

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

June 30, 2017

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Commack Union Free School District Commack, New York

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Commack Union Free School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Commack Union Free School District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Changes in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, "Changes in Accounting Principles", the District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, as of June 30, 2017. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and the schedules of funding progress – other postemployment benefits, the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability, and District pension contributions on pages 3 through 15 and 51 through 55, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commack Union Free School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 56 through 58 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information requested by the New York State Education Department. The other supplementary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2017 on our consideration of the Commack Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commack Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cullen & Danowski, LLP

September 29, 2017

The Commick Union Free School District's discussion and analysis of the financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 in comparison with the year ended June 30, 2016, with emphasis on the current year. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

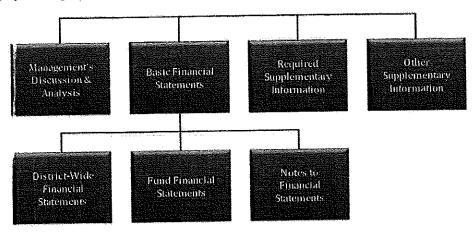
### 1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2017 are as follows:

- The District's total net position, as reflected in the district-wide financial statements, decreased by \$7,619,944. This was due to an excess of expenses over revenues based on the accrual basis of accounting.
- The District's expenses for the year, as reflected in the district-wide financial statements, totaled \$192,038,186. Of this amount, \$6,826,707 was offset by program charges for services and operating grants. General revenues of \$177,591,535 amount to 96.3% of total revenues, and were not adequate to cover the balance of program expenses.
- The general fund's total fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements, decreased by \$361,017. This was due to an excess of expenditures over revenues based on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The general fund's unassigned fund balance is \$5,185,587, which is 2.73% of the 2017-18 voter approved budget of \$190,163,464. New York State Real Property Tax Law allows the District to retain up to 4% of the ensuing year's budget as unassigned fund balance.
- The District's maximum tax cap increase for 2016-17, as calculated in accordance with the provisions of NYS law was 0.38%, which was the actual tax levy increase for the District. Since the inception of the property tax cap limit in 2012-13, this was the first year that the District increased taxes by the maximum tax cap allowed.

## 2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements consist of district-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

### A. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements present the governmental activities of the District and are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two district-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

### The Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

### The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Revenues are recognized in the period when they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period when the liability is incurred. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

### **B.** Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary funds.

### Governmental Funds

These statements utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period that they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period in which the District incurs the liability, except for certain expenditures such as debt service on general long-term indebtedness, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pension costs, and other postemployment benefits, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent the related liabilities mature each period.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

(Continued)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, you may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds: general fund, special aid fund, school food service fund, debt service fund and capital projects fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in its capacity as agent or trustee and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the District's district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

## 3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

### A. Net Position

The District's total net position decreased by \$7,619,944 between fiscal year 2017 and 2016. The decrease is due to expenses in excess of revenues based on the accrual basis of accounting. The prior period has been restated to reflect the effect of a prior period adjustment affecting receivables due from state and federal related to the District's Section 4408 summer placement program, and accounts payable for health insurance benefits. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 21 "Prior Period Adjustment", provides additional information. A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position follows:

	 2017		As Restated 2016	<del>,</del>	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Assets Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net	\$ 50,612,157 95,632,281	\$	52,130,966 99,959,229	\$	(1,518,809) (4,326,948)	(2.91)% (4.33)%
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	 	<u> </u>	53,967,057	<del></del>	(53,967,057)	(100.00)%
Total Assets	 146,244,438		206,057,252		(59,812,814)	(29.03)%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	 60,267,626		21,667,544	, <del></del>	38,600,082	178.15 %

	2017	As Restated 2016	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Liabilities				
Current and Other Liabilities	13,854,451	16,221,563	(2,367,112)	(14.59)%
Long-Term Liabilities	80,255,480	87,784,983	(7,529,503)	(8.58)%
Net Other Postemployment				
Benefits Obligation	75,696,378	65,008,909	10,687,469	16.44 %
Net Pension Liability -				
Proportionate Share	10,444,457	8,176,509	2,267,948	27.74 %
Total Liabilities	180,250,766	177,191,964	3,058,802	1.73 %
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,191,764	19,843,354	(16,651,590)	(83.92)%
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	35,994,861	33,956,940	2,037,921	6.00 %
Restricted	11,932,795	10,814,094	1,118,701	10.34 %
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(24,858,122)	(14,081,556)	(10,776,566)	(76.53)%
Total Net Position	\$ 23,069,534	\$ 30,689,478	\$ (7,619,944)	(24.83)%

Current and other assets decreased by \$1,518,809 to \$50,612,157. The District's cash balance at June 30, 2017 decreased from the prior year by \$1,297,095 and receivables and other assets decreased in the net amount of \$221,714.

