Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended May 31, 2020

Table of Contents

	Page No.
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Activities	16
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-	
Wide Statement of Net Position	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	21
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	00
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	24
Budget and Actual - General, Water and Public Library Funds	24 26
Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Fiduciary Fund Notes to Financial Statements	20 27
Required Supplementary Information	21
Other Post Employment Benefits	
Schedule of Changes in the Village's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	55
New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System	
Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	56
Schedule of Contributions	56
New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System	
Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	57
Schedule of Contributions	57
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules	
Major Governmental Funds	
General Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	58
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	59
Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget	61
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget	64
Water Fund	07
Comparative Balance Sheet	67
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	60
Budget and Actual	68
Public Library Fund	70
Comparative Balance Sheet Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	70
Budget and Actual	71
Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget	73
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget	75

Table of Contents (Concluded)

	Page No.
Capital Projects Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	76
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance	77
Project-Length Schedule	78
Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	82
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	83
Special Purpose Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	85
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	86
Debt Service Fund	
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	87
Sewer Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	88
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	89



Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Village Board of the Village of Larchmont, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Larchmont, New York ("Village") as of and for the year ended May 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of May 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Water and Public Library funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 4C in the notes to financial statements, on March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic as a result of the spread of COVID-19 ("Coronavirus"). Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit for the year ended May 31, 2020 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended May 31, 2020 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

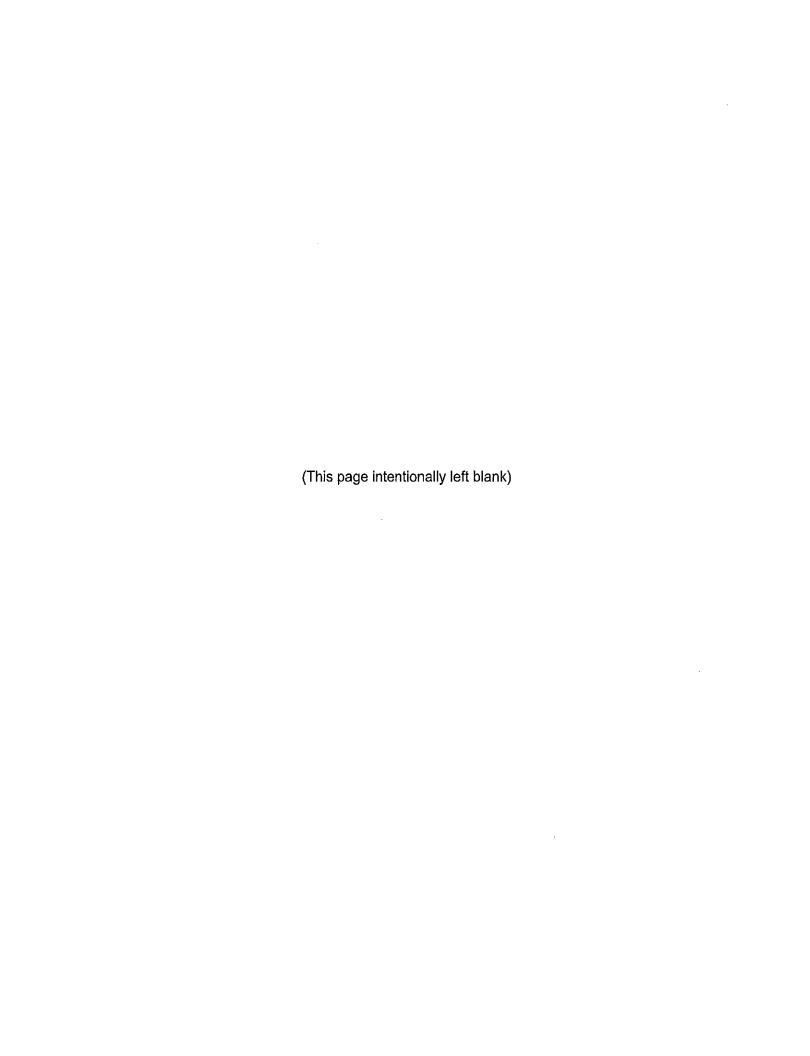
The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2020 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended May 31, 2020.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Village as of and for the year ended May 31, 2019 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated July 15, 2020, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended May 31, 2019 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2019 financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2019 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling

such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended May 31, 2019.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York December 28, 2020



Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
May 31, 2020

The following discussion and analysis of the Village of Larchmont, New York's ("Village") financial statements provides an overview of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those statements that follow this section to enhance understanding of the Village's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- On the government-wide financial statements, at the conclusion of fiscal year 2020, the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Village exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$(21,541,042) (net position), a decrease of \$1,940,476 as compared to fiscal year 2019. A deficit of \$(40,228,623) exists for unrestricted net position which is largely the result of the recognition of the liability for other post-employment benefit liabilities ("OPEB") in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". At May 31, 2020, the Village's OPEB obligations of \$38,720,460 are reflected as a liability on the government-wide financial statements, and thus impacts the unrestricted net position calculation.
- At the close of fiscal year 2019-20, the Village's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,168,582 an increase of \$781,444. Approximately 60.5% of this amount or \$3,131,958 is available for spending at the Village's discretions as unassigned fund balance.
- At the end of the fiscal year 2019-20, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,344,071 or approximately 18% of total General Fund expenditures.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total bonded debt outstanding of \$7,815,000. As required by New York State Law, all bonds issued by the Village are general obligation bonds, backed by the full faith and credit of the Village. The Village also paid down its short-term capital borrowings or bond anticipation notes (BANs") by \$150,000. The balance of such BANs at May 31, 2020 is \$652,300.
- The government-wide financial statements must report certain items in accordance with the pronouncements of the GASB. The GASB is charged with developing the accounting rules that apply to governments, including school districts and BOCES. One of the most significant of these standards, GASB Statement No. 75, requires the Village to recognize the financial impact associated with other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") liabilities. These liabilities include any benefits provided to retirees, other than a pension, including health insurance. life insurance, vision, dental, etc. This standard requires the Village to report the total, rather than net, OPEB liability related to its employees, since New York State has not authorized the establishment of an irrevocable trust to set aside assets for this purpose. The prior standard under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45 allowed for the amortization of prior service costs over a thirty-year period. As a result of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, the Village's total OPEB liability as of May 31, 2020 is \$38,720,460. The OPEB liability is reflected on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and impacts the total net position calculation. More detailed information about the Village's OPEB obligations reported in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 is presented in note 3E in the notes to financial statements. Also noteworthy is that this standard parallels the pension standard under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial

Reporting for Pensions", presented in note 3E as well. At May 31, 2020, the Village also reported in its Statement of Net Position a liability of \$10,663,200 for its proportionate share of the ERS and PFRS net pension liabilities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government support, public safety, health, transportation, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it may be useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains four major governmental funds: The General Fund, Water Fund, Public Library Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. This information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The Debt Service, Special Purpose and Sewer funds are grouped together as non-major governmental funds.

Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General Fund, Water Fund and Public Library Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Village programs. The Village maintains one type of fiduciary fund, an Agency Fund. Resources in the Agency Fund are held by the Village purely in a custodial capacity. The activity in this fund is limited to the receipt, temporary investment and remittance of resources to the appropriate individual, organization or government.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements and include individual fund financial statements and schedules of "budgets to actual" comparisons.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Over time net position may serve as one measure of a government's financial position. The Village's governmental net position had decreased by \$1,940,476 from a year ago, decreasing from \$(19,600,566) to \$(21,541,042). The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Villages governmental activities.

The following table (Table 1) reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

NET POSITION

	May 31,			
	2020	2019		
Current Assets Capital Assets, net	\$ 7,911,568 24,661,743	\$ 6,985,081 24,275,513		
Total Assets	32,573,311	31,260,594		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,347,144	2,975,965		
Current Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities	2,793,326 58,833,241	2,662,913 50,113,919		
Total Liabilities	61,626,567	52,776,832		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,834,930	1,060,293		
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	16,194,443 2,493,138 (40,228,623)	16,834,111 407,408 (36,842,085)		
Total Net Position	\$ (21,541,042)	\$ (19,600,566)		

By far, the largest component of the Village's net position is its investment in capital assets, less any debt used to acquire those assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in capital assets, is reported net of the related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must also be provided from other sources, since capital assets alone cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position amounts to \$2,493,138 and is restricted for debt service and special purpose.

The remainder of the Villages net position \$(40,228,623) is considered unrestricted.

Overall, net position decreased by \$(1,940,476).

The following table (Table 2) reflects the changes in Net Position:

CHANGE IN NET POSTION FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31,

	2020	2019
REVENUES		
Program Revenues Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	\$ 6,928,562 94,309 889,762	\$ 7,609,852 192,820 913,330
Total Program Revenues	7,912,633	8,716,002
General Revenues: Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Unrestricted use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Unrestricted State aid Miscellaneous Insurance recoveries	14,846,767 34,037 1,258,962 8,333 36,417 268,881 78,287 66,784	14,589,677 42,490 1,071,010 10,350 21,013 316,104 87,244 2,797
Total General Revenues	16,598,468	16,140,685
Total Revenues	24,511,101	24,856,687
PROGRAM EXPENSES General government support Public safety Health Transportation Culture and recreation Home and community services Interest	3,001,929 12,861,905 53,000 1,964,953 4,166,433 4,177,097 226,260	2,705,267 11,444,063 53,000 1,976,669 4,014,289 4,299,481 249,124
Total Expenses	26,451,577	24,741,893
Change in Net Position	(1,940,476)	114,794
Net Position - Beginning	(19,600,566)	3,122,618
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle		(22,837,978)
Net Position -Beginning, as restated	(19,600,566)	(19,715,360)
Net Position - Ending	\$ (21,541,042)	\$ (19,600,566)

The Village's total revenues for 2020 were \$24,511,101. The cost for all programs and services totaled \$26,451,577. The analysis below separately considers the operations of governmental activities.

Governmental Activities

Revenues:

Revenues decreased, from the prior year in all program revenue categories by a total of 345,586. This decrease is a reflection of receiving less in 2020 for in person activities due to the pandemic. Tax revenues of \$16,139,766 (66%) in 2020 and \$15,703,157 (63%) in 2019, comprised of real property taxes, other tax items and non-property taxes, represent the largest revenue sources.

Real property taxes increased to \$14,846,767 in 2020 from \$14,589,677 in 2019, or by \$257,090 which was predominately due to an increase in the total tax levy.

Expenses:

The total cost of all governmental activities in 2020 was \$26,451,577. This is approximately a 6.5% increase from \$24,741,893 in 2019.

Program expenses increased, from the prior year by \$1,709,684. Table 2 presents the cost to each of the Villages largest programs – General Government Support increased by \$296,662, Public Safety increased by \$1,417,842, Transportation decreased by \$11,716, Culture and Recreation increased by \$152,144 and Home and Community Services decreased by \$122,384. Each of these increases or decreases disclosed no discernible, significant reason for the respective increases or decreases in expense at the fund level exclusive of any previous content as discussed, however expenses within each program were influenced by increases in compensated absences and employee benefits, inclusive of OPEB liabilities, which were allocated to each program expense in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

Village Funds Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Fund Balance Reporting

GASB issued its Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", in February 2009. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 54 became effective for financial statements for the Village's fiscal period ending June 30, 2011. GASB Statement No. 54 abandoned the reserved and unreserved classifications of fund balance and replaced them with five new classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. An explanation of these classifications follows below.

Nonspendable – consists of assets that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale and principal of endowments.

<u>Restricted</u> – consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint.

<u>Assigned</u> – consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or by their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned</u> – represents the residual classification for the government's General Fund and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

According to GASB, these changes were made to bring greater clarity and consistency to fund balance reporting.

Governmental Funds

As the Village completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,168,582, which is an increase from last year's total of \$4,387,138. Exclusive of the Capital Projects Fund, the combined ending fund balance was \$5,380,695.

- Overall, the Village's combined ending fund balance increased by \$781,444, 17.8% when compared to the previous fiscal year. This increase in the overall combined fund balance is due to the actual results of operations achieved within each fund relative to its respective positive or negative impact on the fund balance within that particular fund. As stated previously, the overall increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year was primarily influenced by the accounting practice that's applied to the Capital Projects Fund in determining its fund balance, whereby, short-term financing sources in the form of BANs are recognized as a permanent source of funding or revenue only and immediately upon paydown or conversion to long-term debt. This difference in the treatment and recognition of long-term debt as a source of revenue as contrasted with the lack of recognition for short-term debt may directly influence the direction and ultimately the creation of a positive or deficit fund balance within the Capital Projects Fund in a given year.
- Of the combined fund balance amount, the unassigned portion was comprised of \$3,131,958, which is available for spending at the Village's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted or assigned. At the close of the fiscal year the General Fund reported \$215,333 in nonspendable fund balance and \$241,685 in restricted fund balance. The remainder of funds had balances for nonspendable prepaid expenditures of \$10,931, which consists of the Water Fund and Public Library Fund. Total Assigned Fund Balance is \$1,060,524 (\$190,241 in the Water Fund, \$424,016 in the Public Library Fund and \$446,267 for Non-Major Governmental Funds.

General Fund

- For Fiscal Year 2019-20, the General Fund experienced an increase in fund balance in the amount of \$525,002 (16%) from \$3,276,087 to \$3,801,089.
- As the Village closed fiscal year 2019-2020, it faced unprecedented wide-ranging change, with the outbreak of the pandemic requiring much of the economy and some of our community related operations to cease for a period of time. As a result, we did not fare as well, as in other fiscal years from positive variances produced within our revenue accounts. Instead, in fiscal 19-20 we only realized a positive budgetary impact in the Building Department revenue which exceed expectations by approximately \$115,000.
- There was significant savings however, in actual expenditures related to employee benefits appropriations totaling \$620,754: State Retirement, Social Security, Workers compensation and Insurance.
- At the end of fiscal year 2019-20 actual expenditures were \$18,973,032, inclusive of interfund transfers. The positive variance in expenditures was primarily created as result of budgetary savings of approximately \$84,914 in social security, \$165,471 in worker's compensation, \$132,093 in state retirement, \$124,578 in Transportation, \$115,275 in Culture in Recreation.

Water Fund

• The Water Fund reflects an assigned fund balance of \$190,241. There was a shortfall in revenue of \$(183,664) reflected in departmental income which was attributed to a decline in water purchases, and savings in total expenditures of \$437,506 (exclusive of Interfund transfers out) of which a majority of the savings is directly related to home and community services at \$386,108. However, total revenue exceeded total expenditures by \$470,842 before factoring in other financing sources and uses. The Village has worked assiduously to implement various cost saving measures to reduce inefficiencies that directly relate to water distribution and the systems infrastructure. During 2016-17 the Village converted short term debt to long term serial bonds, and authorized a new issue of \$1.4 million in new money for the reconstruction of the Water Storage and Distribution System. In an effort to maintain a self-supporting fund the Village increased water rates accordingly to support new debt.

