accounting</u>

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### E. Property taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education in October and become a lien on December 1<sup>st</sup>. Taxes are collected during the period from December 1<sup>st</sup> to June 30<sup>th</sup>. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County in which the District is located. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1<sup>st</sup>.

#### F. Restricted resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

#### G. Interfund transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide financial statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds Balance Sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 12 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

#### H. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities, useful lives of long-lived assets, computation of the expected lease payments or receipts to present value, the proportionate share of net pension assets and liabilities, and the total OPEB liability.

#### I. <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

#### J. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

#### K. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventory items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and may be recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A portion of the fund balance (nonspendable) in the amount of these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been identified as not available for other subsequent expenditures.

#### L. <u>Other assets/restricted assets</u>

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the District-wide financial statements as their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Debt issuance costs, except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, should be recognized as an expense in the period incurred on both the District-wide and fund financial statements. On the District-wide financial statements, prepaid insurance costs should be reported as an asset and recognized as an expense in a systematic rational manner over the duration of the related debt.

#### M. Capital assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to June 30, 1975. For assets acquired prior to June 30, 1975, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide financial statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated Useful Life	
Buildings and building					
improvements	\$	50,000	Straight line	20-40 years	
Land improvements	\$	25,000	Straight line	20 years	
Furniture and equipment	\$	5,000	Straight line	5-20 years	

#### N. Right-to-use-assets

The District has recorded right-to-use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87. The right-to-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term and ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service, less lease incentives. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

#### O. Deferred outflows of resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District may have four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is the District contributions to the pension systems (NYSTRS and NYSERS Systems) and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date. The fourth item relates to OPEB reporting in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience.

#### P. Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District may have five items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue - property taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability (NYSTRS and NYSERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is revenues from grants received that have met all other eligibility requirements except those related to time restrictions. The fourth item is related to OPEB reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net changes of assumptions or other inputs. The fifth item is related to leases which are recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### Q. <u>Unearned revenue</u>

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet, which arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

#### R. Vested employee benefits - compensated absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Pronouncements, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund financial statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

#### S. Other benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

#### T. Short-term debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes ("RAN") and Tax Anticipation Notes ("TAN"), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes ("BAN"), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes to be converted to long-term financing within seven years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

As of June 30, 2022, the District does not have any outstanding RAN's, TAN's, BAN's or deficiency notes.

#### U. <u>Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations</u>

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments and other post-employment benefits that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

#### V. Equity classifications

#### **District-wide financial statements**

In the District-wide financial statements there are three classes of net position:

- 1. <u>Net investment in capital assets</u>: Consists of capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted net position: Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets
  or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such
  as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other
  governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling
  legislation.
- 3. <u>Unrestricted net position</u>: Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

#### Fund financial statements

In the fund financial statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

- 1. <u>Nonspendable</u> Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

#### Tax Reduction

According to Education Law §1604, permits the District to retain the proceeds from the sale of school district real property that are not needed to pay any debts. The proceeds are used to reduce real property taxes over a period not to exceed ten years. It may be established and expended without voter approval.

#### **Employee Benefit Accrued Liability**

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

#### Unemployment Insurance

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the school district elects to convert to the tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

#### **Retirement Contributions**

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. The sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System is included in this reserve, but is separately administered and complies with all existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r.

#### Workers' Compensation

According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

- 3. <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year, and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint. The Board of Education is the decision-making authority that can, by Board resolution, commit fund balance.
- 4. <u>Assigned</u> Includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed, except for tax stabilization. The intent can be expressed by the Board or through the Board delegating this responsibility to the District administration through the budgetary process. The classification also includes the remaining positive fund balances for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.

5. <u>Unassigned</u> - Includes all other General Fund fund balance that does not meet the definition of the above four classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual balances of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting assigned fund balances.

Fund balances for all governmental funds as of June 30, 2022 were distributed as follows:

		Canaral	Other Miscellaneous					Total Governmental		
Restricted:		General	30	chool Lunch	Spec	ial Revenue	Cap	ital Projects		Funds
Tax Reduction	\$	5,129,090	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	5,129,090
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	ψ	3,991,152	Ψ	-	Ψ	•	Ψ	-	ψ	3,991,152
Unemployment Insurance		941,991		-		-		-		941,991
Retirement Contributions		3,306,437		-		-		•		3,306,437
				-		-		-		
Workers' Compensation		1,656,152		-		-		-		1,656,152
Capital Projects		-		-		-		892,128		892,128
Scholarships and extraclassroom	_					209,770			_	209,770
Total restricted		15,024,822				209,770		892,128	_	16,126,720
Assigned:										
Appropriated for subsequent										
year's expenditures		2,211,284		_		_		_		2,211,284
Encumbrances		2,580,409		687,988		_		_		3,268,397
Food Service Operations		2,000,400		1,585,748						1,585,748
1 ood Service Operations	_			1,000,740		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		1,303,740
Total assigned		4,791,693		2,273,736						7,065,429
Unassigned		5,102,409						-		5,102,409
Total	\$	24,918,924	\$	2,273,736	\$	209,770	\$	892,128	\$	28,294,558

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the school district's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

#### Order of use of fund balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as either restricted or assigned fund balance. In the General Fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (i.e. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the District-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

## 2. <u>EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>AND DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the fund financial statements and the District-wide financial statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the District-wide financial statements, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

#### A. <u>Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities</u>

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental funds Balance Sheet.