Capital assets, net decreased by \$4,326,948, as compared to the prior year. Capital outlays during the year of \$572,877 was offset by depreciation expense in the amount of \$4,899,825.

Net pension asset – proportionate share was eliminated in the current year as the New York State Teachers' Retirement System experienced an actuarially calculated loss, principally due to a decrease in the discount rate from 8.0% to 7.5%, which resulted in an ending balance that was a liability; therefore, the District's proportionate share is a liability.

Deferred outflows of resources represents contributions to the retirement plans subsequent to the measurement dates and actuarial adjustments at the plan level that will be amortized in future years and deferred charges from prior year bond refundings that are being amortized over the remaining term of the bonds.

Current and other liabilities decreased by \$2,367,112. Accounts payable decreased by \$678,493 and amounts due to the teachers' retirement system decreased \$1,265,508, as the employer contribution rate was reduced from 13,26% of covered salaries in 2016 to 11,72% in 2017.

Long-term liabilities decreased by \$7,529,503, as compared to the prior year. This decrease was primarily a result of the payment of principal on the District's existing debt and the amortization of deferred premiums on advanced refunding totaling \$7,779,582.

Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligation increased by \$10,687,469, as compared to the prior year. This increase is the result of the current year OPEB costs on the full accrual basis of accounting in excess of the amount reflected in the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis (pay as you go). The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 16 "Postemployment Healthcare Benefits", provides additional information.

Net pension liability – proportionate share increased by \$2,267,948 in the current year. This liability represents the District's share of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System's collective net pension liability at the measurement date of the respective year.

Deferred inflows of resources represents actuarial adjustments at the pension plan level that will be amortized in future years.

The net investment in capital assets in the amount of \$35,994,861 is the investment in capital assets at cost, including land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, site improvements, furniture and equipment, and licensed vehicles, net of depreciation and related outstanding debt. This number increased over the prior year by \$2,037,921.

The restricted amount of \$11,932,795 relates to the District's reserves, which increased over the prior year by \$1,118,701 as follows:

Increases: Funding of reserves Interest earnings Total Increases	\$	1,866,777 21,878	\$ 1,888,655
Decreases: Reserves used to pay current expenses: Sick day payouts to retirees upon termination Contribution to the employees' retirement system Principal and interest on serial bonds Total Decreases	**************************************	(469,954) (150,000) (150,000)	\$ (769,954) 1,118,701

The unrestricted deficit amount of \$(24,858,122) relates to the balance of the District's net position. This balance does not include the District's reserves, which are classified as restricted. Additionally, in accordance with state guidelines, the District is only permitted to fund OPEB on a "pay as you go" basis, and is not permitted to accumulate funds for the net OPEB obligation. This deficit increased over the prior year by \$10,776,566

### B. Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items line. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	2017	2016	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues				
Program Revenues		+ 0445000	# (FAO 407)	(13.98)%
Charges for Services	\$ 3,135,731	\$ 3,645,228	\$ (509,497)	3,01 %
Operating Grants	3,690,976	3,583,076	107,900	3.01 %
General Revenues			T00 600	A 20 IV
Property Taxes and STAR	132,440,097	131,931,495	508,602	0.39 %
State Sources	40,366,753	37,608,710	2,758,043	7.33 %
Other	4,784,685	14,411,929	(9,627,244)	(66.80)%
Total Revenues	184,418,242	191,180,438	(6,762,196)	(3.54)%
Expenses				
General Support	23,786,069	22,612,618	1,173,451	5.19 %
Instruction	152,127,019	143,257,733	8,869,286	6.19 %
Pupil Transportation	12,471,433	12,707,569	(236,136)	(1.86)%
Debt Service - Interest	2,342,099	2,370,667	(28,568)	(1.21)%
Food Service Program	1,311,566	1,234,114	77,452	6.28 %
Total Expenses	192,038,186	182,182,701	9,855,485	5.41 %
Increase / (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (7,619,944)	\$ 8,997,737	\$ (16,617,681)	(184.69)%