Public Library Fund

• The fund balance of the Public Library Fund increased from \$390,777 to \$433,935 or by \$43.158.

Sources of revenue for the Public Library Fund were received as planned, actual revenue of \$2,299,567 inclusive of inter-fund transfers, produced a negative variance of \$26,769 when compared to its budgeted amount of \$2,326,336. The total expenditures exclusive of other financing sources are \$2,206,409. Again, faced with unprecedented wide-ranging change, with the outbreak of the pandemic requiring much of the economy and some of our Library operations to cease for a period of time, a savings in expenditure appropriations related to in-person activities from government support to culture and recreation of \$43,235 and employee benefits of \$59,216 resulting in a positive budget variance of \$83,158.

Capital Projects Fund

- The fund balance within the Capital Projects Fund is on a steady decline with a \$1,038,810 drop in 17-18, a \$254,542 decrease in fiscal 18-19, and then a \$235,928 decrease in fiscal 19-20, and with end of year total fund deficit of \$(212,113). In 17-18 the \$1,038,810 (78.8%) deficit was mainly influenced by short term borrowing and a significant decrease in the last two years in revenue generated for non-recurring capital miscellaneous projects. Deficiency of revenue over capital outlay expenditures are reported at negative again this year at \$(1,115,153). BANs in the amount of \$652,300 remained outstanding and were reported as a liability in the Capital Projects Fund at year end. A majority of the capital projects were financed previously by long-term debt. It should be noted that in accordance with accounting principles, the proceeds of BANs initially issued on a short-term basis to finance the purchase or construction costs associated with capital projects are not recognized as an "other financing source". In essence, bond anticipation notes are recognized as sources of revenue only to the extent that they are redeemed through means of an inter-fund transfers from other governmental funds, or upon receipt of proceeds from grants or donations, or upon conversion to permanent financing through the issuance of serial bonds.
- The existence of any deficits on capital projects within this fund are the result of a lack of
 permanent financing to support the on-going expenditures of a given capital project(s). Any
 currently existing deficits within this fund will be eliminated with the subsequent receipt or
 issuance of authorized financing.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

The combined effect of the Special Purpose, Debt Service and Sewer funds contributed
positively toward fund balance with an overall increase of \$374,057. This was inclusive of a
transfer in the Debt Service Fund of \$244,500 to close out the fund and reflect such proceeds
in the General Fund as restricted for debt service.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Village's investment in capital assets for governmental activities at May 31, 2020, net of accumulated depreciation, was \$24,661,743. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress. The amount represents a net increase (including additions and deletions) of \$639,668.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

Capital Assets

	May 31,			
Asset		2020		2019
Land	\$	57,213	\$	57,213
Buildings and improvements		19,833,827		19,712,538
Infrastructure		20,904,091		19,677,997
Machinery and equipment		7,715,788		7,329,474
Construction-in-progress		1,798,998		1,600,856
Less - accumulated depreciation		(25,648,174)		(24,102,565)
Total (net of depreciation)	\$	24,661,743	\$	24,275,513

Long-term Debt /Short-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total bonded debt outstanding of \$7,815,000. As required by New York State Law, all bonds issued by the Village are general obligation bonds, backed by the full faith and credit of the Village. In addition, the Village had one New York State installment loan outstanding, which was paid in full in 2019-20. In the aggregate, bonded indebtedness decreased by \$710,000 during the course of the 2019-20 fiscal year. As stated previously short term debt decreased with note payments of \$150,000 for short term borrowing with the use of BANs in the amount of \$500,000 for Sanitation Sewer Evaluation Study and \$447,000 for various capital projects. The balance as of May 31, 2020 is \$652,300.

Additional information on the Village's long-term and short-term debt can be found in Notes 3D and 3E in the notes to the financial statements.

Next Year's Budget and Rates

The tax rate for the 2020-2021 Fiscal Year in the Village's General Fund is \$5.28 per \$1,000 of taxable assessed valuation. This represents a tax rate increase of 1.73% over the prior fiscal year's tax rate of \$5.19. The Village converted to 100% assessed value taxation and with respect to the legislation passed by New York State which imposed a two (2.0%) percent property tax cap at the local government level, the Village was able to adhere to the parameters as prescribed for the 2019-20 Fiscal Year utilizing the Local Government Property Tax Cap Formula incorporating a tax base reserve.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic as a result of the spread of Coronavirus. This was followed by the President of the United States declaring the outbreak of Coronavirus a national emergency on March 13, 2020.

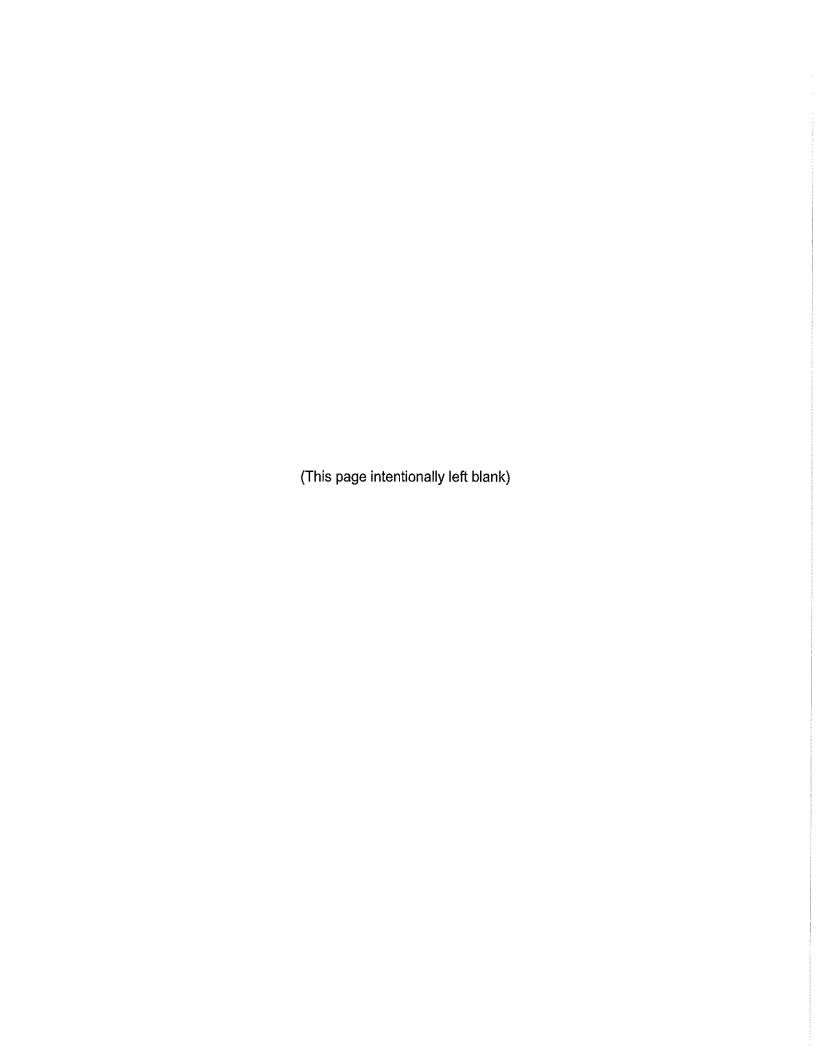
Preceding these announcements, the Governor of the State of New York declared a state of emergency on March 7, 2020 and has since issued multiple Executive Orders regarding the pandemic. Furthermore, the Enacted 2020-21 New York State budget granted the Budget Director the authority to reduce state aid payments to local governments and school districts by any amount needed to achieve a balanced budget.

In addition to these New York State actions, the Village's economically sensitive revenues (i.e., sales tax distributions, mortgage tax, interest earnings, charges for services) are being negatively impacted. Meanwhile, the Village's expenditures on health and safety measures (personal protective equipment, sanitizing supplies, custodial overtime, technology acquisitions to support a safe working environment) will increase significantly.

The outbreak of the Coronavirus and the dramatic steps taken by the Federal government and New York State to address it will continue to negatively affect New York State and its local economies. The full impact of the Coronavirus on New York State's operations and financial condition is not expected to be known for some time. Similarly, the degree of the impact on the Village's future operations and finances as a result of the Coronavirus is extremely difficult to predict due to uncertainties relating to its duration and severity, as well as with regard to what actions may be taken by governmental and other health care authorities, including New York State, to contain or mitigate its effects.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Larchmont, New York. Questions and comments concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to Kimberly Gutwein, Treasurer, Village of Larchmont, 120 Larchmont Avenue, Larchmont, New York 10538.



Statement of Net Position May 31, 2020

	G	overnmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$	6,225,205
Receivables		
Taxes		20,504
Accounts		195,758
Water rents		603,992
Sewer rents		53,447
State and Federal aid		345,890
Due from other governments		240,508
Prepaid expenses		226,264
Capital assets		
Not being depreciated		1,856,211
Being depreciated, net	V	22,805,532
Total Assets		32,573,311
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		9,347,144
DEFERRED GOTT EGWG OF REGOGRACES		9,547,144
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		1,333,382
Accrued liabilities		467,927
Due to retirement systems		249,295
Unearned revenues		27,765
Bond anticipation notes payable		652,300
Accrued interest payable		62,657
Non-current liabilities		
Due within one year		883,000
Due in more than one year		57,950,241
Total Liabilities		61,626,567
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,834,930
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		16,194,443
Restricted		10,107,770
Capital projects		1,743,302
Debt service		254,690
Special purpose		495,146
Unrestricted		(40,228,623)
Total Net Position	\$	(21,541,042)

Statement of Activities Year Ended May 31, 2020

		Program Revenues					
		Operating			Capital		
		(Charges for	G	rants and	G	rants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Contributions		Contributions	
Governmental activities							•
General government support	\$ 3,001,929	\$	1,020	\$	led .	\$	-
Public safety	12,861,905		585,077		18,962		-
Health	53,000		-		-		-
Transportation	1,964,953		944,243		-		245,037
Culture and recreation	4,166,433		1,704,518		72,713		644,248
Home and community							
services	4,177,097		3,693,704		2,634		-
Interest	 226,260		-		•		477
Total Governmental							
Activities	\$ 26,451,577	\$	6,928,562	\$	94,309	\$	889,762

General revenues

Real property and special assessment taxes

Other tax items

Interest and penalties on real property taxes

Non-property taxes

Utilities gross receipts tax

Non-property tax distribution from County

Unrestricted use of money and property

Sale of property and compensation for loss

Unrestricted State aid

Miscellaneous

Insurance recoveries

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

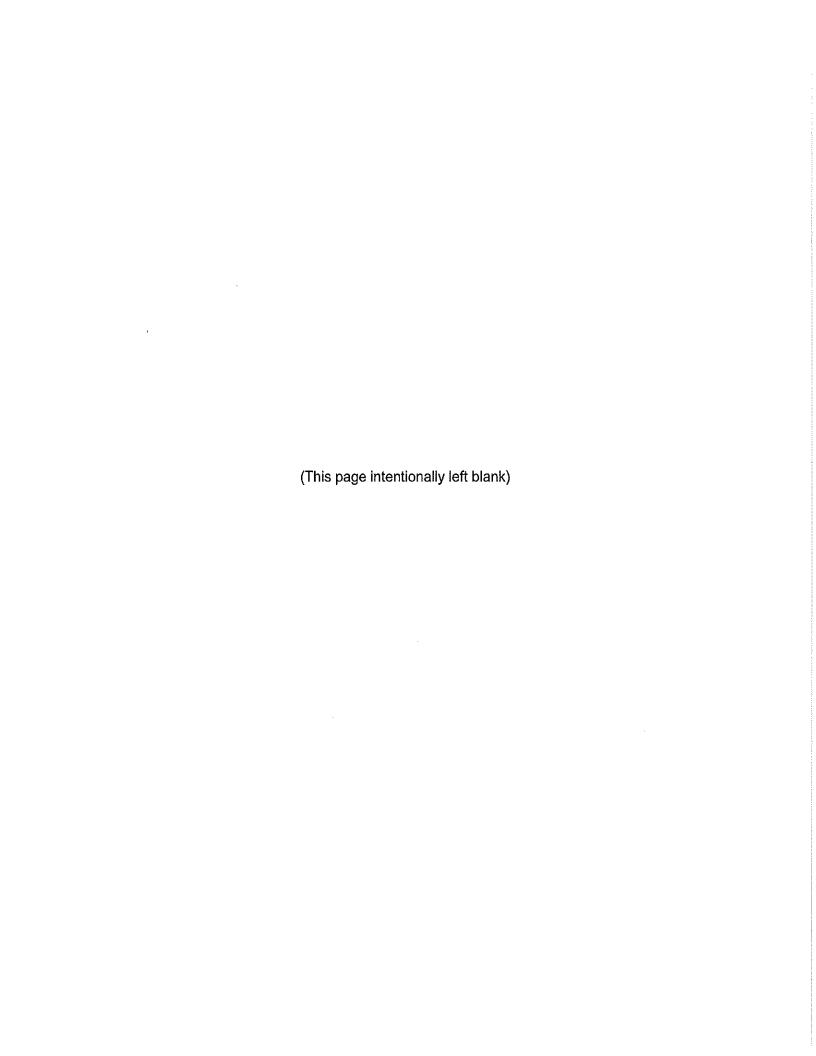
Net Position - Ending

	let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
\$	(3,000,909) (12,257,866) (53,000) (775,673) (1,744,954)
,	(480,759) (225,783)
	(18,538,944)
	14,846,767
	34,037
	100,452 1,158,510 8,333 36,417 268,881 78,287 66,784
	16,598,468
	(1,940,476)
	(19,600,566)
\$	(21,541,042)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds May 31, 2020

	General Fund	Water Fund	Public Library Fund
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,230,149	\$ 1,506,855	\$ 1,703,605
Taxes receivable	20,504	-	_
Other receivables Accounts Water rents Sewer rents State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds	190,008 - 100,853 240,508 3,245,049 3,776,418	603,992	5,750 - - - - - - 5,750
Prepaid expenditures	215,333	1,012	9,919
Total Assets	\$ 5,242,404	\$ 2,111,859	\$ 1,719,274
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to retirement systems Unearned revenues Bond anticipation notes payable Total Liabilities	\$ 776,075 407,948 - 218,477 26,498 - 1,428,998	\$ 112,994 34,441 1,749,881 9,018 1,267 	\$ 26,851 25,538 1,211,150 21,800 - - 1,285,339
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred tax revenues	12,317		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,441,315	1,907,601	1,285,339
Fund balances (deficits) Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	215,333 241,685 - 3,344,071	1,012 13,005 190,241	9,919 - 424,016
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	3,801,089	204,258	433,935
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 5,242,404	\$ 2,111,859	\$ 1,719,274