## B. <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities</u>

Differences between the funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of six broad categories. The categories are shown below:

#### 1. Long-term revenue/expense differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

#### 2. <u>Capital related differences</u>

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund financial statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund financial statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

#### 3. Right-to-use asset related differences

Right-to-use asset related differences include the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of right-to-use assets in the fund financial statements and amortization expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

#### 4. Long-term debt transaction differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

#### 5. Pension differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

#### 6. OPEB differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

#### 3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective for the 2022 fiscal year, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the District's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

#### 4. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgets**

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level. Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments are approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for the individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for capital project funds. Open encumbrances at fiscal year-end are included in restricted or assigned fund balance, as appropriate. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

The portion of the District's School Lunch Fund fund balance subject to Federal regulations 7CFR Part 210.14(b) limit exceeded the amount allowable, which is three months average expenditure level. Actions the District plans to pursue to address this issue include purchasing several new pieces of kitchen equipment and making substantial improvements to the school kitchen serving lines in the upcoming year.

# 5. <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT AND INTEREST RATE RISK</u>

The District's aggregate bank balances, including balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, are collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution,	
in the District's name	\$ 32,193,333
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's	
trust department or agent not in the District's name	\$ _

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$17,146,089 in the governmental funds.

#### Investment and deposit policy

The District follows an investment and deposit policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; conformance with federal, State and other legal requirements; and provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Business Official of the District.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will be affected by changing interest rates. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit risk

The District's policy is to minimize the risk of loss due to failure of an issuer or other counterparty to an investment to fulfill its obligations. The District's investment and deposit policy authorizes the reporting entity to purchase the following types of investments:

- Interest bearing demand accounts
- Certificates of deposit
- Obligations of the United States Treasury and United States agencies
- Obligations of New York State and its localities

#### Custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the reporting entity may not recover its deposits. In accordance with the District's investment and deposit policy, all deposits of the District including interest bearing demand accounts and certificates of deposit, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIC) shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to 100% of the aggregate amount of deposits. The District restricts the securities to the following eligible item.

- Obligations issued, fully insured or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest, by the United States Treasury and United States agencies
- Obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by New York State and its localities
- Obligations issued by other than New York State in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

#### 6. RECEIVABLES

#### A. State and federal aid receivables

State and federal aid receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

General Fund:

New York State aid - Excess Cost Aid \$896,180

Special Aid Fund:

State and Federal grants 2,550,167

School Lunch Fund:

School breakfast and lunch reimbursement 395,811

\$ 3,842,158

#### B. <u>Due from other governments</u>

Due from other governments at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

 General Fund:
 \$ 941,485

 BOCES aid
 \$ 941,485

 Foster tuition
 454,381

 PILOT
 39,986

 \$ 1,435,852

The District has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

#### 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Beginning		F	Reductions/	Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Re	classifications	<u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not depreciated:					
Land	\$ 230,750	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 230,750
Construction-in-progress	 21,744,415	 258,250		(4,404,261)	 17,598,404
Total nondepreciable assets	21,975,165	258,250		(4,404,261)	17,829,154
Capital assets that are depreciated:					
Land improvements Buildings and building	2,129,841	20,693		-	2,150,534
improvements	62,904,482	7,975		4,404,261	67,316,718
Furniture and equipment	11,808,959	195,234		(996,383)	11,007,810
Total depreciable assets	76,843,282	223,902		3,407,878	80,475,062
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Land improvements	1,986,587	15,684		-	2,002,271
Buildings and building	<b>50.040.040</b>				== 400 4=0
improvements	52,048,649	383,809		-	52,432,458
Furniture and equipment	 8,578,348	 676,355		(996,383)	 8,258,320
Total accumulated depreciation	 62,613,584	 1,075,848		(996,383)	62,693,049
Total capital assets, net	\$ 36,204,863	\$ (593,696)	\$		\$ 35,611,167

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$ 103,006
Instruction	908,510
Pupil transportation	 64,332
	\$ 1,075,848

#### 8. RIGHT-TO-USE ASSET

The District has recorded right-to-use assets for leased equipment. The related leases are discussed in the Lease liabilities subsection of the Long-Term Liabilities section in Note 10. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases.

Right-to-use asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	•	nning <u>ance</u>	<u>A</u>	dditions	Red	<u>uctions</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities:							
Right-to-use assets: Leased equipment	\$	-	\$	401,113	\$	-	\$ 401,113
Less accumulated amortization: Leased equipment		-		100,345		-	100,345
Total right-to-use assets, net	\$	-	\$	300,768	\$	-	\$ 300,768

Amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$ 3,229
Instruction	 97,116
	\$ 100,345

#### 9. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Begir	nning			E	nding
	Bala	nce	Issued	Redeemed	B	alance
TAN matured on 6/24/22 at 1.50%	\$	-	\$ 21,000,000	\$ 21,000,000	\$	-

Interest on short-term debt for the year was \$256,375.

## 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Re	eductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Oue Within One Year
Governmental activities:		Balanco	 , taditionio		-	 Balarios	 0110 1 001
Bonds payable	\$	15,115,000	\$ -	\$	950,000	\$ 14,165,000	\$ 1,050,000
Unamortized bond premiums		136,864	 -		10,528	 126,336	 10,528
Total bonds payable, net		15,251,864	-		960,528	14,291,336	1,060,528
Installment purchase debt							
payable		5,134,419	-		951,493	4,182,926	980,700
Lease liabilities		-	358,821		85,783	273,038	88,392
Workers' compensation							
claims payable		1,600,001	838,163		829,838	1,608,326	-
Other post-employment							
benefits	:	215,986,658	12,566,679	6	66,945,125	161,608,212	-
Compensated absences		6,077,479	-		384,413	5,693,066	350,823
Total long-term liabilities	\$ :	244,050,421	\$ 13,763,663	\$ 7	70,157,180	\$ 187,656,904	\$ 2,480,443

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impracticable to determine these amounts separately. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following is a summary of long-term indebtedness:

Description of Issue	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Outstanding at 6/30/22
Installment purchase debt	04/19/11	08/15/26	3.24%	\$ 3,822,244
Installment purchase debt	08/23/19	09/15/23	2.215%	360,682
Serial bond	08/09/18	08/01/33	2.00-3.00%	14,165,000
				\$ 18,347,926