The District's net position decreased by \$7,619,944 and increased by \$8,997,737 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

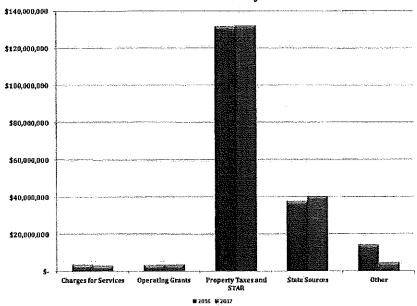
Revenues decreased \$6,762,196 from the prior year as the District recognized a one-time revenue in 2016 of \$11,736,000 from the surrendering of certain life insurance policies and the recording of the cash surrender value of policies still in force that were purchased as part of a retirement incentive. Excluding that one-time revenue, total revenues in 2017 would have increased \$4,973,804.

Expenses increased by \$9,855,485 over the prior year. Employee benefits increased \$7,687,490 as the teachers' retirement system expense, actuarially calculated in accordance with GASB 68, increased by \$12,763,659. This increase was offset by a decrease in life insurance expense of \$5,521,581, which was paid to an insurance company in the prior year to assume the liability to employees retiring under the local retirement incentive.

As indicated on the graphs that follow, real property taxes and STAR is the largest component of revenues recognized (i.e., 71.8% and 68.9% of the total for the years 2017 and 2016, respectively). Instruction expenses is the largest category of expenses incurred (i.e., 79.2% and 78.6% of the total for the years 2017 and 2016, respectively).

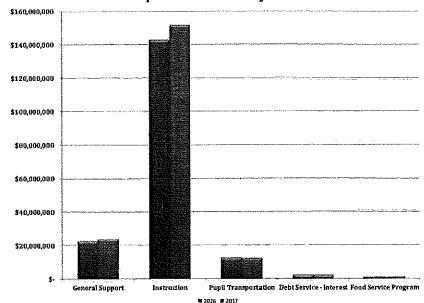
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

## A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:



		Charges for Services	Operating Grants	Property Taxes and STAR	State Sources	Other
1	2016	1.9%	1.9%	68.9%	19.6%	7.7%
	2017	1.7%	2.0%	71.8%	21.9%	2.6%

### A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:



	General Support	Instruction	Pupil Transportation	Debt Service - Interest	Food Service Program
2016	12.4%	78.6%	7.0%	1.3%	0.7%
2017	12.4%	79.2%	6.5%	1.2%	0.7%

# 4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2017, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$32,322,661, which is a decrease of \$243,679 from the prior year. This decrease is due to an excess of expenditures over revenues based upon the modified accrual basis of accounting. The prior period has been restated to reflect the effect of a prior period adjustment affecting receivables due from state and federal related to the District's Section 4408 summer placement program, and accounts payable for health insurance benefits. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 21 "Prior Period Adjustment", provides additional information. A summary of the change in fund balance by fund is as follows:

-		2017	A	s Restated 2016		ncrease Jecrease)
General Fund						
Restricted Workers' compensation Unemployment insurance Retirement contribution Insurance Employee benefit accrued liability Repairs Assigned: Appropriated fund balance Unappropriated fund balance Unassigned: Fund balance	\$	1,798,073 319,891 906,771 188,879 7,486,342 17,234 7,609,753 787,115 5,185,587	\$	1,795,793 319,438 406,759 188,612 6,745,278 2,210 8,908,924 236,468 6,057,180 24,660,662	\$	2,280 453 500,012 267 741,064 15,024 (1,299,171) 550,647 (871,593) (361,017)
School Food Service Fund Nonspendable: Inventory Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance		3,400 476,326 479,726		3,793 438,452 442,245	<del></del>	(393) 37,874 37,481
<b>Debt Service Fund</b> Restricted: Debt service	<u></u>	1,215,605		1,356,004	<del>June 1</del>	(140,399)
Capital Projects Fund Restricted: Unspent debt proceeds Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance Unassigned: Fund balance (Deficit)		5,528,267 799,418	<del>.</del>	6,129,144 (21,715)		(600,877) 799,418 21,715
A	_	6,327,685	<u>.                                    </u>	6,107,429		220,256_
Total Fund Balance	=	32,322,661	: =	\$ 32,566,340	\$	(243,679)