	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$	1,541,450	\$ 243,146	\$	6,225,205
	_	**		20,504
	- - - 245,037 - -	 53,447 - - - 647,448		195,758 603,992 53,447 345,890 240,508 3,892,497
	245,037	 700,895		5,332,092
	**			226,264
\$	1,786,487	\$ 944,041	\$	11,804,065
\$	414,834	\$ 2,628	\$	1,333,382
	931,466	- - -		467,927 3,892,497 249,295
	- -	-		27,765
	652,300 1,998,600	2,628		652,300 6,623,166
		 _	***************************************	12,317
MANAGE TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY O	1,998,600	 2,628	**************************************	6,635,483
	M-	_		226,264
	-	495,146		749,836
	(212,113)	446,267 -		1,060,524 3,131,958
-	(212,113)	 941,413		5,168,582
\$	1,786,487	\$ 944,041	\$	11,804,065



Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position May 31, 2020

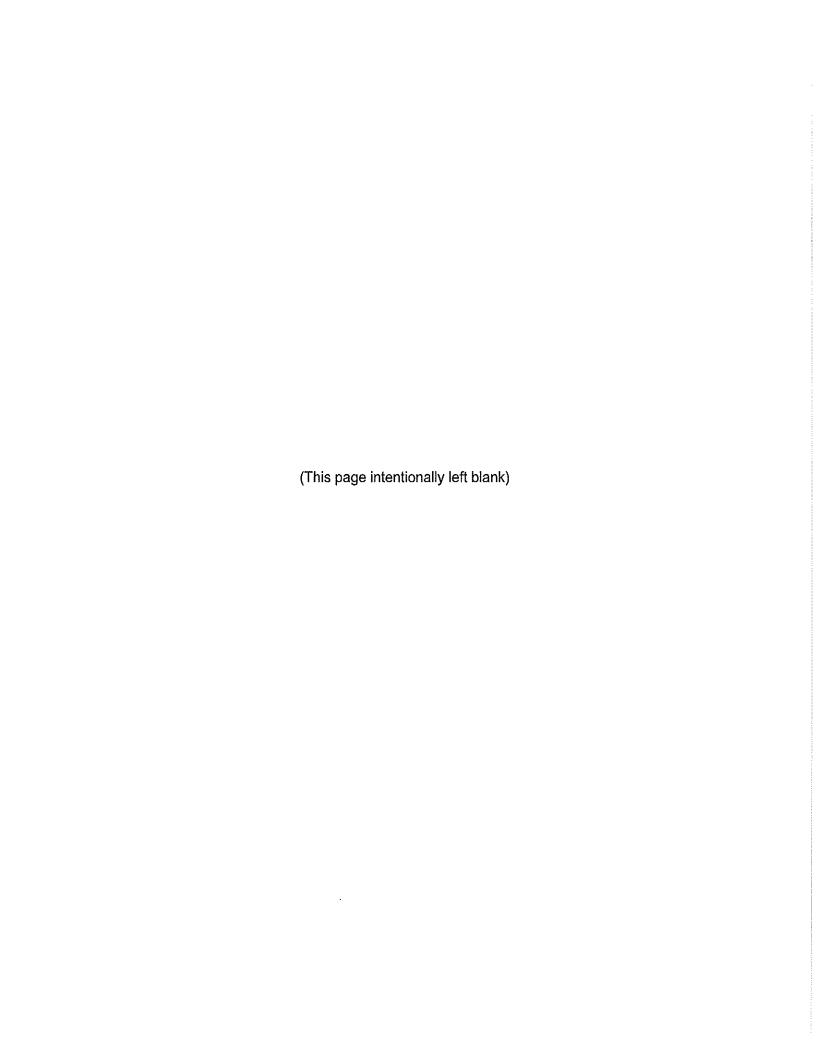
Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	5,168,582
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		24,661,743
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred in the funds. Real property taxes		12,317
Governmental funds do not report the effect of assets and liabilities related to net pension and postemployment benefit obligations whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities		
Deferred amounts on net pension liabilities		6,595,481
Deferred amounts on other postemployment benefit liabilities		916,733

		7,512,214
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued interest payable		(62,657)
Bonds payable		(7,815,000)
Compensated absences		(1,634,581)
Net pension liability		(10,663,200)
Other post employment benefit liability		(38,720,460)
		(58,895,898)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(21,541,042)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended May 31, 2020

		General Fund		Water Fund		Public Library Fund
REVENUES Real property taxes	\$	14,846,557	\$		\$	led .
Other tax items	*	34,037	•	-	•	m
Non-property taxes		1,258,962		_		-
Departmental income		1,232,198		2,672,218		1,319,029
Intergovernmental charges		187,446		-		-
Use of money and property		166,322		2,081		1,717
Licenses and permits		689,229		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		444,614		-		-
Sale of property and						0.000
compensation for loss		36,417		-		2,933
State aid		284,087		-		5,181
Federal aid		2,556				07.075
Miscellaneous		78,287		553		27,675
Total Revenues		19,260,712		2,674,852		1,356,535
EXPENDITURES						
Current General government support		2,292,550		51,079		24,524
Public safety		6,516,320		31,073		24,024
Health		53,000		_		-
Transportation		929,225		***		_
Culture and recreation		508,777		_		1,634,915
Home and community services		1,950,754		1,556,101		.,,
Employee benefits		4,432,160		256,316		546,970
Debt service		. ,		,		
Principal		448,214		261,786		-
Interest		150,424		78,728		
Capital outlay		-		244		
Total Expenditures		17,281,424		2,204,010	•	2,206,409
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		1,979,288		470,842		(849,874)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Insurance recoveries		66,784				-
Transfers in		170,538		15,005		943,032
Transfers out		(1,691,608)		(410,692)		(50,000)
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)		(1,454,286)		(395,687)		893,032
Net Change in Fund Balances		525,002		75,155		43,158
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)						
Beginning of Year	w	3,276,087		129,103		390,777
End of Year	\$	3,801,089	\$	204,258	\$	433,935
			<u> </u>	,,	سندند	

Capital Projects Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$.	- 9	.	\$	14,846,557
٠.	_ `	_	•	34,037
_	_			1,258,962
	_	227,516		5,450,961
	_			187,446
	_	168		170,288
	_	-		689,229
•	-	_		444,614
•	-	-		444,014
-	-	-		39,350
371,568	3	-		660,836
	-	-		2,556
517,717	<u> </u>	35,039		659,271
889,285	<u> </u>	262,723	_	24,444,107
	-	-		2,368,153
-	-	-		6,516,320
-	-	M		53,000
	-	_		929,225
		1,299		2,144,991
	_	20,339		3,527,194
-	-	-		5,235,446
				710.000
-	-	44 500		710,000
	- 1	11,528		240,680
2,004,438		<u>-</u> _		2,004,438
2,004,438	}	33,166		23,729,447
(1,115,153	3) _	229,557		714,660
•				
-	-	-		66,784
1,187,268	3	244,500		2,560,343
(308,043		(100,000)		(2,560,343)
		3		,,-,-,
879,225	<u> </u>	144,500		66,784
(235,928	3)	374,057		781,444
23,815	5	567,356		4,387,138
			<u>ф</u>	
\$ (212,113	<u>) </u>	941,413	<u>\$</u>	5,168,582



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended May 31, 2020

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 781,444
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures	2,035,091
Depreciation expense	 (1,648,861)
	386,230
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	000,200
Real property taxes	210
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal paid on bonds	710,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued interest	14,420
Compensated absences	(63,646)
Pension liabilities	(2,102,010)
Other post employment benefit liabilities	 (1,667,124)
	(3,818,360)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (1,940,476)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General, Water and Public Library Funds Year Ended May 31, 2020

	General							
		Original		Final				ariance with inal Budget Positive
		Budget		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items	\$	14,871,019 22,000	\$	14,871,019 22,000	\$	14,846,557 34,037	\$	(24,462) 12,037
Non-property taxes		1,020,000		1,020,000		1,258,962		238,962
Departmental income		1,646,863		1,646,863		1,232,198		(414,665)
Intergovernmental charges		76,234		76,234		187,446		111,212
Use of money and property		175,711		175,711		166,322		(9,389)
Licenses and permits		573,500		573,500		689,229		115,729
Fines and forfeitures		490,500		490,500		444 614		(45,886)
Sale of property and		,		•		,		(.,,
compensation for loss		25,000		25,000		36,417		11,417
State aid		373,000		300,000		284,087		(15,913)
Federal aid				_		2,556		2,556
Miscellaneous		40,000		113,000		78,287		(34,713)
Total Revenues		19,313,827		19,313,827		19,260,712		(53,115)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government support		2,360,784		2,360,784		2,292,550		68,234
Public safety		6,298,393		6,298,393		6,516,320		(217,927)
Health		53,000		53,000		53,000		-
Transportation		1,053,803		1,053,803		929,225		124,578
Culture and recreation		624,052		624,052		508,777		115,275
Home and community services		1,962,410		1,962,410		1,950,754		11,656
Employee benefits		5,052,914		5,052,914		4,432,160		620,754
Debt service								
Principal		448,214		448,214		448,214		-
Interest		158,075		158,075		150,424		7,651
Total Expenditures		18,011,645		18,011,645		17,281,424		730,221
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		1,302,182		1,302,182		1,979,288		677,106
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Insurance recoveries		55,000		55,000		66,784		11,784
Transfers in		237,000		237,000		170,538		(66,462)
Transfers out		(1,594,182)		(1,594,182)		(1,691,608)		(97,426)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,302,182)		(1,302,182)		(1,454,286)		(152,104)
Net Change in Fund								
Balances		-		-		525,002		525,002
FUND BALANCES								
Beginning of Year		-			***************************************	3,276,087		3,276,087
End of Yeaı	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,801,089	\$	3,801,089

	Wa	ter		Public Library							
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Original Budget	Fir Bud	nal		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u></u>	\$	-
2,856,250	- 2,856,250	2,672,218	(184,032)		1,342,279	1,3	- 42,279		1,319,029		(23,250)
2,266	2,266	2,081	(185)		400		400		1,717		1,317
-	-		-		-		-		-		-
-	-	-	-		5,000 5,125		5,000 5,125		2,933 5,181		(2,067) 56
		553	553		30,500		30,500		27,675		(2,825)
 2,858,516	2,858,516	2,674,852	(183,664)		1,383,304	1,3	83,304		1,356,535		(26,769)
51,775	51,775	51,079	696		32,000	;	32,000		24,524		7,476
-	-	-	-		-		-		_		-
-	-	-	-		1,678,150	1.6	- 78,150		- 1,634,915		- 43,235
1,942,209 307,018	1,942,209 307,018	1,556,101 256,316	386,108 50,702		606,186		- 06,186		546,970		59,216
261,786 78,728	261,786 78,728	261,786 78,728				<u></u>			<u>-</u>		-
 2,641,516	2,641,516	2,204,010	437,506	_	2,316,336	2,3	16,336		2,206,409		109,927
217,000	217,000	470,842	253,842	***************************************	(933,032)	(9	33,032)		(849,874)		83,158
- 2,000	- 2,000	- 15,005	42.005		042 022	0	42.022		-		-
(135,000)	(135,000)	(410,692)	13,005 (275,692)		943,032 (50,000)		43,032 50,000)		943,032 (50,000)		
(133,000)	(133,000)	(395,687)	(262,687)		893,032	8	93,032	***************************************	893,032		_
84,000	84,000	75,155	(8,845)		(40,000)	(40,000)		43,158		83,158
(84,000)	(84,000)	129,103	213,103	_	40,000		40,000		390,777		350,777
\$ _	\$ -	\$ 204,258	\$ 204,258	\$	-	\$		\$	433,935	\$	433,935

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund May 31, 2020

4.00		Agency Fund		
ASSETS Cook and aguitalanta	r.	04.440		
Cash and equivalents	\$	31,113		
Accounts receivable	#*************************************	205,561		
Total Assets	\$	236,674		
LIABILITIES				
Employee payroll deductions	\$	13,444		
Deposits	•	223,230		
		<u> </u>		
Total Liabilities	\$	236,674		

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of Larchmont, New York ("Village") was established in 1891 and operates in accordance with Village Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Village Board of Trustees is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Village Mayor serves as the chief executive officer and the Village Treasurer serves as the chief financial officer. The Village provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Village conform to generally accepted accounting principles for local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Village's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the Village, b) organizations for which the Village is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Village's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following blended component unit is included in the Village's reporting entity because of its operational or financial relationship with the Village. Blended component units, though legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the Village's operations. The blended component unit serves or benefits the Village almost exclusively. Financial information from this component unit is combined with that of the Village. The following represents the Village's blended component unit.

The Larchmont Public Library ("Library") was established by the Village for the benefit of its residents and also serves the residents of the unincorporated portion of the Town of Mamaroneck, New York ("Town"). The Library was granted a Charter by the State Board of Regents as provided in Article 5 of the Education Law of the State of New York. The Library is fiscally supported by the Village and Town through an inter-municipal agreement. Although the Library is a separate legal entity, the Village and Town appoint Library trustees, raise taxes and finance the Library's operations through the transfer of funds to the Library. The Village has title to real property used by the Library and issues all Library indebtedness which is supported by the full faith and credit of the Village.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Village as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Village at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances/net position, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Village maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Village's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Village's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary fund of the Village and is used to account for and report all financial resources not required to be accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue funds of the Village are as follows:

Water Fund - The Water Fund is used to record the water utility operations of the Village, which render services on a user charge basis to the general public.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Public Library Fund - The Public Library Fund is used to account for the activities of the Village's public library. The major revenue of this fund is departmental income.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The Village also reports the following non-major governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds -

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Village in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

Sewer Fund - The Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the Village's sewer.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) - The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The Agency Fund is used to account for employee payroll tax withholding and various other deposits that are payable to other jurisdictions.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenue when the expenditure is made. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liability and other post employment benefit liabilities are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The Village's deposit and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Village has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Village is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Village has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The Village follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurements and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The Village does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the Village does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Village's name. The Village's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at May 31, 2020.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The Village does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of June 1st and are levied and payable in June. The Village is responsible for the billing and collection of its own taxes. The Village also has the responsibility for conducting in-rem foreclosure proceedings.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Village. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the Village has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of May 31, 2020, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of insurance costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent years budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Inventories - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the Village. Purchases of inventoriable items at various locations are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Village chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Village was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the Village are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

	Life
Class	<u>in Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Machinery and Equipment	8-15
Infrastructure	10-65

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied. In government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of amounts received in advance and/or revenues from grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The Village has reported unearned revenues of \$26,498 in the General Fund for parking fees received in advance and \$1,267 in the Water Fund for other fees received in advance. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Village reported deferred inflows of resources of \$12,317 for real property taxes in the General Fund. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources have been reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position for the following:

	_ 01	Deferred Outflows f Resources	_of	Deferred Inflows Resources
New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Other postemployment benefit liabilities	\$ n <u>\$</u>	2,205,660 4,655,433 2,486,051 9,347,144	\$	89,967 175,645 1,569,318 1,834,930

These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the Village's pension plans in Note 3E.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick time upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated time is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Pension Liability - The net pension liability represents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date."