The following is a summary of the maturing debt service requirements:

	 Installment P	Purchase Debt			Bonds Payable				
	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
Year Ended									
<u>June 30,</u>									
2023	\$ 980,700	\$	125,213	\$	1,050,000	\$	409,200	\$	2,565,113
2024	1,010,819		95,095		1,050,000		377,700		2,533,614
2025	855,523		64,034		1,075,000		345,825		2,340,382
2026	883,426		36,132		1,125,000		312,825		2,357,383
2027	452,458		7,319		1,150,000		278,700		1,888,477
2028-2032	-		-		6,135,000		854,025		6,989,025
2033-2034	 -				2,580,000		77,400		2,657,400
	\$ 4,182,926	\$	327,793	\$	14,165,000	\$	2,655,675	\$	21,331,394

Interest on long-term debt for the year was comprised of:

Interest paid	\$ 603,211
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(260,442)
Less amortization of bond premium	(10,528)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	226,925
Interest expense	\$ 559,166

#### Lease liabilities

The District has entered into agreements to lease certian equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB Statement No. 87 and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payements as of July 1, 2021.

The first agreement was executed June 1, 2021, to lease an equipment and requires 48 monthly payments of \$286. There are no variable payment componets of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 0.25%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$9,569 as of June 30, 2022. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the Right-To-Use Assets section in Note 8.

The second agreement was executed July 29, 2021, to lease an equipment and requires 48 monthly payments of \$7,662. There are no variable payment componets of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 0.25%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$263,469 as of June 30, 2022. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the Right-To-Use Assets section in Note 8.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	F	Principal		nterest	Total		
2023 2024 2025	\$	88,392 91,081 93,565	\$	6,982 4,294 1,524	\$	95,374 95,375 95,089	
	\$	\$ 273,038		12,800	\$	285,838	

#### 11. PENSION OBLIGATIONS

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("NYSERS") and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("NYSTRS") (the "Systems").

#### Plan descriptions and benefits provided

#### Employees' Retirement System

The New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing, multipleemployer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the "Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the NYSERS. NYSERS benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in NYSERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan ("NYSGLIP"), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. NYSERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

#### Teachers' Retirement System

The New York State Teachers' Retirement System is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. NYSTRS is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. NYSTRS benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York public schools and BOCES who elected to participate in NYSTRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in NYSTRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding NYSTRS, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the NYSTRS website at www.nystrs.org.

#### Contributions

The Systems are noncontributory for the employee who joined prior to July 27, 1976 (tiers I and II). For employees who joined the Systems after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary (tiers III and IV). For NYSERS, employees who joined the System between January 1, 2010 and April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3% of their salary (tier V). For NYSTRS, employees who joined the System between January 1, 2010 and April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3.5% of their salary (tier V). In addition, employee contribution rates (3% to 6%) under NYSERS and NYSTRS tier VI (those who joined after April 1, 2012) vary based on a sliding salary scale. With the exception of NYSERS and NYSTRS tier V and VI employees, employees in the System more than ten years are no longer required to contribute. For NYSERS, the Comptroller certifies the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually, which are used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for NYSTRS.

The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. Required contributions for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

	NY	SERS	NYS	STRS
	•	Percentage of	•	Percentage of
		Covered		Covered
Year	Contribution	Payroll	Contribution	Payroll
2022	\$ 1,808,012	14.51%	\$ 4,782,449	9.38%
2021	1,607,965	13.69%	4,455,128	8.73%
2020	1,501,715	12.61%	5,284,085	10.32%

<u>Pension assets (liabilities), pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows</u> of resources related to pensions

The net pension asset was measured as of March 31, 2022 for NYSERS and June 30, 2021 for NYSTRS. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the NYSERS and NYSTRS Systems in reports issued to the District.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) for each of the Systems:

	NYSERS	NYSTRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021
Net pension asset	\$ 2,819,566	\$ 51,235,162
District's portion of the Plans' total net position asset	0.0344918%	0.2956610%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$335,146 for NYSERS and pension income of \$2,855,082 for NYSTRS. At June 30, 2022, the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of Resources - Resources - NYSERS NYSERS		Deferred Outflows of Resources - NYSTRS	Deferred Inflows of Resources - NYSTRS	
Differences between expected experience and actual experience	\$ 213,530	\$ 276,960	\$ 7,062,224	\$ 266,189	
Changes of assumptions	4,705,539	79,401	16,852,316	2,984,297	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	9,232,896	-	53,622,899	
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	532,681	1,596	414,838	47,613	
Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	394,512	<u> </u>	5,209,984		
Total	\$ 5,846,262	\$ 9,590,853	\$ 29,539,362	\$ 56,920,998	

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset or a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	NYSERS		NYSTRS	
	_			
2022	\$	(532,135)	\$	(6,531,627)
2023		(882,765)		(7,659,312)
2024		(2,287,312)		(9,710,173)
2025		(436,891)		(12,852,823)
2026		-		2,451,610
Thereafter		-		1,710,705

#### Actuarial assumptions

The total pension asset (liability) as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset (liability) to the measurement date.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	NYSERS	NYSTRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2021	June 30, 2020
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.40%	*Rates of increase differ based on service
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.70%	2.40%

<sup>\*</sup>The salary scale used for NYSTRS changes based upon levels of service as defined below:

Service	Rate
5	5.18%
15	3.64%
25	2.50%
35	1.95%

For NYSERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 system's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2020. For NYSTRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020 system's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020.

For NYSERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020. For NYSTRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	NYSERS		NYS	TRS
	Target allocation	Long-term rate	Target allocation	Long-term rate
Measurement date	March 3	1, 2022	June 30	0, 2021
Asset Type:				
Cash	1.00%	(1.00%)	1.00%	(0.20%)
Credit	4.00%	3.78%	-	-
Domestic equities	32.00%	3.30%	33.00%	6.80%
Domestic fixed income	-	-	16.00%	1.30%
Fixed income	23.00%	0.00%	-	-
Global equities	-	-	4.00%	7.10%
Global fixed income	-	-	2.00%	0.80%
High-yield fixed income	-	-	1.00%	3.80%
International equity	15.00%	5.85%	16.00%	7.60%
Opportunistic portfolio	3.00%	4.10%	-	-
Private debt	-	-	1.00%	5.90%
Private equity	10.00%	6.50%	8.00%	10.00%
Real assets	3.00%	5.58%	-	-
Real estate debt	-	-	7.00%	3.30%
Real estate equities	9.00%	5.00%	11.00%	6.50%
	100.00%		100.00%	

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was 5.90% for NYSERS and 6.95% for NYSTRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

#### Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to the discount rate assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for NYSERS and 6.95% for NYSTRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.90% for NYSERS and 5.95% for NYSTRS) or 1-percentage point higher (6.90% for NYSERS and 7.95% for NYSTRS) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	assumption	1% Increase	
<u>NYSERS</u>	(4.90%)	(5.90%)	(6.90%)	
Employer's proportionate share				
of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (7,257,532)	\$ 2,819,566	\$ 11,248,571	

				Current		
	1%	6 Decrease	;	assumption	1	% Increase
<u>NYSTRS</u>		(5.95%)		(6.95%)		(7.95%)
Employer's proportionate share						
of the net pension asset	\$	5,376,383	\$	51,235,162	\$	89,776,139

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

		<b>N</b> N/0550	(Dolla	rs in Thousands)	<b>-</b>
		NYSERS		NYSTRS	 Total
Measurement date	М	arch 31, 2022	Jı	une 30, 2021	
Employers' total pension asset	\$	223,874,888	\$	130,819,415	\$ 354,694,303
Plan net position		232,049,473		148,148,457	 380,197,930
Employers' net pension asset	\$	8,174,585	\$	17,329,042	\$ 25,503,627
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset		103.65%		113.25%	107.19%

#### Payables to the pension plan

For NYSERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022 based on paid NYSERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$394,512.

For NYSTRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2022, through a State aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 based on paid NYSTRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the NYSTRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$5,483,888.

#### 12. <u>INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u>

Fund		Interfund			
General	Receivable \$ 6,216,627 \$	<u>Payable</u> 3,475,360	Revenues \$ -	Expenditures \$ 700,000	
Special Aid	\$ 6,216,627 \$ 462,047	2,990,209	200,000	φ 700,000 -	
School Lunch	-	4,090	-	-	
Capital Projects		209,015	500,000		
Totals	\$ 6,678,674 \$	6,678,674	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	

Interfund receivables and payables are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. Amounts owed to the General Fund represent borrowings to pay for expenditures incurred in the Special Aid Fund. Special Aid Fund revenues are mostly reimbursement-type grants. The Capital Projects Fund owes interest and bond premiums to the General Fund to offset future debt service.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. Interfund transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund are part of the voter approved budget. Interfund transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund are for the District's portion of summer school special education programs.

#### 13. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB")

#### A. General information about the OPEB plan

#### Plan description

The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board of Education. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

#### Benefits provided

The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent of which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

As of July 1, 2021, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	594
Active plan members	391
Total plan members	985

#### B. <u>Total OPEB liability</u>

The District's total OPEB liability of \$161,608,212 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

#### Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, with update procedures used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary increases 2.60% average, including inflation

Discount rate 3.54%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.1% scaling down to 4.1% over 54

years

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 0% to 8% of projected health

insurance premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on the June 30, 2022 Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2021.

#### C. Changes in the total OPEB liability

Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$ 215,986,658
Changes for the year -	
Service cost	7,786,040
Interest	4,780,639
Differences between expected and actual experience	(23,395,521)
Change in assumptions or other inputs	(38,629,695)
Benefit payments	 (4,919,909)
Net changes	 (54,378,446)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 161,608,212

#### Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.54%) or one percentage point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease (2.54%)	assumption (3.54%)	1% Increase (4.54%)				
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022	\$ 188,637,796	\$ 161,608,212	\$ 139,813,737				

#### Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (4.1%) or one percentage point higher (6.1%) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	assumption	1% Increase
	(4.10%	(5.10%	(6.10%
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
	3.10%)	4.10%)	5.10%)
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022	\$ 138,391,946	\$ 161,608,212	\$ 191,385,516

# D. <u>OPEB expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(3,072,273). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Demographic gains or losses	\$ 358,502	\$ 19,447,450
Changes of assumptions	1,100,028	46,430,752
Total	\$ 1,458,530	\$ 65,878,202

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	
2023	\$ (15,638,952)
2024	(15,638,952)
2025	(14,021,981)
2026	(10,564,586)
2027	(8,555,201)

#### 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters and other risks. These risks are covered by a combination of self-insurance reserves and commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

The District participates in New York Schools Insurance Reciprocal ("NYSIR"), a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its District property and liability insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of certain defined limits, and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

The District participates in the Suffolk County Schools Cooperative Self-Insurance Plan, a risk-retained pool, to insure Workers' Compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to Workers' Compensation claims. The District's share of the liability for unbilled and open claims is \$1,608,326.

#### 15. <u>CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS</u>

#### Government grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

#### Property tax cap

In June 2011, the New York State Legislature enacted Chapter 97, Laws of 2011 Real Property Tax Levy Cap and Mandate Relief Provisions. For fiscal years through at least June 15, 2022, growth in the property tax levy (the total amount to be raised through property taxes charged on a municipality's taxable assessed value of property) will be capped at 2 percent, plus the inflation factor (but not less than 0 percent), whichever is less, with some exceptions. The New York State Comptroller set the allowable levy growth factor for local governments for fiscal years beginning July 1, 2021 at 1.01% (before exemptions). School districts can exceed the tax levy limit by a 60% vote of the governing body, subject to voter approval.