### A. General Fund

Total revenues, adjusted for a one-time receipt in the prior year of \$7,801,477 from the surrendering of life insurance policies, increased by \$3,460,315. This increase is attributed to increases in state source revenue of \$2,025,001 and property taxes and STAR of \$508,602. Total expenditures and other financing sources, adjusted for the one-time payment of \$5,521,581 made in the prior year, increased by \$391,193. Increases in general support and instruction totaling \$1,018,995 and the transfer to the special aid fund to cover the local share of the summer placement program of \$276,181 were offset by a \$1,032,143 reduction in employee benefits.

### **B.** School Food Service Fund

The net change in the school food service fund – fund balance is an increase of \$37,481, which was the operating profit of the food service program. In the prior year, the District operated at a \$10,907 profit. Increases in sales revenue and federal reimbursements totaling \$52,073 was offset by an increase in expenditures of \$24,001.

### C. Debt Service Fund

The net change in the debt service fund – fund balance is a decrease of \$140,399, which represents expenditures in excess of revenues in the current year. The fund earned \$9,601 of interest, which was offset by a budgeted transfer to the general fund of \$150,000.

### D. Capital Projects Fund

The net change in the capital projects fund – fund balance is an increase of \$220,256. A budgeted interfund transfer from the general fund for \$1,190,000 was offset by capital expenditures in the amount of \$369,744 and a \$600,000 transfer to the general fund of unspent bond proceeds.

### 5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

### A. 2016-17 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$187,532,817. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$236,468 and budget revisions in the amount of \$817,574, for a total final budget of \$188,586,859.

The budget was funded through a combination of estimated revenues and appropriated fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$132,432,249 in estimated property taxes and STAR.

# B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves, appropriations to fund the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances. The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance, as Restated	\$ 6,057,180
Revenues Over Budget	594,046
Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget	8,023,168
Allocation to Reserves	(1,866,777)
Interest Allocated to Reserves	(12,277)
Appropriated for the June 30, 2018 Budget	(7,609,753)
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 5,185,587

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance, as Restated

The \$6,057,180 shown in the table is the portion of the District's June 30, 2016 fund balance that was retained as unassigned. This was 3.2% of the District's 2016-17 approved operating budget of \$187,532,817.

### Revenues Over Budget

The 2016-17 final budget for revenues was \$178,821,513. Actual revenues received for the year were \$179,415,559, resulting in actual revenues exceeding estimated revenues by \$594,046. Positive revenue variances in other tax items (PILOT), use of money and property, and miscellaneous revenues totaling \$1,133,549 were offset by charges for services, which were \$512,715 less than estimated.

# **Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget**

The 2016-17 final budget for expenditures was \$188,586,859. Actual expenditures and encumbrances as of June 30, 2017 were \$180,563,691 resulting in the final budget being under expended by \$8,023,168.

Factors contributing to this positive budget variance include:

Central Services - Careful monitoring of overtime and use of custodial staff.

Instruction – Expenditures less than budgeted in the following areas: state testing, district-of-location/district-of-residence costs, BOCES services and supply purchases.

Pupil Transportation – Efficiencies in routing and scheduling along with lower than anticipated CPI increases for contracts.

Employee Benefits - Lower mid-year health insurance premium increases than anticipated.

### Allocation to Reserves

The District transferred \$1,866,777 to the following reserves during the year:

Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contribution Repair	\$ 1,202,129 649,648 15,000
	\$ 1,866,777

# Appropriated Fund Balance

The District has chosen to use \$7,609,753 of the available June 30, 2017 unassigned fund balance to partially fund the 2017-18 approved operating budget. As such, the June 30, 2017 unassigned fund balance must be reduced by this amount.

# Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the summary table, the unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2017 was \$5,185,587. This amount equals 2.7% of the 2017-18 budget, which is within the 4% statutory limit.