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position - Net position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes, net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital projects, debt service and special purpose. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balances - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables, advances) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Village Board is the highest level of decision making authority for the Village that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Village removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Village's board.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by the policies of the Village's Board for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or the Village's Treasurer for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Village's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Water and Public Library funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The Village has not implemented an encumbrance system.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, particularly given the significant social and economic disruptions and uncertainties associated with the ongoing COVID-19 ("Coronavirus") pandemic and the mitigation responses, and such differences may be material. (See Note 4C).

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is December 28, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2020

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The Village generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before March 20th, the budget officer submits to the Board of Trustees a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following June 1st. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing.
- b) The Board of Trustees, on or before March 31st, meets to discuss and review the tentative budget.
- c) The Board of Trustees conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments on or before April 15th.
- d) After the public hearing and on or before May 1st, the Trustees meet to consider and adopt the budget.
- e) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General and Water funds. The management control of the Public Library Fund is performed by the Larchmont Public Library Board of Directors.
- f) Budgets for General, Water and Public Library funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. An annual budget is not adopted for the Sewer Fund and the Special Purpose Fund. The budget for the Public Library Fund is adopted in accordance with the laws and regulations of the Board of Regents of the New York State Education Department and an inter-municipality agreement with the Village and Town.
- g) The Village Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Trustees. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- h) Appropriations in General, Water and Public Library funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The Village is permitted by the Constitution of the State of New York to levy taxes up to 2% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the Village, exclusive of the amount raised for the payment of interest on and redemption of long-term debt. In accordance with this definition, the maximum amount of the levy for the 2020 fiscal year was \$53,915,623 which exceeded the actual levy by \$39,113,604.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

In addition to this constitutional tax limitation, Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011, as amended ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"), modified previous law by imposing a limit on the amount of real property taxes a local government may levy. The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the Village to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelvemonth period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The Village is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the Village, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Village. The Village Board of Trustees may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the Board first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the Board, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

C. Expenditures in Excess of Budget

The following categories of expenditures and capital projects exceeded their budgetary provisions by the amounts indicated:

General Fund General Government Support	
Supervisor	\$ 43,387
Treasurer	19,512
Law	20,469
Personnel	98,172
Buildings	15,506
Village Center	3,004
Central communications system	3,063
Taxes and assessments on Village property	91,885
Metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax	1,013
Public Safety	
Fire department	373,106
Transportation	
Street administration	2,908
Sidewalk maintenance	3

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

\$ 10,891
2,135
7,924
1,840
5,429
5,665
2,000
95,426
275,692
400
769,607
22,697
8,284
3,829
408,370
52,390
1,405
1,144
35,389
\$

D. Capital Projects Fund Deficits

The deficits in various individual projects arise in-part because of the application of generally accepted accounting principles to the financial reporting of such funds. The proceeds of bond anticipation notes issued to finance construction of capital projects are not recognized as an "other financing source". Liabilities for bond anticipation notes payable are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes are recognized as revenue only to the extent that they are redeemed. This deficit will be reduced and eliminated as the bond anticipation notes are redeemed from interfund transfers from other governmental funds or converted to permanent financing. Other deficits, where no bond anticipation notes were issued or outstanding to the extent of the project deficit, arise because of expenditures exceeding current financing on the projects. These deficits will be eliminated with the subsequent receipt or issuance of authorized financing.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable at May 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

Tax Liens \$ 20,504

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Taxes receivable in the fund financial statements are also partially offset by deferred tax revenues of \$12,317, which represent an estimate of the receivable which will not be collected within the sixty days of the subsequent year.

B. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at May 31, 2020 were as follows:

Fund	Due <u>From</u>	Due To
General	\$ 3,245,049	\$ -
Water	-	1,749,881
Public Library	•••	1,211,150
Capital Projects	ent.	931,466
Non-Major Governmental	647,448	bed.
	\$ 3,892,497	\$ 3,892,497

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

C. Capital Assets

Changes in the Village's capital assets are as follows:

		Balance June 1, 2019	 Additions	(Deletions	 Balance May 31, 2020
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$	57,213 1,600,856	\$ - 1,113,997	\$	915,855	\$ 57,213 1,798,998
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$	1,658,069	\$ 1,113,997	\$	915,855	\$ 1,856,211
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$	19,712,538 7,329,474 19,677,997	\$ 121,289 489,566 1,226,094	\$	103,252	\$ 19,833,827 7,715,788 20,904,091
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	_	46,720,009	 1,836,949		103,252	48,453,706
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		5,983,565 5,378,505 12,740,495	748,709 425,539 474,613		103,252	 6,732,274 5,700,792 13,215,108
Total Accumulated Depreciation		24,102,565	 1,648,861		103,252	 25,648,174
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$	22,617,444	\$ 188,088	\$	_	\$ 22,805,532
Capital Assets, net	\$	24,275,513	\$ 1,302,085	\$	915,855	\$ 24,661,743

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the Village's functions and programs as follows:

General Government Support	\$	43,847
Public Safety		137,217
Transportation		604,326
Culture and Recreation		731,993
Home and Community Services		<u> 131,478</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,648,861</u>

D. Short-Term Capital Borrowings - Bond Anticipation Notes

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings.

Purpose	Year of Original Issue	Maturity Date	Rate of Interest	Balance June 1, 2019	_F	Note Payments	Balance May 31, 2020
Sanitation Sewer Evaluation Study Various capital projects	2017 2018	06/17/20 06/17/20	1.94 % 1.60	\$ 400,000 402,300	\$	100,000 50,000	\$ 300,000 352,300
				\$ 802,300	\$	150,000	\$ 652,300

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes issued for judgments or settled claims are recorded in the fund paying the claim. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within seven years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

Interest expense of \$11,062 and \$11,528 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General and Sewer funds, respectively. Interest expense of \$13,189 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

E. Long-Term Liabilities

The changes in the Village's long-term indebtedness during the year ended May 31, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	Balance, June 1, 2019	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance May 31, 2020	Due Within One-Year
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$ 8,525,000	\$ -	\$ 710,000	\$ 7,815,000	\$ 720,000
Other Non-Current Liabilities: Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Other Post Employment Benefit Liability	1,570,935 3,285,744 36,732,240	220,646 7,377,456 2,718,240	157,000 - 730,020	1,634,581 10,663,200 38,720,460	163,000
Total Other Non-Current Liabilities	41,588,919	10,316,342	887,020	51,018,241	163,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 50,113,919	\$ 10,316,342	\$ 1,597,020	\$ 58,833,241	\$ 883,000

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Each governmental fund's liability for compensated absences, net pension liability and other post employment benefit liability is liquidated by the General, Water or Public Library funds. The Village's indebtedness for general obligations bonds and loans are liquidated by the General and Water funds.

General Obligation Bonds Payable

General obligation bonds payable at May 31, 2020 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding at May 31, 2020
Various Village Purposes Various Village Purposes Various Village Purposes	2010 2013 2017	\$ 2,968,275 2,581,708 5,908,201	September, 2024 September, 2029 September, 2031	3.750 - 4.00 % 2.250 - 3.75 2.000 - 2.50	\$ 1,165,000 1,760,000 4,890,000
					\$ 7,815,000

Interest expenditures of \$139,362 and \$78,728 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General and Water funds, respectively. Interest expense of \$213,071 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of May 31, 2020, including interest payments of \$1,146,722 are as follows:

Year Ending	Bonds					
May 31,		Principal		Interest		
2021	\$	720,000	\$	199,884		
2022		745,000		180,615		
2023		765,000		159,815		
2024		785,000		137,940		
2025		810,000		115,415		
2026-2030		3,065,000		329,740		
2031-2032		925,000		23,313		
	\$	7,815,000	\$	1,146,722		

The above general obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Village for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property located within the Village.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Compensated Absences

In accordance with existing collective bargaining agreements, all employees may accumulate an unlimited amount of sick days. Upon retirement, Fire Department employees may be compensated for or paid 100% of regular sick days. At the individual discretion of each Fire Department employee, a portion or up to 100% of their sick days accumulated may be allocated towards defraving the cost of their healthcare in retirement. Upon retirement, Police Department employees may be compensated to a maximum of 80% of regular sick days, 20% of extended sick days and 39.5% of pre-2005 sick days, respectively, of such unused sick time. At the individual discretion of each Police Department employee, a portion or up to 100% of their sick days as accumulated may be allocated towards defraying the cost of their healthcare in retirement. Vacation time may be accumulated to a maximum of ten days for Public Library employees and an additional five days may be granted with the approval of the Director of the Library, however, such additional five days, if approved, must be used within a pre-determined period of time as set-forth in the Public Library's bargaining unit's contract. Police Department personnel may accumulate up to fifty days of vacation time if hired prior to March 1, 1984 or up to forty days if hired after that date. These respective accumulations in terms of days represent the maximum amounts of vacation time that may be paid out at the time of retirement. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Retirement System

The Village participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") which are collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System ("System"). These are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Village also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about_us/ financial statements index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2020 are as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate
ERS	3 A14	15.8 %
	4 A15	15.8
	5 A15	13.2
	6 A15/41J1	9.3
	6 A15/41J2	9.3
PFRS	2 384D	24.3 %
	5 384D *	19.8
	6 375l *	8.8
	6 384D *	14.6

^{*} Indicates employees are required to make a contribution for this PFRS tier/plan.

At May 31, 2020, the Village reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for ERS and PFRS:

nability for Enterance Transfer	ERS			PFRS			
Measurement date		March 31, 2020		March 31, 2020			
Net pension liability Villages' proportion of the	\$	3,447,007	\$	7,216,193			
net pension liability		0.0130171 %		0.1350099 %			
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date		(0.0001354) %		(0.0053454) %			

The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members.

For the year ended May 31, 2020, the Village recognized pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$1,215,807 for ERS and \$2,621,921 for PFRS. Pension expenditures of \$532,696 for ERS and \$1,203,022 for PFRS were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the following funds:

	ERS		 PFRS
General Fund Water Fund Library Fund	\$	325,669 62,271 144,756	\$ 1,203,022
-	\$	532,696	\$ 1,203,022

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At May 31, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		ERS				PFRS			
	of	Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources	of	Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	202,870 69,406	\$	59,931	\$	480,522 616,810	\$	120,870	
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Village contributions and proportionate		1,767,103		-		3,249,679		-	
share of contributions Village contributions subsequent to the		87,308		30,036		138,100		54,775	
measurement date		78,973		-		170,322			
	\$	2,205,660	\$	89,967	\$	4,655,433	\$	175,645	
		То	tal						
	of	Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources					
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	683,392 686,216	\$	120,870 59,931					

Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 683,392 \$ 120,870 Changes of assumptions 686,216 59,931

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 5,016,782
Changes in proportion and differences between Village contributions and proportionate share of contributions 225,408 84,811

Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date 249,295
\$ 6,861,093 \$ 265,612

\$78,973 and \$170,322 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS, respectively, resulting from the Village's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the plan year ended March 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan Year Ended March 31,		ERS		PFRS
2021	\$	361,886	\$	932,164
2022	•	515,374	•	1,020,798
2023		642,854		1,266,897
2024		516,606		1,043,112
2025		-		46,495

The total pension liability for the ERS and PFRS measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation date as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

pension liabilities to that measurement date. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were as follows:

	ERS	PFRS		
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020		
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2019	April 1, 2019		
Investment rate of return	6.8% *	6.8% *		
Salary scale	4.2%	5.0%		
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.5%		
Cost of living adjustments	1.3%	1.3%		

^{*}Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized in the following table.

Asset Type	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity International Equity Private Equity Real Estate Absolute Return Strategies Opportunistic Portfolio Real Assets Bonds and Mortgages Cash Inflation Indexed Bonds	36 % 14 10 10 2 3 3 17 1 4	4.05 % 6.15 6.75 4.95 3.25 4.65 5.95 0.75 0.00 0.50

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.8%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.8%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.8%)	Current Assumption (6.8%)	1% Increase (7.8%)
Village's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability	\$ 6,326,231	\$ 3,447,007	\$ 795,229
Village's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability	\$ 12,902,700	\$ 7,216,193	\$ 2,123,797

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2020 measurement date were as follows:

	 ERS	 PFRS		Total
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 194,596,261,000 168,115,682,000	\$ 35,309,017,000 29,964,080,000	\$	229,905,278,000 198,079,762,000
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 26,480,579,000	\$ 5,344,937,000	\$	31,825,516,000
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	 86.39%	 84.86%	<u> </u>	86.16%

Employer contributions to ERS and PFRS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the System's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Retirement contributions as of May 31, 2020 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through May 31, 2020 based on paid ERS and PFRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions to ERS and PFRS as of May 31, 2020 were \$78,973 and \$170,322 respectively.

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The Village can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the Village will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Other Post Employment Benefit Liability ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Village may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post employment health care benefits is shared between the Village and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the Village's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Village. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At May 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments Active employees	70 79
	149

The Village's total OPEB liability of \$38,720,460 was measured as of May 31, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 1, 2019.