#### Service concession arrangements

In accordance with GASB Pronouncements, the District is required to recognize a liability for certain obligations to sacrifice financial resources (i.e. capital improvements) under the terms of a service concession arrangement or, a deferred inflow of resources for up-front or installment payments received from the operator in advance of the revenue being earned. The District did not have any service concession arrangements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and accordingly, no liability or deferred inflow of resources was reflected on the District's financial statements.

#### Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of business. Some of these lawsuits seek damages which may be in excess of the District's insurance coverage. However, it is not possible to determine the District's potential exposure, if any, at this time.

#### 16. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Town of Babylon Industrial Development Agency ("IDA"), enters into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development. The District receives Payment in Lieu of Tax (PILOT) payments to compensate the District for any tax reductions from these tax abatement programs.

#### 17. FUTURE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The District will evaluate the impact each of these upcoming pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material. The following is a list of GASB pronouncements issued but not yet effective:

GASB Statement No.	GASB Accounting Standard	Effective Fiscal Year
Statement No. 91	Conduit Debt Obligations	June 30, 2023
Statement No. 94	Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements	June 30, 2023
Statement No. 96	Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements	June 30, 2023

#### 18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the Statement of Net Position through the date of October 11, 2022 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, noting no matters requiring further consideration.

# DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Original Budget	_	Revised Budget	_	Actual	Year-end cumbrances	,	Variance
REVENUES									
Local sources:	Φ.	00 000 017	Φ.	00 004 045	Φ.	00 004 004		Φ.	40
Real property taxes	\$	68,800,817	\$	68,981,215	\$	68,981,234		\$	19
Other tax items		11,444,733		11,264,335		12,042,427			778,092
Charges for services		670,000		670,000		515,198			(154,802)
Use of money and property		396,226		396,226		356,147			(40,079)
Sale of property and compensation for loss		100		100		76,314			76,214
Miscellaneous		2,925,000		2,925,000		3,003,949			78,949
Total local sources		84,236,876		84,236,876		84,975,269			738,393
State sources		33,908,836		33,908,836		33,308,494			(600,342)
Federal sources		95,000		95,000		184,643			89,643
Total revenues		118,240,712		118,240,712		118,468,406			227,694
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Premium on bond issuance		280,000		280,000		234,150			(45,850)
Issuance of leases		-		-		358,820			358,820
Prior year encumbrances		2,365,750		2,365,750		-			N/A
Appropriated reserves		3,248,887		3,248,887		-			N/A
Total revenues and other financing sources		124,135,349		124,135,349		119,061,376		\$	540,664
EXPENDITURES									
General support:									
Board of Education		84,554		88,375		75,720	\$ 2,836	\$	9,819
Central administration		348,336		350,234		347,268	92		2,874
Finance		1,484,885		1,338,018		1,205,127	69,100		63,791
Staff		588,454		643,317		551,491	38,777		53,049
Central services		9,086,846		9,294,026		8,158,429	750,885		384,712
Special items		1,098,584		1,062,584		1,024,420	 26,339		11,825
Total general support		12,691,659		12,776,554		11,362,455	888,029		526,070
Instruction:									
Instruction, administration and improvement		5,408,853		5,464,919		5,334,093	45,410		85,416
Teaching - regular school		34,083,104		33,758,736		32,978,885	209,875		569,976
Programs for children with handicapping conditions		18,274,749		18,298,720		17,141,419	924,320		232,981
Teaching - special school		154,371		155,441		110,195	_		45,246
Instructional media		2,908,427		3,188,645		3,244,202	170,527		(226,084)
Pupil services		7,781,979		7,801,780		7,336,624	39,021		426,135
Total instruction		68,611,483		68,668,241		66,145,418	1,389,153		1,133,670
Pupil transportation		5,681,178		6,010,423		5,579,482	303,227		127,714
Employee benefits		32,774,917		32,774,917		30,961,512	-		1,813,405
Debt service:		32,114,911		32,774,917		30,901,312	_		1,013,403
Principal Principal		2,347,493		2,197,295		1,987,276			210,019
Interest		1,328,619		1,007,919		859,586	-		148,333
Total expenditures		123,435,349		123,435,349		116,895,729	2,580,409		3,959,211
		· · · · ·		•		•	· •		· · · · ·
OTHER FINANCING USES		700 000		700 000		700 000			
Interfund transfers out		700,000		700,000		700,000			-
Total expenditures and other financing uses		124,135,349		124,135,349		117,595,729	\$ 2,580,409	\$	3,959,211
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	<u>-</u>		1,465,647			
Fund balance, beginning of year						23,453,277			
Tund balance, beginning or year						20,100,211			

## Note to Required Supplementary Information

## **Budget Basis of Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

Measurement date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability:					
Service cost	\$ 7,786,040	\$ 7,824,977	\$ 7,825,926	\$ 8,827,845	\$ 8,570,723
Interest	4,780,639	4,690,533	7,589,747	6,753,906	6,447,605
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	(8,538)	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(23,395,521)	-	729,368	-	(228,370)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(38,629,695)	1,747,102	(15,523,524)	(17,760,967)	-
Benefit payments	(4,919,909)	(5,355,263)	(5,071,699)	(5,132,273)	(4,546,148)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(54,378,446)	8,907,349	(4,458,720)	(7,311,489)	10,243,810
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	215,986,658	207,079,309	211,538,029	218,849,518	208,605,708
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 161,608,212	\$ 215,986,658	\$ 207,079,309	\$ 211,538,029	\$ 218,849,518
Covered payroll	\$ 39,000,486	\$ 37,791,911	\$ 37,791,911	\$ 52,468,704	\$ 52,468,704
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	414.37%	571.52%	547.95%	403.17%	417.10%

#### Note to Required Supplementary Information

Ten years of historical information was not available upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until ten years of historical data is available.