(Continued)

# 6. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### A. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2017, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, as indicated in the table below. The net decrease in capital assets is due to depreciation of \$4,899,825 in excess of capital additions of \$572,877 recorded for the year ended June 30, 2017. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of depreciation at June 30, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	2017	2016	Increase (Decrease)
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Site improvements Furniture and equipment Licensed vehicles	\$ 3,260,677 1,234,779 87,929,114 2,340,652 687,088 179,971	\$ 3,260,677 1,781,041 92,166,466 2,285,392 387,817 77,836	\$ (546,262) (4,237,352) \$5,260 299,271 102,135
Capital assets, net	\$ 95,632,281	\$ 99,959,229	\$ (4,326,948)

### B. Debt Administration

At June 30, 2017, the District had total bonds payable (par value) of \$49,455,000. The bonds were issued for school building improvements or the refunding of bonds originally issued for school building improvements. The decrease in outstanding debt represents current year principal payments of \$5,725,000. A summary of the outstanding bonds at June 30, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

Issue Date	Interest Rate	2017	2016	Increase (Decrease)
2007 2013 2013	4,00-5.00% 2,00-4.00% 1,00-4.00%	\$ 975,000 40,180,000 8,300,000	\$ 1,465,000 44,740,000 8,975,000	\$ (490,000) (4,560,000) (675,000)
		\$ 49,455,000	\$ 55,180,000	\$ (5,725,000)

At June 30, 2017, the District had \$15,710,687 of energy performance contract debt outstanding. The debt was issued to perform district-wide energy efficient capital improvements. The decrease in outstanding energy performance contract debt represents the current year principal payments made during the year of \$1,240,746. A summary of outstanding energy performance contract debt at June 30, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

Issue Date	Interest Rate	2017	2016	Increase (Decrease)
2012 2015	2.14% 3.63%	\$ 13,780,526 1,930,161	\$ 14,880,780 2,070,653	\$ (1,100,254) (140,492)
		\$ 15,710,687	\$ 16,951,433	\$ (1,240,746)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Included in the District's long-term liabilities are the estimated amounts due for compensated absences, workers' compensation liability, net other postemployment benefits obligation and net pension liability – proportionate share. The compensated absences liability is based on employment contracts. The workers' compensation liability is based on open claims reported by the third-party administrator. The net other postemployment benefits obligation, and the net pension liability – proportionate share are based on actuarial valuations.

	2017	2016	Increase (Decrease)
Compensated absences payable Workers' compensation liabilities Net OPEB obligation Net pension liability - proportionate share	\$ 11,294,264 781,500 75,696,378 10,444,457	\$ 10,928,542 897,143 65,008,909 8,176,509	\$ 365,722 (115,643) 10,687,469 2,267,948
-	\$ 98,216,599	\$ 85,011,103	\$ 13,205,496

The District's latest underlying, long-term credit rating from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is Aa2. The District's outstanding serial bonds at June 30, 2017 are approximately 3% of the District's debt limit.

# 7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

# A. Subsequent Year's Budget

The general fund budget, the only fund with a legally adopted budget, as approved by the voters on May 16, 2017, for the year ending June 30, 2018, is \$190,163,464. This is an increase of \$2,630,646 or 1.4% over the previous year's budget. The increase is principally in the instruction program area of the budget.

The District budgeted revenues other than property taxes at a \$1,294,415 increase over the prior year's estimate. This increase is principally due to an estimated increase in miscellaneous revenue. The assigned, appropriated fund balance applied to the June 30, 2018 budget in the amount of \$7,609,753 is \$1,299,171 less than the previous year. Additionally, the District expects to appropriate \$450,000 from reserves to fund the budget and reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2018. A property tax increase of 1.99% was needed to meet the revenue shortfall and cover the increase in projected expenditures.

### **B.** Future Budgets

Significant increases in costs of health insurance, the property tax cap, and uncertainty in state aid and federal funds will greatly impact the District's future budgets.

### C. Tax Cap

New York State law limits the increase in the property tax levy of school districts to the lesser of 2% or the rate of inflation to June 15, 2020. There are additional statutory adjustments in the law. School districts may override the tax levy limit by presenting to the voters a budget that requires a tax levy that exceeds the statutory limit. However, that budget must be approved by 60% of the votes cast. Based on the law, the District's 1.99% increase in the 2017-18 levy is compliant with the tax cap.