The total OPEB liability in the June 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.00%
Discount rate	2.63%
Healthcare cost trend rates	8.0% for 2020, decreasing by .5% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.0%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Varies from 2% to 100%, depending on applicable

The discount rate was based on S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct RP-2014 Mortality Tables for employees and healthy annuitants, adjusted backward to 2006 with scale MP-2014, and then adjusted for mortality improvements with scale MP-2016 mortality improvement scale on a fully generational basis.

retirement year and bargaining unit

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 1, 2019 valuation for turnover and retirement for ERS and PFRS were based on the April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2015 experience study released by the Retirement Systems Actuary and published in their August 2015 report.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The Village's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended May 31, 2020 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$	36,732,240
Service Cost		1,080,770
Interest		1,109,201
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,883,182)
Changes in assumptions		2,411,451
Benefit payments		(730,020)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$	38,720,460
Total Of LB Liability - Life of Teal	Ψ	00,720,700

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease		Assumption		Increase
	(1.63%)	(2.63%)		(3.63%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 44,464,624	\$	38,720,460	\$	32,976,297

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower(7.0% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.0% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	(7.0	1% Decrease 0% decreasing to 4.0%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates .0% decreasing to 5.0%)	(9.0	1% Increase 0% decreasing to 6.0%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 31,565,537		\$ 38,720,460	\$	47,391,621

For the year ended May 31, 2020, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$2,397,144 in the government-wide financial statements. At May 31, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_0	Deferred Outflows f Resources	_01	Inflows f Resources
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,009,542 476,509	\$	1,569,318
	<u>\$</u>	2,486,051	<u>\$</u>	1,569,318

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended May 31,	-	
2021 2022	\$	207,173 207,173
2023		207,173
2024		207,173
2025		88,041
Thereafter		-

F. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers:

				•	Fransfers in					
Transfers Out	 General Fund		Water Fund		Public Library Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds	Total
Transiers Out	 1 0110		1 GIIG		i dild		1 dild	_	1 dilds	 i Otai
General Fund	\$ -	\$	2,000	\$	943,032	\$	746,576	\$	-	\$ 1,691,608
Water Fund	120,000		-		-		290,692		_	410,692
Public Library Fund	-		-		-		50,000		_	50,000
Capital Projects Fund Non-Major Governmental	50,538		13,005		-		-		244,500	308,043
Funds	 -	,			-	_	100,000		_	 100,000
	\$ 170,538	\$	15,005	\$	943,032	\$	1,187,268	\$	244,500	\$ 2,560,343

Transfers are used to 1) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures and 2) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments of the General, Water, Public Library and Non-Major Governmental funds.

G. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net investment in capital assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, exclusive of unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by the Local Finance Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Special Purpose - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of certain programs with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

H. Fund Balances

				2020					``	2019		
:	General Fund	Water Fund	Public Library Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	General Fund	Water	Public Library Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable - Prepaid expenditures	\$ 215,333	\$ 1,012	\$ 9,919	\$	· &	\$ 226,264	\$ 245,528	φ.	\$ 6,448	69	\$	\$ 251,976
Restricted: Capital projects Special purpose Debt service	241,685	13,005	4 4 1	1 1 1	495,146	495,146 254,690		. , 1	2 1 4	23,815	216,738	23,815 216,738 190,670
Total Restricted	241,685	13,005	1	•	495,146	749,836	190,670	-		23,815	216,738	431,223
Assigned: Subsequent year's expenditures Contractual oblinations	•	•	40,000	•	•	40,000	•	•	40,000	•	•	40,000
and Parklands Sewer Fund Major funds	t t 1	190,241	384,016	1 1 3	446,267	446,267 574,257	100,000	129,103	344,329		350,618	100,000 350,618 473,432
Total Assigned	t	190,241	424,016	•	446,267	1,060,524	100,000	129,103	384,329		350,618	964,050
Unassigned	3,344,071	•		(212,113)	,	3,131,958	2,739,889		1	•	•	2,739,889
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 3,801,089	\$ 204,258	\$ 433,935	\$ (212,113)	\$ 941,413	\$ 5,168,582	\$ 3,276,087	\$ 129,103	\$ 390,777	\$ 23,815	\$ 567,356	\$ 4,387,138

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements, which are not reflected in the statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been provided to account for certain payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at May 31, 2020, the Village Board has utilized the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Assigned for Sewer and Public Library funds represent the component of fund balance that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Sewer and Public Library funds.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. Unassigned fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund represents the deficit balance in the various capital projects.

I. Joint Ventures

The Village and the Town of Mamaroneck, New York participate in the Larchmont-Mamaroneck Joint Garbage Disposal Commission, a joint agency. Created in 1938 by an act of the New York State Legislature the formation of the Commission is to provide incineration of garbage and refuse services working together to achieve efficiencies in government operations.

The following is an audited summary of the financial information included in the financial statements of the joint agency.

Balance Sheet Date - December 31, 2019:

Total Assets	\$ 1,983,623
Deferred Outflows of Resources	864,473
Total Liabilities	9,778,701
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,323,806
Net Position	(8,254,411)
Total Revenues	3,736,466
Total Expenditures	4,099,274
Change in Net Position	(362,808)

The Village, together with the Village of Mamaroneck, New York and the Town formed the Tri-Municipal Larchmont-Mamaroneck Cable TV Board of Control. The Board was organized to administer the franchise agreement with UA-Columbia Cablevision of Westchester. The franchise fees received are used to operate three public cable-TV channels serving the community interests of Larchmont and Mamaroneck.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The following is an audited summary of financial information included in the financial statements of the joint venture.

Balance Sheet Date - December 31, 2019:

Total Assets	\$ 104,603
Total Liabilities	6,439
Net Position	98,164
Total Revenues	784,279
Total Expenses	787,939
Change in Net Position	3,660

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The Village, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages arising from false arrest, property damage or personal injury. Of the claims currently pending, none are expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the Village, if adversely settled.

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the Village if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of the possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year in which the payments are made.

B. Risk Management

The Village purchases various insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The Village maintains general liability insurance coverage with policy limits of \$3 million and law enforcement liability insurance coverage with policy limits of \$1 million. The public officials legal liability policy provides coverage up to \$1 million. In addition, the Village maintains an umbrella liability policy, which provides coverage up to \$20 million. The Village also purchases conventional workers' compensation and medical insurance coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

C. Contingencies

The Village participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Uniform Guidance. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Village anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Coronavirus

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic as a result of the spread of Coronavirus. This was followed by the President of the United States declaring the outbreak of Coronavirus a national emergency on March 13, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) May 31, 2020

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

Preceding these announcements, the Governor of the State of New York declared a state of emergency on March 7, 2020 and has since issued multiple Executive Orders regarding the pandemic. Furthermore, the Enacted 2020-21 New York State budget granted the Budget Director the authority to reduce state aid payments to local governments and school districts by any amount needed to achieve a balanced budget. The Budget Director is authorized, under Section 1(f) of Chapter 53 of the Laws of 2020, to withhold all or some of specific local aid payments during state fiscal year 2020-21, that began on April 1, 2020, if the budget is deemed unbalanced and if the Budget Director further determines that such withholding is necessary to respond to the direct and indirect economic financial and social effects of the Coronavirus pandemic ("Reduction Authority").

The ultimate size of any permanent reductions would depend in part on the availability of unrestricted Federal aid. The Federal government has not reached a consensus on additional recovery legislation at this time. Therefore, in the interim, without assurance of Federal aid, New York State has begun withholding a minimum of 20% of most municipal and school district aid payments to achieve the cash flow savings anticipated in the Executive Budget Financial Plan as updated for the Governor's amendments and forecast revisions pursuant to the Reduction Authority.

In addition to these New York State actions, the Village's economically sensitive revenues (i.e., sales tax distributions, mortgage tax, interest earnings, charges for services) are being negatively impacted. Meanwhile, the Village's expenditures on health and safety measures (personal protective equipment, sanitizing supplies, custodial overtime, technology acquisitions to support a safe working environment) will increase significantly.

The outbreak of the Coronavirus and the dramatic steps taken by the Federal government and New York State to address it will continue to negatively affect New York State and its local economies. The full impact of the Coronavirus on New York State's operations and financial condition is not expected to be known for some time. Similarly, the degree of the impact on the Village's future operations and finances as a result of the Coronavirus is extremely difficult to predict due to uncertainties relating to its duration and severity, as well as with regard to what actions may be taken by governmental and other health care authorities, including New York State, to contain or mitigate its effects. The spread of the outbreak or reemergence later in the year could have a material adverse financial effect on New York State and local municipalities, including the Village. The Village is continuously monitoring the situation and will take such proactive measures as may be required to maintain operations and meet its obligations. Given this level of uncertainty, management cannot reasonably estimate the actual impact on the Village's future financial position at this time.

Note 5 - Subsequent Events

The Village, on June 16, 2020 re-financed a bond anticipation note in the amount of \$502,300, after a \$150,000 paydown. The note matures on June 16, 2021, with interest at .94%.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the Village's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1) (2)

	 2020		2019
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	\$ 1,080,770 1,109,201 - (1,883,182) 2,411,451 (730,020)	\$ (4) —	702,730 1,054,510 - 714,765 - (627,743)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	1,988,220		1,844,262
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	 36,732,240		34,887,978 (3)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 38,720,460	\$	36,732,240
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,714,203	\$	9,763,601
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 399%		376%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2019 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".
- (2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related benefits.
- (3) Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.
- (4) The discount rate used to calculate the Total OPEB liability was decreased from 3.05% to 2.63% effective for the May 31, 2020 measurement date.

New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Required Supplementary Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (2)	2020 (4) 2019 2018 2017 2016 (3)	0.0130171% 0.0131525% 0.0138652% 0.0133163% 0.0128206%	\$ 3,447,007 \$ 931,896 \$ 447,491 \$ 1,251,233 \$ 2,057,744	\$ 3,731,142 \$ 3,885,866 \$ 4,059,292 \$ 3,946,754 \$ 3,507,130	92.38% 23.98% 11.02% 31.70% 58.67%	86.39% 96.27% 98.24% 94.70% 90.70%	Schedule of Contributions	2020 2019 2018 2017 2016	\$ 532,089 \$ 563,699 \$ 586,874 \$ 559,490 \$ 639,739	(532,089) (563,699) (586,874) (559,490) (639,739)	\$\frac{1}{9} \text{9} \text{9} \text{9} \text{9} \text{9} \text{9} \text{9} \text{9} \text{9}	\$ 3,740,893 \$ 3,805,849 \$ 4,128,376 \$ 3,835,360 \$ 3,693,596	14.22% 14.81% 14.22% 14.59% 17.32%
Sche	1.61	Village's proportion of the net pension liability	Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	Village's covered payroll Village's proportionate share of the	net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	percentage of the total pension liability			Contractually required contribution	confractually required contribution	Contribution excess	Village's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial

Reporting for Pensions".

(2) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31, measurement date within the current fiscal year.

(3) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.

(4) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.

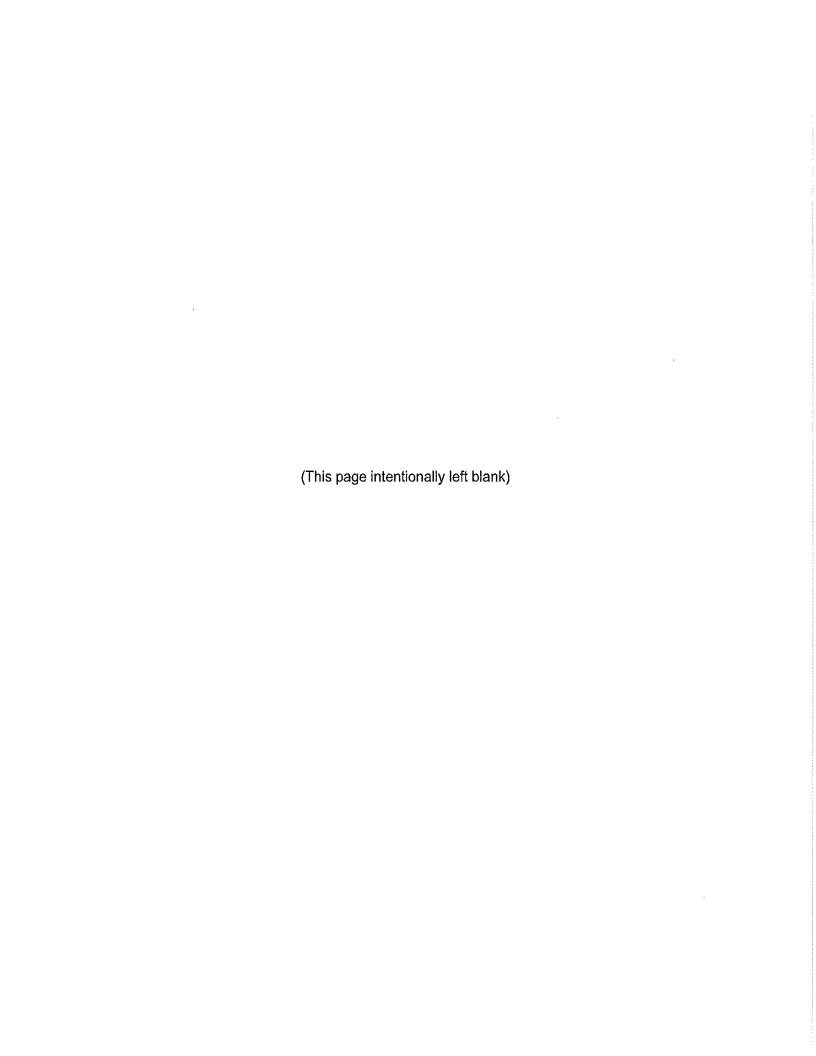
Required Supplementary Information New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (2)	Proportiona	te Share	of the Net Pe	ension Li	ability (2)				
	2020 (4)	(1	2019	<u> </u>	2018		2017		2016 (3)
village's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1350099%	%66	0.1403553%	 	0.1385891%	0.1	0.1241061%		0.1191251%
vinage's proportionate snare of the net pension liability	\$ 7,216,193	193 \$	2,353,848	φ 	1,400,799	\$	2,572,287	s	3,527,041
Village's covered payroll Village's proportionate share of the	\$ 5,567,356	356 \$	5,497,867	6	5,522,742	()	5,290,390	ь	4,334,983
net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	129.	129.62%	42.81%	%	25.36%		48.62%		81.36%
rian induciary het position as a percentage of the total pension liability	24.	84.86%	95.09%	%	96.93%		93.50%		90.20%
	Schedule of Contributions	Contribu	tions						
	2020	1	2019	.	2018		2017		2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,206,695	\$ 269	1,225,601	↔	1,207,674	₩	1,057,400	s	938,068
contractually required contribution	(1,206,695)	(269	(1,225,601)		(1,207,674)	5	(1,057,400)		(938,068)
Contribution excess	ક્ક	\$ ∥		<i>σ</i>		€9	1	6	k
Village's covered payroll	\$ 5,528,831	831	5,490,561	<i>ъ</i>	5,529,317	8	5,211,394	↔	4,807,051
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	21.	21.83%	22.32%	 	21.84%		20.29%		19.51%

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

(2) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31, measurement date within the current fiscal year.

(3) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date. (4) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.