The District has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay OPEB benefits, as New York State currently does not allow school districts to establish this type of trust. The District currently contributes enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis.

# DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/(LIABILITY) - NYSERS & NYSTRS LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

_		_	_	_	_
Ν	ΙY	c	ᆮ	D	c

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.03449%	0.03365%	0.03341%	0.03306%	0.03320%	0.03309%	0.34160%	0.33999%	0.33999%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 2,820	\$ (34)	\$ (8,846)	\$ (2,342)	\$ (1,072)	\$ (3,109)	\$ (5,483)	\$ (1,149)	\$ (1,536)
District's covered payroll	\$ 12,286	\$ 11,653	\$ 11,583	\$ 9,957	\$ 10,197	\$ 9,801	\$ 9,574	\$ 9,450	\$ 9,427
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of covered payroll	22.95%	0.29%	76.37%	23.52%	10.51%	31.72%	57.27%	12.16%	16.29%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/(liability)	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.68%	97.95%	97.20%
Discount rate	5.90%	5.90%	6.80%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.50%	7.50%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined (bi-annually) as of March 31.

#### **NYSTRS**

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.29566%	0.29625%	0.29809%	0.30365%	0.30365%	0.30662%	0.30253%	0.30687%	0.30582%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 51,235	\$ (8,186)	\$ 7,744	\$ 5,470	\$ 2,308	\$ (3,284)	\$ 31,424	\$ 34,184	\$ 2,013
District's covered payroll	\$ 51,005	\$ 51,205	\$ 50,558	\$ 50,026	\$ 53,532	\$ 60,079	\$ 42,020	\$ 33,088	\$ 41,674
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of covered payroll	100.45%	15.99%	15.32%	10.93%	4.31%	5.47%	74.78%	103.31%	4.83%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/(liability)	113.25%	97.76%	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%	100.70%
Discount rate	6.95%	7.10%	7.10%	7.25%	7.25%	7.50%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined (bi-annually) as of June 30.

## Note to Required Supplementary Information

Ten years of historical information was not available upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until ten years of historical data is available.

## DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - NYSERS & NTSTRS LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
NYSERS									
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,808	\$ 1,608	\$ 1,502	\$ 1,409	\$ 1,433	\$ 1,455	\$ 1,673	\$ 1,827	\$ 2,033
Contributions in relation to the									
contractually required contribution	1,808	1,608	1,502	1,409	1,433	1,455	1,673	1,827	2,033
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 12,463	\$ 11,745	\$ 11,905	\$ 10,853	\$ 10,321	\$ 9,801	\$ 9,574	\$ 9,450	\$ 9,427
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.51%	13.69%	12.61%	12.99%	13.89%	14.85%	17.47%	19.33%	21.57%
NYSTRS									
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,782	\$ 4,455	\$ 5,284	\$ 4,829	\$ 5,640	\$ 6,274	\$ 7,966	\$ 7,366	\$ 5,377
Contributions in relation to the									
contractually required contribution	4,782	4,455	5,284	4,829	5,640	6,274	7,966	7,366	5,377
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 53,163	\$ 51,005	\$ 51,205	\$ 50,558	\$ 50,026	\$ 53,532	\$ 60,079	\$ 42,020	\$ 33,088
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.00%	8.73%	10.32%	9.55%	11.27%	11.72%	13.26%	17.53%	16.25%

# Note to Required Supplementary Information

Ten years of historical information was not available upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until ten years of historical data is available.

# DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Change from adopted budget to revised budget:		
Adopted budget		\$ 121,769,599
Add: Prior year's encumbrances		2,365,750
Revised budget		\$ 124,135,349
§ 1318 of the real property tax law limit calculation:		
2022-2023 voter-approved expenditure budget		\$ 127,560,238
Maximum allowed (4% of 2022-2023 budget)		\$ 5,102,410
Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:		
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$ 4,791,693 5,102,409	\$ 9,894,102
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances	2,211,284 2,580,409	 4,791,693
Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$ 5,102,409
Actual percentage		 4.00%

# DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING SOURCES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Expenditures				Methods of	of Financing		
Project Title	Original Appropriation	Revised Appropriation	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	State Aid	Local Sources	Total	Fund Balance June 30, 2022
Additional Roof Repairs	\$ 90,000	\$ 358,599	\$ 347,886	\$ -	\$ 347,886	\$ 10,713	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 358,599	\$ 358,599	\$ 10,713
Capital Project/Rescue	159,882	181,468	75,813	-	75,813	105,655	· -	· _	181,468	181,468	105,655
Facilities Inspection	46,736	90,233	84,945	-	84,945	5,288	_	-	90,233	90,233	5,288
Kennedy Roof Replacement	853,399	, -	-	-	, -	-	_	-	, -	, -	, -
Adams Security/Parking lot	136,664	131,327	131,327	_	131,327	-	_	_	131,327	131,327	-
Kennedy Security	19,311	17,214	17,214	_	17,214	-	_	_	17,214	17,214	-
Lincoln Security	19,299	715	715	_	715	-	_	_	715	715	-
May Moore Security/Parking lot	145,981	141,652	141,652	_	141,652	-	_	_	141,652	141,652	-
High School Security/Sidewalks	250,331	170,594	170,594	_	170,594	-	_	_	170,594	170,594	-
Frost Security	19,331	15,698	15,698	_	15,698	-	_	_	15,698	15,698	-
High School Auditorium	25,321	22,905	22,905	_	22,905	-	_	_	22,905	22,905	-
High School Roof	271,624	189,725	189,725	_	189,725	-	_	_	189,725	189,725	-
Transportation Roof	53,188	1,663	1,663	_	1,663	-	_	_	1,663	1,663	-
High School Parking Lot	2,853	192,997	192,997	_	192,997	-	_	_	192,997	192,997	-
High School Pool Regrouting/Construction	60,000	48,373	48,373	_	48,373	-	_	_	48,373	48,373	-
Kennedy Asbestos Removal	90,000	322,531	322,531	_	322,531	-	_	_	322,531	322,531	-
JQA Public Announcement System	25,000	20,582	20,582	_	20,582	-	_	_	20,582	20,582	-
Frost Family and Consumer Room	200,000	305,486	305,486	_	305,486	-	_	_	305,486	305,486	-
Phase 1 May Moore Improvements	1,056,428	1,056,428	1,056,428	_	1,056,428	-	1,056,428	_	-	1,056,428	-
Phase 1 Robert Frost Improvements	410,616	410,616	410,616	_	410,616	-	410,616	_	<del>-</del>	410,616	-
Phase 1 High School Improvements	1,429,515	1,429,515	1,429,515	_	1,429,515	-	1,429,515	_	<del>-</del>	1,429,515	-
Phase 2 Memorial	1,170,719	1,170,719	1,170,719	-	1,170,719	_	1,170,719	_	_	1,170,719	_
Phase 2 May Moore Improvements	918,459	918,459	918,459	-	918,459	_	918,459	_	_	918,459	_
Phase 2 JQA Improvements	638,262	638,262	638,262	_	638,262	_	638,262	_	_	638,262	_
Phase 2 High School Improvements	842,621	916,023	907,696	_	907,696	8,327	907,696	_	<del>-</del>	907,696	-
Phase 2 JFK Improvements	3,339,398	3,339,398	3,339,398	_	3,339,398	-	3,339,398	_	<del>-</del>	3,339,398	-
Phase 2 Robert Frost Improvements	5,380,040	5,457,133	5,417,436	_	5,417,436	39,697	5,417,436	_	_	5,417,436	_
JFK Library Improvements	194,114	194,114	194,114	_	194,114	-	194,114	_	<del>-</del>	194,114	-
JQA Roof	1,314,401	1,314,401	1,314,401	_	1,314,401	_	1,314,401	_	_	1,314,401	_
JQA Canopy and Asphalt	268,000	968,367	968,367	_	968,367	_	-	_	968,367	968,367	_
May Moore Canopy	67,000	124,805	124,805	_	124,805	_	_	_	124,805	124,805	_
JFK Paving	65,000	65,000	65,000	_	65,000	-	_	_	65,000	65,000	-
Heat Exchange Upgrades	100,000	100,000	67,000	-	67,000	33,000	_	_	67,000	67,000	_
Smart School Bond Project	88,622	1,008,489	978,431	_	978,431	30,058	_	978,431	-	978,431	-
Lincoln Emergency Boiler Replacement	484,765	488,686	488,686	_	488,686	-	211,586	-	277,100	488,686	_
JFK Asbestos Abatement	103,838	117,251	6,345	110,268	116,613	638	-	_	123,596	123,596	6,983
May Moore Asbestos Abatement	2,107	2,107	2,107	-	2,107	-	_	_	2,107	2,107	-
High School Asbestos Abatement	96,475	92,894	91,414	_	91,414	1,480	_	_	92,894	92,894	1,480
JQA Asbestos Abatement	101,000	103,901	103,901	-	103,901	-	_	_	103,901	103,901	-
Robert Frost Asbestos Abatement	742	124,171	124,171	_	124,171	-	_	_	124,171	124,171	-
High School Improvements	1,224,097	1,264,547	1,228,037	_	1,228,037	36,510	_	_	1,264,547	1,264,547	36,510
JFK Awning	-	135,838	6,758	135,838	142,596	(6,758)	_	_	135,838	135,838	(6,758)
JFK Electric	136,321	143,798	1,678	3,516	5,194	138,604	_	_	141,754	141,754	136,560
High School Electric	1,931	1,931	1,678	126	1,804	127	_	_	1,804	1,804	-
Robert Frost Electric	1,931	1,931	1,678	126	1,804	127	_	_	1,804	1,804	-
Asbestos Abatement	201,460	202,996	202,996	-	202,996	-	_	_	202,996	202,996	-
Buses	891,052	891,052	891,052	_	891,052	-	891,052	_	-	891,052	-
May Moore Public Announcement System	2,600	2,600	1,452	_	1,452	1,148	-	_	1,452	1,452	-
JQA Public Announcement System/Fire Alarm	11,000	11,000	6,960	_	6,960	4,040	_	_	6,960	6,960	<u>-</u>
High School Auditorium Stage Lighting	83,840	92,974	1,716	8,376	10,092	82,882	-	-	47,345	47,345	37,253
Unallocated Funds	1,422,289	1,047,649	-	-	-	-	- -	-	558,444	558,444	558,444
Undesignated Projects	46,897	46,897	-	- -	<u>-</u>	46,897	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	\$ 24,564,460	\$ 26,095,714	\$ 24,251,382	\$ 258,250	\$ 24,509,632	\$ 538,433	\$ 17,899,682	\$ 978,431	\$ 6,523,647	\$ 25,401,760	\$ 892,128
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### DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS JUNE 30, 2022

Capital assets, net			\$ 35,611,167
Add:	φ	200 760	
Right-to-use assets, net Unspent bond proceeds	\$	300,768 892,128	1,192,896
Deduct: Short-term portion of lease liabilities Long-term portion of lease liabilities		88,392 184,646	
Short-term portion of bond payable, net Long-term portion of bond payable, net		1,060,528 13,230,808	
Short-term portion of installment purchase debt payable Long-term portion of installment purchase debt payable		980,700 3,202,226	18,747,300
Long-term portion of installment purchase debt payable		3,202,220	10,747,300
Net investment in capital assets			\$ 18,056,763

### DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass - Through Grantor/ Cluster Title/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass - Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed - Through Programs From:				
New York State Department of Education				
Special Education Cluster: IDEA, Part B, Section 611, Special Education Grants to States IDEA, Part B, Section 611, Special Education Grants to States IDEA, Part B, Section 619, Special Education Preschool Grants IDEA, Part B, Section 619, Special Education Preschool Grants	84.027A 84.027A 84.173A 84.173A	0032-21-0876 0032-22-0876 0033-21-0876 0033-22-0876	\$ 9,492 899,827 4,481 49,547	
Total Special Education Cluster			963,347	
Title I, Part A, Cluster: ESEA, Title I, Part A, Grants to Local Educational Agencies ESEA, Title I, Part A, Grants to Local Educational Agencies  Total Title I, Part A, Cluster	84.010A 84.010A	0021-21-2950 0021-22-2950	11,074 403,301 414,375	
Education Stabilization Fund Cluster:				
CRRSA Act, ESF, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund 2 CRRSA Act, ESF, Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund 2 ARP Act, ESF, Universal Pre-Kindergarten Program ARP Act, ESF, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund 3 ARP Act, ESF, ESSER 1% State-Level Reserve - Comprehensive After School ARP Act, ESF, ESSER 1% State-Level Reserve - Summer Learning and Enrichment	84.425D 84.425C 84.425U 84.425U 84.425U 84.425U	5891-21-2950 5896-21-2950 0409-21-2950 5880-21-2950 5883-21-2950 5882-21-2950	404,044 167,324 457,992 810,107 39,158 115,645	
Total Education Stabilization Fund Cluster			1,994,270	
ESEA, Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment ESEA, Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment ESEA, Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition Grants ESEA, Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition Grants ESEA, Title II, Part A, Training ESEA, Title II, Part A, Training	84.424A 84.424A 84.365A 84.365A 84.367A	0204-21-1535 0204-22-1535 0293-21-2950 0293-22-2950 0147-21-2950 0147-22-2950	497 12,426 38,949 8,479 32,465 52,329	
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,517,137	
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed - Through Program From:				
New York State Office of General Services				
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	10.553 10.555	N/A N/A	400,333 1,766,651	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,166,984	
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES			\$ 5,684,121	

# DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Deer Park Union Free School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirement of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

#### 2. Basis of Accounting

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures.

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received, which is provided by New York State.

#### 3. <u>Indirect Costs</u>

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### 4. Subrecipients

No amounts were provided to subrecipients.

#### 5. Other Disclosures

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year end.

#### 6. <u>Major Program Determination</u>

The District was deemed to be a "low-risk auditee", therefore, major programs were determined based on 20% of total federal award expenditures.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Deer Park Union Free School District Town of Babylon, New York:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Deer Park Union Free School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 11, 2022.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# Nawrocki Smith

#### Report on Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Navvoclii Smith UP

Hauppauge, New York October 11, 2022



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Deer Park Union Free School District Town of Babylon, New York:

#### Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion of Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Deer Park Union Free School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District compiled, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

# Nawrocki Smith

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
  necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

# Nawrocki Smith

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Navrocli Smith UP

Hauppauge, New York October 11, 2022

#### DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### A. Summary Of Auditor's Results:

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No deficiencies or material weaknesses were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. One instance of noncompliance was disclosed during the audit as discussed in section B below.
- 4. No deficiencies or material weaknesses were disclosed during the audit of the major federal award programs.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. No audit findings relative to the major federal award programs that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516 (a) of the Uniform Guidance, were disclosed during the audit.
- 7. The programs tested as a major program included:

#### CFDA Number Name of Federal Program

	<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> -
84.425D	CRRSA Act, ESF, Elementary and Secondary
	School Emergency Relief Fund 2
84.425C	CRRSA Act, ESF, Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund 2
84.425U	ARP Act, ESF, Universal Pre-Kindergarten Program
84.425U	ARP Act, ESF, Elementary and Secondary
	School Emergency Relief Fund 3
84.425U	ARP Act, ESF, ESSER 1% State-Level Reserve –
	Comprehensive After School
84.425U	ARP Act, ESF, ESSER 1% State-Level Reserve –
	Summer Learning and Enrichment

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

#### B. Findings - Financial Statement Audit

2022-001 The submission of the Annual Financial Report on Form ST-3 to the New York State Education Department did not occur until subsequent to the filing deadline.

<u>Condition</u>: The District did not fulfill its annual reporting requirement to the New York State Education Department in accordance with the requisite due date.

<u>Criteria</u>: Pursuant to NYS Education Law §3601, the ST-3 Annual Financial Report is required to be submitted by September 2, 2022.

<u>Effect</u>: The District did not fulfill its New York State Education Department reporting requirement as of the required submission date.

<u>Cause</u>: Information necessary to complete the submission was not readily available, therefore, the Annual Financial Report on Form ST-3 was not prepared on a timely basis.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The District should implement procedures to ensure sufficient time to comply with New York State Education Department reporting requirements.

Response: The District will develop a work schedule to ensure timely completion of all financial reports in the upcoming year.

#### C. Findings And Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None reported.

#### DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **Findings - Financial Statement Audit**

2021-001 Recommendation - The District should implement procedures to ensure sufficient time to comply with New York State Education Department reporting requirements.

Status - We noted this recommendation was not implemented.

#### <u>Findings And Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit</u>

None reported.

#### DEER PARK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

This section presents our findings and recommendations noted during the audit of the financial statements of the Deer Park Union Free School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, as well as the status of recommendations made in connection with prior audits of the financial statements.

#### **CURRENT YEAR RECOMMENDATION:**

We noted no other areas of improvement as a result of our audit procedures for the current year.

#### STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATION:

1. Recommendation – It was recommended that the detailed capital asset listings be maintained on a current basis and be periodically reconciled to annual activity. We also recommended the District conduct a full physical inventory of its capital assets during the upcoming year.

Status - We noted that this recommendation is in the process of being implemented.