General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,230,149	\$ 972,060
Taxes receivable	20,504	20,094
Other receivables		
Accounts	190,008	185,458
State and Federal aid	100,853	84,575
Due from other governments	240,508	241,483
Due from other funds	3,245,049	4,298,128
	3,776,418	4,809,644
Prepaid expenditures	215,333	245,528
Total Assets	\$ 5,242,404	\$ 6,047,326
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 776,075	\$ 373,263
Accrued liabilities	407,948	326,304
Due to other funds	-	1,627,936
Due to retirement systems	218,477	220,937
Unearned revenues	26,498	210,692
Total Liabilities	1,428,998	2,759,132
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred tax revenues	12,317	12,107
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,441,315	2,771,239
Fund balance		
Nonspendable	215,333	245,528
Restricted	241,685	190,670
Assigned	-	100,000
Unassigned	3,344,071	2,739,889_
Total Fund Balance	3,801,089	3,276,087
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 5,242,404	\$ 6,047,326

General Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended May 31,

				20)20	TO 10 TO		
		Original Budget	***************************************	Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	•	44.074.040	ሎ	44.074.040	æ	44.040 557	•	(04.400)
Real property taxes	\$	14,871,019 22,000	\$	14,871,019 22,000	\$	14,846,557 34,037	\$	(24,462) 12,037
Other tax items Non-property taxes		1,020,000		1,020,000		1,258,962		238,962
Departmental income		1,646,863		1,646,863		1,232,198		(414,665)
Intergovernmental charges		76,234		76,234		187,446		111,212
Use of money and property		175,711		175,711		166,322		(9,389)
Licenses and permits		573,500		573,500		689,229		115,729
Fines and forfeitures		490,500		490,500		444,614		(45,886)
Sale of property and		•		,		,		. , ,
compensation for loss		25,000		25,000		36,417		11,417
State aid		373,000		300,000		284,087		(15,913)
Federal aid		-		-		2,556		2,556
Miscellaneous		40,000		113,000		78,287		(34,713)
Total Revenues		19,313,827		19,313,827	***************************************	19,260,712		(53,115)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								00.004
General government support		2,360,784		2,360,784		2,292,550		68,234
Public safety		6,298,393		6,298,393		6,516,320		(217,927)
Health		53,000		53,000		53,000		404.570
Transportation		1,053,803		1,053,803		929,225		124,578
Culture and recreation		624,052 1,962,410		624,052 1,962,410		508,777 1,950,754		115,275 11,656
Home and community services Employee benefits		5,052,914		5,052,914		4,432,160		620,754
Debt service		3,032,914		0,002,014		4,432,100		020,754
Principal		448,214		448,214		448,214		<u></u>
Interest		158,075		158,075		150,424		7,651
			_		_			
Total Expenditures		18,011,645		18,011,645	_	17,281,424		730,221
Excess of Revenues						<u> </u>		
Over Expenditures		1,302,182		1,302,182		1,979,288		677,106
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Insurance recoveries		55,000		55,000		66,784		11,784
Transfers in		237,000		237,000		170,538		(66,462)
Transfers out	-	(1,594,182)		(1,594,182)		(1,691,608)		(97,426)
Total Other Financing Uses		(1,302,182)		(1,302,182)		(1,454,286)		(152,104)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		~		525,002		525,002
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year						3,276,087		3,276,087
End of Year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	3,801,089	\$	3,801,089

***********		20)19	
-	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	14,585,069	\$ 14,585,069	\$ 14,589,677	\$ 4,608
٠	20,000	20,000	42,490	22,490
	1,010,000	1,010,000	1,071,010	61,010
	1,598,125	1,598,125	1,753,989	155,864
	92,500	92,500	109,240	16,740
	175,711	175,711	162,188	(13,523)
	561,750	561,750	797,460	235,710
	480,500	480,500	658,089	177,589
	50,000	50,000	21,013	(28,987)
	375,000 -	375,000	334,875	(40,125)
	30,000	30,000	87,244	57,244
	18,978,655	18,978,655	19,627,275	648,620
	2,295,596	2,295,596	2,227,246	68,350
	6,141,661	6,141,661	6,425,293	(283,632)
	53,000	53,000	53,000	-
	1,005,078	1,005,078	1,027,174	(22,096)
	677,010	677,010	594,744	82,266
	2,011,728	2,011,728	2,048,068	(36,340)
	4,844,490	4,844,490	4,682,013	162,477
	734,814	734,814	734,814	
	196,797	196,797	162,617	34,180
	17,960,174	17,960,174	17,954,969	5,205
	1,018,481	1,018,481	1,672,306	653,825
	40,000	40,000	2,797	(37,203)
	242,000	242,000	308,702	66,702
	(1,480,481)	(1,480,481)	(1,496,083)	(15,602)
	(1,198,481)	(1,198,481)	(1,184,584)	13,897
	(180,000)	(180,000)	487,722	667,722
	180,000	180,000	2,788,365	2,608,365
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,276,087	\$ 3,276,087

Village of Larchmont, New York

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2020 (With Comparative Actuals for 2019)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES Real property taxes Special assessment taxes	\$ 14,802,019 69,000	\$ 14,802,019	\$ 14,807,879 38,678	\$ 5,860 (30,322)	\$ 14,520,069 69,608
OTHER TAX ITEMS	14,871,019	14,871,019	14,846,557	(24,462)	14,589,677
Interest and penalties on real property taxes	22,000	22,000	34,037	12,037	42,490
NON-PROPERTY TAXES Utilities gross receipts tax Non-property tax distribution from County	120,000 900,000	120,000	100,452 1,158,510	(19,548) 258,510	112,582 958,428
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME	1,020,000	1,020,000	1,258,962	238,962	1,071,010
Clerk fees	1,000		1,020	20	880
Other fees	1,500		2,650	1,150	2,748
Police fees	4,500		2,755	(1,745)	107
Fire department fees	41,238	•	3,512	(37,726)	18,738
Public works service charges	10,000	10,000	70,101	60,101	67,147
Parking lots and garages	715,500	715,500	737,022	21,522	760,556
On-street parking	360,000	360,000	207,221	(152,779)	347,544
Parks and recreation charges	1		1	ı	890
Tennis fees	22,500		19,046	(3,454)	41,140
Day camp	214,125	214,125	2,357	(211,768)	198,795
Five mile run	20,000	20,000	17,441	(2,559)	23,071
Zoning fees	7,000	7,000	11,540	4,540	17,150
Planning fees	26,500	26,500	20,450	(6,050)	47,995
Field permits	220,000	220,000	131,429	(88,571)	223,021
Parades and events offset		•	5,654	5,654	4,207
Emergency tenant protection fees	3,000	3,000	#	(3,000)	
	1,646,863	1,646,863	1,232,198	(414,665)	1,753,989

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Police services for other governments Snow removal for other governments Services for other governments

USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY

Earnings on investments Rental of real property Commissions

LICENSES AND PERMITS

Business and occupational licenses Architectural review fees Alarm permits Permit fees

FINES AND FORFEITURES

Fines and forfeited bail Other

SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION

FOR LOSS

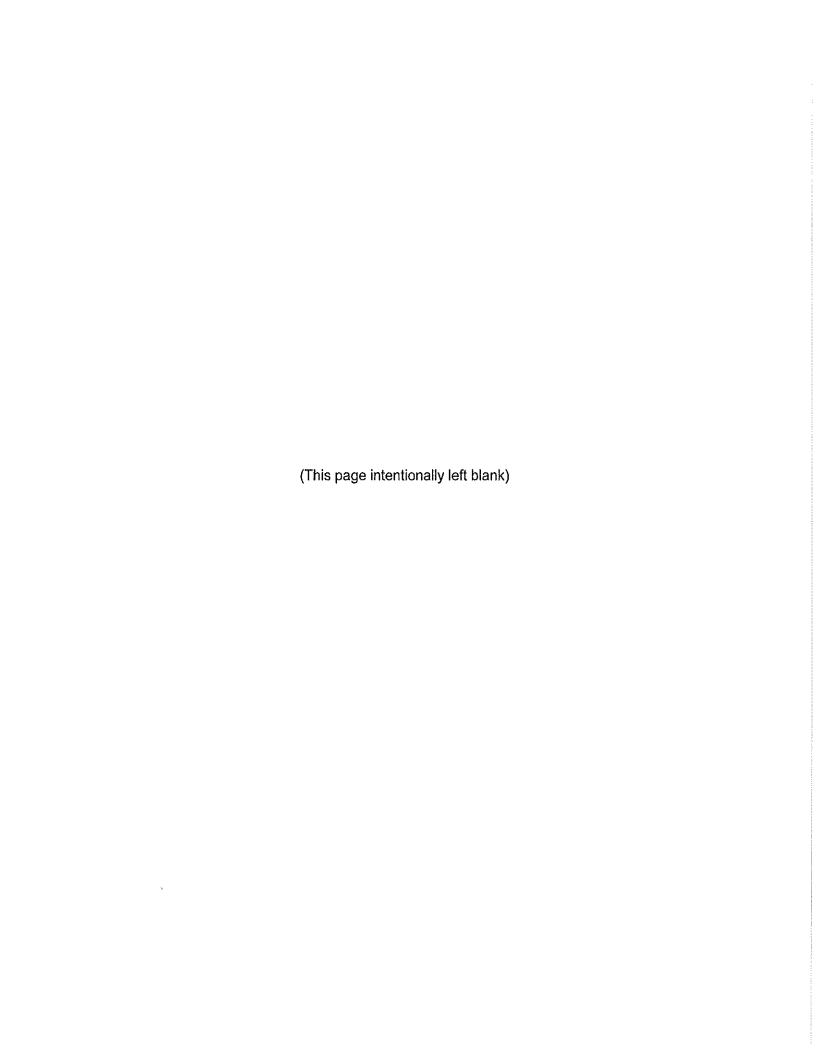
Sale of scrap and excess materials Minor sales

STATE AID

Mortgage tax Pubic safety Other Per capita

46,734 - 62,506	109,240	12,318 149,660 210	162,188	34,125 713,695 37,740 11,900	797,460	656,739 1,350	658,089	1,284	21,013	72,949 243,155 4,343 14,428	334,875
130,396 (15,000) (4,184)	111,212	810 (9,199) (1,000)	(9,389)	2,414 121,585 (11,720) 3,450	115,729	(46,586)	(45,886)	(4,840) 16,257	11,417	- (31,119) 500 14,706	(15,913)
135,396	187,446	8,810	166,322	8,914 636,585 33,280 10,450	689,229	443,414	444,614	160 36,257	36,417	268,881 500 14,706	284,087
5,000 15,000 56,234	76,234	8,000 166,711 1,000	175,711	6,500 515,000 45,000 7,000	573,500	490,000	490,500	5,000	25,000	300,000	300,000
5,000 15,000 56,234	76,234	8,000 166,711 1,000	175,711	6,500 515,000 45,000 7,000	573,500	490,000	490,500	5,000	25,000	73,000	373,000

(Continued)



Village of Larchmont, New York

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended May 31, 2020

(With Comparative Actuals for 2019)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
FEDERAL AID Law enforcement block grant	٠ ج	1 \$	\$ 2,556	\$ 2,556	· ·
MISCELLANEOUS Refund of prior year's expenditures AIM related payments Other	30,000	30,000 73,000 10,000	72,949 5,338	(30,000) (51) (4,662)	31,225
	40,000	113,000	78,287	(34,713)	87,244
TOTAL REVENUES	19,313,827	19,313,827	19,260,712	(53,115)	19,627,275
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries Transfers in	55,000	55,000	66,784	11,784	2,797
Water Fund Sewer Fund	120,000	120,000	120,000	(108.000)	120,000
Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund			50,538	50,538	122,781 65.921
Public Library Fund Special Purpose Fund	1,500	1,500 7,500	1 1	(1,500) (7,500)	1 1
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	292,000	292,000	237,322	(54,678)	311,499
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 19,605,827	\$ 19,605,827	\$ 19,498,034	\$ (107,793)	\$ 19,938,774

63

Village of Larchmont, New York

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2020 (With Comparative Actuals for 2019)

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Vari Fing (N	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		2019 Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT Board of Trustees	↔	5.700	49	5.700	69	2.683	(/)	3.017	€5	5.561
Justice	+	258,508	·	258,508	,	243,909	+	14,599	>	251.479
Supervisor		70,298		70,298		113,685		(43,387)		87,086
Treasurer		190,600		190,600		210,112		(19,512)		288,261
Budget		18,219		18,219		14,429		3,790		11,547
Purchasing		2,650		2,650		1,182		1,468		1,025
Assessor		46,000		46,000		36,418		9,582		43,583
Clerk		109,774		109,774		85,853		23,921		96,063
Law		107,500		107,500		127,969		(20,469)		150,641
Personnel		101,157		101,157		199,329		(98,172)		94,965
Engineer		63,900		63,900		36,364		27,536		6,683
Elections		6,700		6,700		1,521		5,179		2,694
Buildings		193,728		193,728		209,234		(15,506)		132,186
Village Center		1		,		3,004		(3,004)		1,419
Central garage		314,913		314,913		279,669		35,244		302,411
Central communications system		42,500		42,500		45,563		(3,063)		53,063
Central printing and mailing		35,500		35,500		20,892		14,608		21,844
Central data processing		182,000		182,000		143,868		38,132		205,621
Unallocated insurance		260,000		260,000		235,676		24,324		229,264
Municipal association dues		3,500		3,500		2,930		920		2,930
Judgments and claims		10,000		10,000		569		9,431		2,891
Taxes and assessments on Village property		50,000		50,000		141,885		(91,885)		31,946
Refunds of real property taxes		150,000		150,000		118,702		31,298		187,152
Metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax		16,091		16,091		17,104		(1,013)		16,931
Contingency		121,546		121,546		1		121,546		1
		2,360,784		2,360,784		2,292,550		68,234		2,227,246

PUBLIC SAFETY Police Traffic control	3,885,344	3,885,344	3,760,348	124,996	3,735,920
Fire department	2,142,242	2,142,242	12,004 2,515,348	8,511 (373,106)	16,198 2,428,167
Control of dogs	14,600	14,600	14,234	366	14,172
Safety inspection	235,632	235,632	214,326	21,306	230,836
HEA! TH	6,298,393	6,298,393	6,516,320	(217,927)	6,425,293
Community Counseling Center	53,000	53,000	53,000	1	53,000
TRANSPORTATION					
Street administration	119,735	119,735	122,643	(2,908)	124,676
Street maintenance	542,076	542,076	491,085	50,991	498,667
Snow removal	89,500	89,500	30,802	58,698	84,456
Sidewell in the maintainers	706'017	713,307	276,117	2,040	219,189
Sidewalk maintenance Off-street parking	- 88,530	88,530	3 72,770	(3) 15,760	8,956 91,230
CIII TIIRE AND RECREATION	1,053,803	1,053,803	929,225	124,578	1,027,174
Dorks	260.250	090 090	000 000	7000	000
	200,833	300,239	203,973	74,200	008,726
Flaygrounds and recreation Road concerts	130,293	130,293	97,736	32,557	140,191
Celebrations	2,300	3,300	5,279	2,221	4,788
Voith programs	0,000	10,000	2,852	040,4	5,102
Fourt programs Exhibits and reception	15,500	715,500	113,337	2,163	111,763
	7,000	0000,2	7,500	•	7,500
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES	624,052	624,052	508,777	115,275	594,744
Zoning	4,000	4,000	2,254	1,746	1,903
Board of Architectural Review	2,700	2,700	2,324	376	3,367
Planning	10,000	10,000	20,891	(10,891)	62,891
Sanitary sewers	•	•	2,135	(2,135)	15,633
Storm sewers	10,600	10,600	6,497	4,103	10,145
Refuse and garbage	1,748,346	1,748,346	1,756,270	(7,924)	1,780,498
Community beautification	58,000	58,000	54,626	3,374	54,707
Street cleaning	90,564	90,564	84,890	5,674	85,523
Shade trees	36,200	36,200	11,598	24,602	31,431
Emergency tenant protection fees	2,000	2,000	3,840	(1,840)	1,970
COVID 19 contractual	F	1	5,429	(5,429)	5
	1,962,410	1,962,410	1,950,754	11,656	2,048,068

(Continued)

Village of Larchmont, New York

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended May 31, 2020 (With Comparative Actuals for 2019) General Fund

2019 Actual	\$ 325,790 1,195,879 555,009 664,348	1,939,511	728,561 6,253	734,814	153,515 162	8,940	17,954,969	- 576,052 920,031	1,496,083	19,451,052
Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	\$ 132,093 9 55,344 84,914 165,471	(5,665) 187,425 620,754	1 1	4	; ; .	7,651	730,221	(2,000)	(97,426)	\$ 632,795 \$
Actual	325,669 (1,203,022 545,086 454,529 528	10,665 1,892,661 4,432,160	448,214	448,214	139,362	11,062	17,281,424	2,000 746,576 943,032	1,691,608	18,973,032
Final Budget	457,762 \$ 1,258,366 630,000 620,000 1,700	5,000 2,080,086 5,052,914	448,214	448,214	139,362	18,713	18,011,645	- 651,150 943,032	1,594,182	19,605,827 \$
Original Budget	457,762 \$ 1,258,366 630,000 620,000 1,700	5,000 2,080,086 5,052,914	448,214	448,214	139,362	18,713	18,011,645	- 651,150 943,032	1,594,182	19,605,827
	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS State retirement State retirement - Police and fire Social security Workers' compensation benefits Life insurance	Unemployment benefits Hospital, medical and dental insurance	DEBT SERVICE Principal Serial bonds New York State loan	1	Interest Serial bonds New York State loan	Bond anticipation notes	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out Water Fund Capital Projects Fund Public Library Fund	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES

See independent auditors' report.

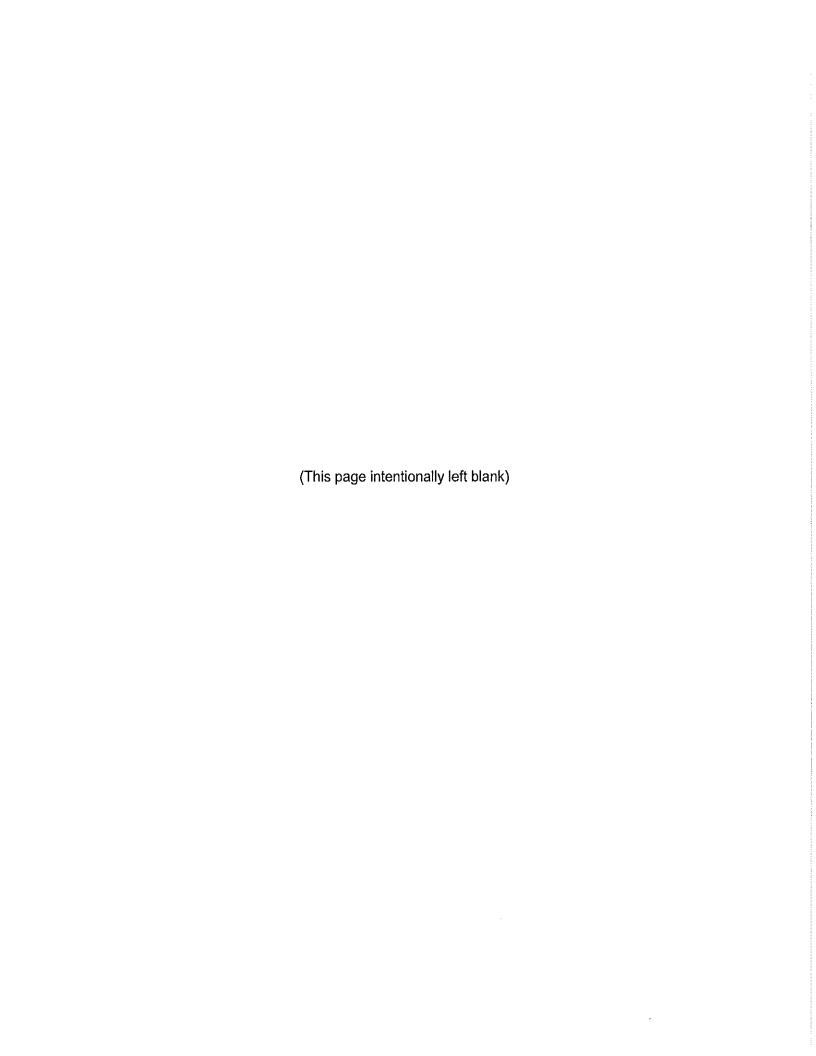
Water Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	2020	2019
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,506,855	\$ 1,436,342
Receivables Water rents Due from other funds	603,992	 578,558 316,642
	603,992	895,200
Prepaid expenditures	1,012	 wn
Total Assets	\$ 2,111,859	\$ 2,331,542
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to retirement systems Unearned revenues	\$ 112,994 34,441 1,749,881 9,018 1,267	\$ 66,358 40,125 2,087,186 7,503 1,267
Total Liabilities	 1,907,601	 2,202,439
Fund balance Nonspendable Restricted Assigned	 1,012 13,005 190,241	129,103
Total Fund Balance	204,258	 129,103
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 2,111,859	\$ 2,331,542

Water Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended May 31,

				20	20			
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES Departmental income	\$	2,856,250	\$	2,856,250	\$	2,672,218	\$	(184,032)
Departmental income Use of money and property Miscellaneous	Φ	2,836,230	Ψ —	2,266	φ	2,072,218 2,081 553	Ψ	(185) 553
Total Revenues	<u></u>	2,858,516		2,858,516		2,674,852		(183,664)
EXPENDITURES Current		51,775		51,775		51,079		696
General government support Home and community services		1,942,209		1,942,209		1,556,101		386,108
Employee benefits		307,018		307,018		256,316		50,702
Debt service		007,010		00,,010		200,010		00,702
Principal		261,786		261,786		261,786		-
Interest		78,728		78,728		78,728		<u> </u>
Total Expenditures		2,641,516		2,641,516		2,204,010		437,506
Excess of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		217,000		217,000		470,842		253,842
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		0.000		0.000		45.005		40.005
Transfers in		2,000		2,000		15,005 (410,692)		13,005 (275,692)
Transfers out		(135,000)		(135,000)		(410,092)		(273,092)
Total Other Financing Uses		(133,000)		(133,000)		(395,687)		(262,687)
Net Change in Fund Balance		84,000		84,000		75,155		(8,845)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		(84,000)		(84,000)	<u> </u>	129,103		213,103
End of Year	\$	•••	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$	204,258	\$	204,258

	20	19			
Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
\$ 2,803,750 500	\$ 2,803,750 500	\$	2,665,196 2,929 67,548	\$	(138,554) 2,429 67,548
2,804,250	 2,804,250		2,735,673		(68,577)
00.775	00.775		44.450		50.040
96,775	96,775		44,159		52,616
1,931,831	1,931,831		1,747,390		184,441
301,593	301,593		270,418		31,175
256,439	256,439		256,439		-
 84,612	 84,612		84,612		
2,671,250	 2,671,250		2,403,018		268,232
 133,000	 133,000		332,655		199,655
					(0.000)
2,000	2,000		(000 550)		(2,000)
 (135,000)	 (135,000)	-	(203,552)		(68,552)
 (133,000)	 (133,000)		(203,552)	<u>-</u>	(70,552)
-	-		129,103		129,103
 	 		<u> </u>		
\$ 	\$ 	\$	129,103	\$	129,103



Public Library Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

		2020		2019
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	1,703,605	\$	201,288
Receivables		F 750		
Accounts		5,750		- 823,480
Due from other governments Due from other funds		-		933,795
Due nom other lands				300,730
		5,750		1,757,275
Prepaid expenditures		9,919	,	6,448
Total Assets	\$	1,719,274	\$	1,965,011
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	26,851	\$	39,282
Accrued liabilities		25,538		26,345
Due to other funds		1,211,150 21,800		1,484,685 23,922
Due to retirement systems	_	21,000		23,922
Total Liabilities		1,285,339		1,574,234
Fund balance				
Nonspendable		9,919		6,448
Assigned		424,016		384,329
Total Fund Balance		433,935		390,777
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,719,274	\$	1,965,011

Public Library Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Years Ended May 31,

				20	20			
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Departmental income	\$	1,342,279	\$	1,342,279	\$	1,319,029	\$	(23,250)
Use of money and property	Ψ	400	*	400	*	1,717	4	1,317
Sale of property and		F 000		 000		0.000		(0.007)
compensation for loss State aid		5,000		5,000 5,405		2,933		(2,067) 56
Miscellaneous		5,125 30,500		5,125 30,500		5,181 27,675		(2,825)
Miscellarieous		30,300		30,300	***************************************	21,010		(2,020)
Total Revenues		1,383,304		1,383,304		1,356,535		(26,769)
EXPENDITURES Current								
General government support		32,000		32,000		24,524		7,476
Culture and recreation		1,678,150		1,678,150		1,634,915		43,235
Employee benefits		606,186		606,186		546,970		59,216
Total Expenditures		2,316,336	***************************************	2,316,336		2,206,409		109,927
Deficiency of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		(933,032)		(933,032)		(849,874)		83,158
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		943,032		943,032		943,032		m
Transfers out	***************************************	(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources		893,032		893,032		893,032		_
Net Change in Fund Balance		(40,000)		(40,000)		43,158		83,158
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		40,000		40,000		390,777		350,777
beginning or real		70,000		+0,000		550,777	**	300,177
End of Year	\$	***	\$		\$	433,935	\$	433,935

			20)19				
	Original Budget	410004	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$	1,310,516 150	\$	1,310,516 150	\$	1,293,996 517	\$	(16,520) 367	
	5,000 5,125 22,500	···	5,000 5,125 22,500		5,527 5,179 38,934		527 54 16,434	
	1,343,291		1,343,291		1,344,153	<u> </u>	862	
	35,500 1,630,200 587,622 2,253,322	_	35,500 1,630,200 587,622 2,253,322	_	26,608 1,663,445 581,496 2,271,549		8,892 (33,245) 6,126 (18,227)	
MATERIAL STATE OF THE STATE OF	(910,031)		(910,031)		(927,396)		(17,365)	
	920,031 (50,000)		920,031 (50,000)		921,829 (50,000)	Date of the Control	1,798	
	870,031		870,031		871,829		1,798	
	(40,000)		(40,000)		(55,567)		(15,567)	
	40,000		40,000	***************************************	446,344		406,344	
\$	_	\$		\$	390,777	\$	390,777	

Village of Larchmont, New York

Public Library Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2020 (With Comparative Actuals for 2019)

DEPARTMENTAL INCOME Library charges Services to other governments USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY Earnings on investments SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS Winor sales Sale of materials and supplies State AlD Library aid	Original Budget \$ 40,000 1,302,279 1,342,279 400 2,000 2,000 5,000 5,125	Final Budget \$ 40,000 1,302,279 1,342,279 400 2,000 2,000 5,000	Actual \$ 16,750 1,302,279 1,319,029 1,478 1,455 2,933 2,933	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ (23,250) (23,250) - (1,522) (545) (2,067)	2019 Actual \$ 23,480 1,270,516 1,293,996 2,513 5,527 5,179
MISCELLANEOUS Gifts and donations Other	7,500	7,500	8,560 19,115	1,060 (3,885)	9,635 29,299
	30,500	30,500	27,675	(2,825)	38,934
TOTAL REVENUES	1,383,304	1,383,304	1,356,535	(26,769)	1,344,153

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943,032	943,032	\$ 2,326,336 \$ 2,
Transfers in General Fund Special Purpose Fund	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

920,031 1,798	921,829	(26.769) \$ 2.265.982
		U ,
1 1	1	(26.769)
		€.
943,032	943,032	2.299.567
		₩.
943,032	943,032	2,326,336
		€.
943,032	943,032	\$ 2,326,336

Village of Larchmont, New York

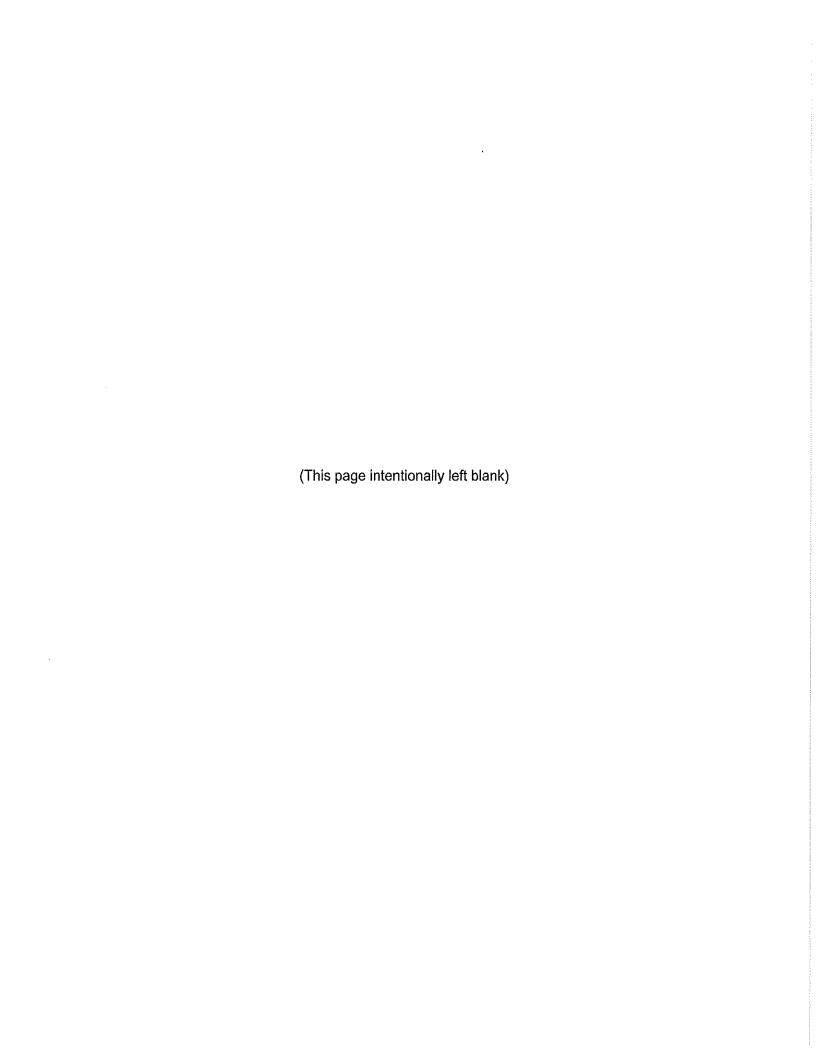
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (With Comparative Actuals for 2019) Year Ended May 31, 2020 Public Library Fund

Variance with Final Budget Positive 2019 (Negative) Actual	\$ 1,871 \$ 20,472 605 6,136 5,000	7,476 26,608	43,235 1,663,445	17,030 170,447			_	36,137 306,041	59,216 581,496	109,927 2,271,549	- 50,000	\$ 100 007 \$ 0 301 540
Actual	\$ 18,129 6,395	24,524	1,634,915	144,756	91,209	7,542	1,400	302,063	546,970	2,206,409	50,000	\$ 2.256.40Q
Final Budget	\$ 20,000 7,000 5,000	32,000	1,678,150	161,786	94,700	10,500	1,000	338,200	606,186	2,316,336	50,000	366 336
Original Budget	\$ 20,000 7,000 5,000	32,000	1,678,150	161,786	94,700	10,500	1,000	338,200	606,186	2,316,336	50,000	366 336
	Unallocated insurance Taxes and assessments on Village property Contingency	CIII TIIDE AND DECDEATION	Library operations	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS State retirement	Social security	Workers' compensation benefits	Disability insurance	Hospital, medical and dental insurance		TOTAL EXPENDITURES	OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out Capital Projects Fund	TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING LISES

See independent auditors' report.

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

		2020		2019
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	1,541,450	\$	1,699,953
Receivables				
Accounts		-		231,556
State and Federal aid Due from other funds		245,037		-
Due from other lunds				964,275
		245,037		1,195,831
Total Assets	\$	1,786,487	\$	2,895,784
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	414,834	\$	447,538
Due to other funds	•	931,466	·	1,622,131
Bond anticipation notes payable		652,300		802,300
Total Liabilities		1,998,600		2,871,969
Fund balance (deficit)				
Restricted		_		23,815
Unassigned		(212,113)		20,010
·		(= :=, ; ; •)		
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		(212,113)		23,815
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	1,786,487	\$	2,895,784



Capital Projects Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Years Ended May 31,

	2020	2019
REVENUES State aid Miscellaneous	\$ 371,568 517,717	\$ 225,046 686,252
Total Revenues	889,285	911,298
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	2,004,438	1,867,663
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,115,153)	(956,365)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	1,187,268 (308,043)	824,604 (122,781)
Total Other Financing Sources	879,225	701,823
Net Change in Fund Balance	(235,928)	(254,542)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year	23,815	278,357
End of Year	\$ (212,113)	\$ 23,815

Capital Projects Fund Project-Length Schedule Inception of Project Through May 31, 2020

PROJECT	Δ	Authorization	penditures d Transfers	U	nexpended Balance
Technology Budget	\$	1,006,481	\$ 876,035	\$	130,446
Library Maintenance Program		1,418,761	1,188,191		230,570
Village Hall Maintenance and Improvement		154,134	44,034		110,100
Tank/ Pump Replacement Byron		3,075,693	3,075,693		-
LPL Transformation Project		2,414,051	2,182,273		231,778
Road Resurfacing and Curbing		825,416	517,404		308,012
Sidewalks 60/40		70,000	25,299		44,701
Sanitation Sewer Evaluation Study		565,000	1,334,607		(769,607)
Constitution Park		680,150	702,847		(22,697)
Village Hall - Capital Improvements		70,500	9,132		61,368
Police Cruisers		115,579	123,863		(8,284)
DPW Vehicles and Equipment		341,000	333,298		7,702
Sanitation Vehicle		175,000	152,087		22,913
Road Resurfacing, Curbing		360,912	364,741		(3,829)
Curbing Non-Paving Locations		15,000	-		15,000
Sidewalks 60/40		20,000	-		20,000
Body Armor Replacement		10,000	6,784		3,216
Road Resurfacing & Curbs 2018-2019 #1		120,000	528,370		(408,370)
Sidewalks 60/40 2018-2019 #13		30,000	82,390		(52,390)
Computer Equipment 2018-19		15,800	-		15,800
Dash Cam/LPR 2018-19		18,350	-		18,350
Duty Firearms 2018-19		15,500	_		15,500
IP Cameras 2018-19		13,800	-		13,800
Police Office HVAC 2018-2019		13,000	_		13,000
Curbing Non Paving 2018-2019		20,000	-		20,000
10-Wheel Dump Truck Refurbish (H-7) 2018-19		25,000	25,000		-

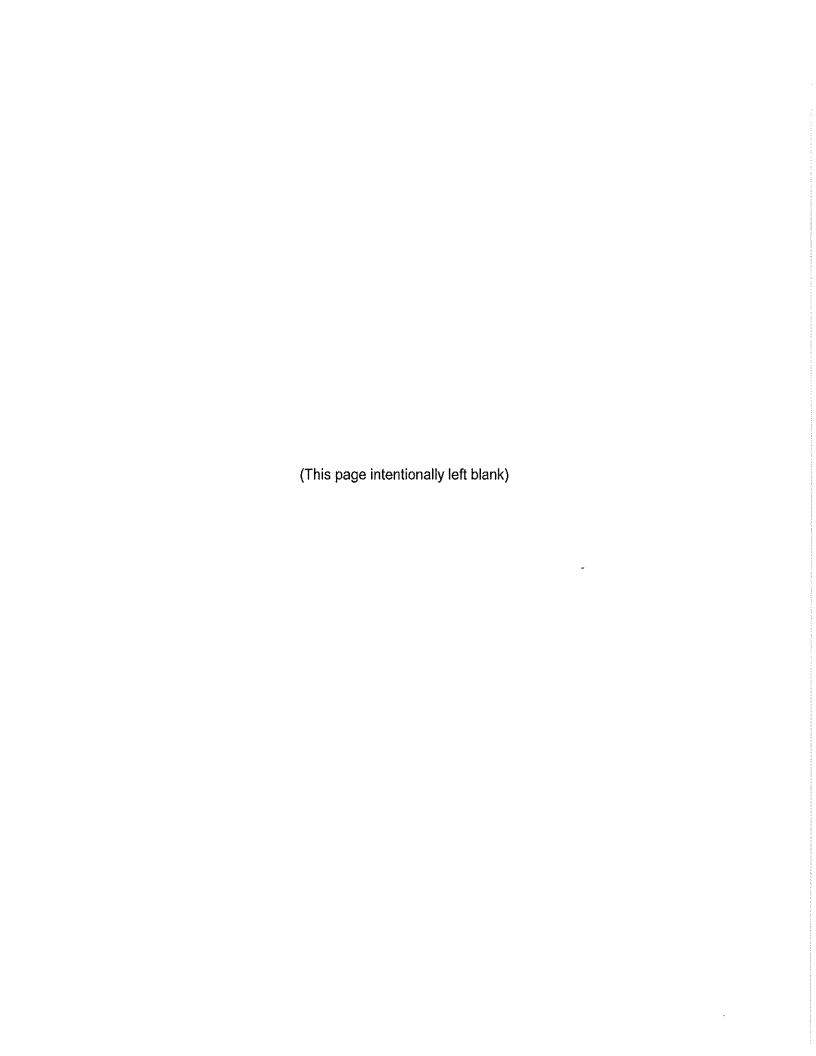
Fund Balance Total (Deficits) at Revenues May 31, 2020			Bond Anticipation Notes Outstanding at May 31, 2020
\$ 1,006,481	\$	130,446	\$ -
1,418,761		230,570	-
154,134		110,100	_
3,075,693			-
2,414,051		231,778	-
825,416		308,012	-
70,000		44,701	-
265,000		(1,069,607)	300,000
680,150		(22,697)	-
70,500		61,368	-
115,579		(8,284)	-
99,600		(233,698)	241,400
41,187		(110,900)	110,900
360,912		(3,829)	-
15,000		15,000	-
20,000		20,000	-
10,000		3,216	-
120,000		(408,370)	-
30,000		(52,390)	-
15,800		15,800	-
18,350		18,350	-
15,500		15,500	-
13,800		13,800	_
13,000		13,000	-
20,000		20,000	-
25,000		-	-

(Continued)

Capital Projects Fund Project-Length Schedule (Continued) Inception of Project Through May 31, 2020

PROJECT	Authorization		Expenditures and Transfers		Unexpended Balance	
6-Wheel Dump / Snow Fighter 2018-19	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	_
Central Garage Repairs 2018-19		13,000		-		13,000
Historic Property Survey 19-20		15,000		4,000		11,000
Computer Equipment 19-20		6,000		-		6,000
Server Upgrade 19-20		8,500		-		8,500
Dash Cam/LPR 19-20		18,350		-		18,350
In-Car Mobile Computer 19-20		13,300		2,183		11,117
Body Armor Replacement 19-20		5,000		6,405		(1,405)
IP Cameras 19-20		13,800		-		13,800
Thermal Imaging Cameras 19-20		10,500		11,644		(1,144)
Facility Maintenance 19-20		73,000		u.		73,000
Police -Relocation of Base Radio 19-20		5,000		1,786		3,214
Central Garage -Roof & Gutter Repairs 19-20		15,000		-		15,000
Gas Heaters 19-20		4,000		-		4,000
Road Resurfacing 19-20		120,000		-		120,000
Curbing 19-20		20,000		-		20,000
Sidewalks 60/40 Program 19-20		30,000		-		30,000
Pinebrook Staircase 19-20		10,000		45,389		(35,389)
Downtown Streetscape Materials 19-20		10,000		-		10,000
LED Street Lights 19-20		75,000		_		75,000
Fans 19-20		4,000		2,022		1,978
Highway Equipment Vehicle 19-20		50,000		-		50,000
Totals	\$	12,123,577	\$	11,660,477	\$	463,100

 Total Revenues	Fund Balance (Deficits) at May 31, 2020	Bond Anticipation Notes Outstanding at May 31, 2020
\$ 15,000	\$ -	\$ -
13,000	13,000	-
15,000	11,000	-
6,000	6,000	-
8,500	8,500	-
18,350	18,350	-
13,300	11,117	-
5,000	(1,405)	-
13,800	13,800	-
10,500	(1,144)	-
73,000	73,000	-
5,000	3,214	-
15,000	15,000	-
4,000	4,000	-
120,000	120,000	-
20,000	20,000	-
30,000	30,000	-
10,000	(35,389)	-
10,000	10,000	-
75,000	75,000	· •
4,000	1,978	
 50,000	50,000	M.
\$ 11,448,364	\$ (212,113)	\$ 652,300



Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds May 31, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for 2019)

		Special			Total No Governme		•
		Purpose Fund	Sewer Fund		2020		2019
ASSETS		1 4114	 rana	-	2020	-	2013
Cash and equivalents	\$	243,146	\$ -	\$	243,146	\$	216,738
Receivables							
Sewer rents		-	53,447		53,447		41,520
Due from other funds	<u></u>	252,000	 395,448		647,448		339,247
		252,000	448,895		700,895		380,767
Total Assets	\$	495,146	\$ 448,895	\$	944,041	\$	597,505
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$ 2,628	\$	2,628	\$	_
Due to other funds			 			***************************************	30,149
Total Liabilities		A4	 2,628		2,628		30,149
Fund balances							
Restricted		495,146	-		495,146		216,738
Assigned			 446,267		446,267		350,618
Total Fund Balances		495,146	 446,267		941,413		567,356
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	495,146	\$ 448,895	\$	944,041	<u>\$</u>	597,505

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended May 31, 2020
(With Comparative Totals for 2019)

	P	pecial urpose Fund	 Sewer Fund
REVENUES Departmental income Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	168 35,039	\$ 227,516 - -
Total Revenues		35,207	 227,516
EXPENDITURES Current		4 000	
Culture and recreation Home and community services Debt service		1,299 -	20,339
Interest		_	 11,528
Total Expenditures		1,299	 31,867
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		33,908	195,649
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		244,500	 (100,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	**************************************	244,500	 (100,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances		278,408	95,649
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year		216,738	350,618
End of Year	\$	495,146	\$ 446,267

	Total No Governme	•
	2020	 2019
\$	227,516 168 35,039	\$ 183,362 278 51,851
	262,723	235,491
	1,299 20,339	410 -
	11,528	 7,629
	33,166	 8,039
	229,557	227,452
	244,500 (100,000)	- (182,719)
	144,500	 (182,719)
	374,057	44,733
****	567,356	 522,623
\$	941,413	\$ 567,356

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

100570		2020		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds		243,146 252,000	\$	216,738
Total Assets	\$	495,146	\$	216,738
FUND BALANCE Restricted	<u></u> \$	495,146	\$	216,738

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended May 31,

	2020	2019	
REVENUES Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 168 35,039	\$ 214 51,851	
Total Revenues	35,207	52,065	
EXPENDITURES Current			
Culture and recreation	1,299	410	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	33,908	51,655	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	244,500 	(16,798)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	244,500	(16,798)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	278,408	34,857	
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	216,738	181,881	
End of Year	\$ 495,146	\$ 216,738	

Debt Service Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance
Years Ended May 31,

2020			2019		
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	64	
EXPENDITURES			-	_	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		64	
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out				(65,921)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		_		(65,857)	
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	·	<u>-</u>		65,857	
End of Year	\$	he.	\$		

Sewer Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

ASSETS	2020		2019	
Sewer rents receivable Due from other funds	\$	53,447 395,448	\$	41,520 339,247
Total Assets	\$	448,895	\$	380,767
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities				
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	2,628	\$ '	30,149
Total Liabilities		2,628		30,149
Fund balance				
Assigned		446,267	 ,	350,618
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	448,895	\$	380,767

Sewer Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended May 31,

REVENUES	2020		2019	
Departmental income	\$	227,516	\$	183,362
EXPENDITURES Current				
Home and community services Debt Service		20,339		-
Interest	·	11,528		7,629
Total Expenditures		31,867		7,629
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		195,649		175,733
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	<u></u>	(100,000)		(100,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		95,649		75,733
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year		350,618		274,885
End of Year	\$	446,267	\$	350,618