### D. Property Tax Relief Credit

New York State law provides a "Property Tax Relief Credit" to eligible taxpayers for the 2016-17 through 2019-20 school years. To be eligible, a taxpayer, based on income tax return filings for the taxable two years prior, must be a New York State resident, who owned and primarily resided in real property receiving the STAR exemption, and had adjusted gross income no greater than \$275,000. A taxpayer is ineligible for the tax credit if the real property is located in a school district that adopted a budget in excess of the tax levy limit. Eligible District taxpayers will receive a tax credit in the form of a check in the amount of \$130 in the first year. In subsequent years, the amount of the credit is a function of the basic STAR savings and the taxpayer's income. This program provides an incentive for the District to be tax cap compliant.

# 8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Requests for additional information can be directed to:

Ms. Laura A. Newman Assistant Superintendent for Business Commack Union Free School District P.O. Box 150 Commack, NY 11725

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

ASSETS	
Cash	
Unrestricted	\$ 22,501,796 17,461,062
Restricted Receivables	17,401,002
Accounts receivable	4,186,988
Due from fiduciary funds	356,758
Due from state and federal	4,471,044
Due from other governments	1,631,109
Inventories Capital assets:	3,400
Not being depreciated	4,495,456
Being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	91,136,825
Total Assets	146,244,438
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charges on bond refunding	2,124,551
Pensions	58,143,075
	<b>(A.B.T.</b> (D.C.
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	60,267,626
LIABILITIES	
Payables	
Accounts payable	1,798,893
Accrued liabilities	1,116,355
Due to other governments	34
Due to teachers' retirement system  Due to employees' retirement system	9,842,000 608,096
Compensated absences payable	310,446
Unearned credits	·
Collections in advance	178,627
Long-term liabilities	
Due and payable within one year	6,634,661
Bonds payable, net Energy performance contract payable	1,269,535
Compensated absences payable	450,000
Due and payable after one year	
Bonds payable, net	45,834,368
Energy performance contract payable	14,441,152 10,844,264
Compensated absences payable Workers' compensation liabilities	781,500
Net other postemployment benefits obligation	75,696,378
Net pension liability - proportionate share	10,444,457
	100 256 777
Total Liabilitles	<u> 180,250,766</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	3,191,764
NET POSITION	27 004 074
Net investment in capital assets	<u>35,994,861</u>
Restricted	
Workers' compensation	1,798,073
Unemployment insurance	319,891
Retirement contribution	906,771
Insurance Employee benefit accrued liability	188,879 7,486,342
Employee benefit accrued nability  Repairs	17,234
Debt service	1,215,605
	11,932,795
	(0 / 050 400)
Unrestricted (deficit)	(24,858,122)
Total Net Position	\$ 23,069,534
comitation and and an analysis of the contract	

Statement of Activities
For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Expenses		Program harges for Services			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS General support Instruction Pupil transportation Debt service - interest	\$ 23,786,069 152,127,019 12,471,433 2,342,099	\$	2,148,002	\$	3,294,862 396,114	\$ (23,786,069) (146,684,155) (12,471,433) (2,342,099) 72,277
Food service program	1,311,566	. <del></del>	987,729 3,135,731	s	3,690,976	(185,211,479)
Total Functions and Programs  GENERAL REVENUES  Real property taxes Other tax items Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous State sources Medicald reimbursement	\$ 192,038,186					118,469,964 15,164,429 1,790,623 227,089 1,444,689 40,366,753 127,988
Total General Revenues						177,591,535
Change in Net Position  Total Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated						(7,619,944)
Total Net Position - End of Year						\$ 23,069,534

# COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

		General _		Special Aid		School Food Service		Debt Service	 Capital Projects	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS											
Cash Unrestricted Restricted	\$	21,889,441 11,107,771	\$	12,009	\$	600,346	\$	1,207,745	\$ 5,145,546	\$	22,501,796 17,461,062
Receivables Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from state and federal Due from other governments Inventories		4,153,716 3,154,077 2,456,678 1,631,109		23,976 1,212,630 1,662,600		9,296 18,704 3,400		7,860	 1,190,000 333,062	., h	4,186,988 5,564,567 4,471,044 1,631,109 3,400
Total Assets	\$	44,392,792	\$	2,911,215	\$	631,746	\$	1,215,605	\$ 6,668,608	\$	55,819,966
LIABILITIES Payables Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	1,591,796 205,016 2,407,542	\$	118,254 2,792,407	\$	88,843	\$		\$ 7,860	\$	1,798,893 205,016 5,207,809
Due to other funds Due to other governments Due to teachers' retirement system Due to employees' retirement system Compensated absences payable		9,842,000 608,096 310,446		247 725, 10.		34					34 9,842,000 608,096 310,446
Unearned credits Collections in advance		114,930		554		63,143	٠		 		178,627
Total Liabilities		15,079,826		2,911,215		152,020		-	 7,860		18,150,921
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues	_	5,013,321	·		<b>_</b> ,		• <del>K</del>		 333,063		5,346,384
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Inventories						3,400					3,400
Restricted: Workers' compensation Unemployment insurance Retirement contribution Insurance Employee benefit accrued liability		1,798,073 319,891 906,771 188,879 7,486,342									1,798,073 319,891 906,771 188,879 7,486,342 17,234
Repairs Debt service Unspent bond proceeds		17,234						1,215,605	5,528,267		1,215,605 5,528,267
Assigned: Appropriated fund balance Unappropriated fund balance Unassigned: Fund balance		7,609,753 787,115 5,185,587				476,326			 799,418	_	7,609,753 2,062,859 5,185,587
Total Fund Balances		24,299,645				479,726		1,215,605	 6,327,685		32,322,661
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>-</u> ئ <u>ا</u> :	44,392,792	\$	2,911,215	<u>.  </u>	631,746		1,215,605	 6,668,608		55,819,966

# COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 32,322,661
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.		
Original cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 179,127,566 (83,495,285)	95,632,281
Deferred charges on advance refunding of bonds are not reported on the Balance Sheet, but are reflected on the Statement of Net Position and amortized over the life of the related bonds.		70,000,000
Deferred charges on advance refunding Less: accumulated amortization	4,711,870 (2,587,319)	2,124,551
Proportionate share of long-term liability and deferred outflows and inflows associated with participation in the state retirement systems are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources Net pension liability - teachers' retirement system Net pension liability - employees' retirement system Deferred inflows of resources	58,143,075 (5,629,000) (4,815,457) (3,191,764)	44,506,854
Some of the District's revenues will be collected after the year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds, but are not deferred on the Statement of Net Position.		5,346,384
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Accrued interest on bonds payable Bonds payable, net Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Workers' compensation liabilities Net other postemployment benefits obligation	(911,339) (52,469,029) (15,710,687) (11,294,264) (781,500) (75,696,378)	 156,863,197)
Total Net Position		\$ 23,069,534

# COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

_	General		Special Aid		School Food Service		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Gover	otal onmental unds
REVENUES Real property taxes \$ Other tax items	15,164,429	\$		\$		\$		\$		1!	3,469,964 5,164,429 1,962,430
Charges for services	1,962,430 1,780,122				900		9,601				1,790,623
Use of money and property	1,/80,124				***						000 000
Sale of property and compensation for loss	227,089										227,089 1,286,935
Miscellaneous	1,281,021		962		4,952						18,805
Interfund revenue	18,805									4	1,180,432
State sources	39,633,711		1,524,970		21,751					•	127,988
Medicaid reimbursement	127,988				374,363						2,143,293
Federal sources			1,768,930		982,777						982,777
Sales					906,777						
Total Revenues	178,665,559		3,294,862		1,384,743		9,601			18	33,354,765
and the second s											10 000 001
EXPENDITURES General support	18,392,031										18,392,031 )4,672,511
Instruction	101,136,524		3,535,987								12,396,518
Pupil transportation	12,052,429		344,089								36,862,660
Employee benefits	36,862,660									'	,0002,000
Debt service							5,725,000				6,965,746
Principal	1,240,746						2,018,225				2,591,972
Interest	573,747				1,347,262		2,010,623				1,347,262
Food service program					1,347,404				369,744		369,744
Capital outlay				-		<del>-</del>					00 400 444
Total Expenditures	170,258,137		3,880,076		1,347,262		7,743,225		369,744	1	83,598,444
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					37,481		(7,733,624)		(369,744)		(243,679)
Over Expenditures	8,407,422		(585,214)		37,481		(7,733,021)		(003): 7	<del> </del>	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USE	5)						7,743,225		1,190,000		10,268,439
Operating transfers in	750,000		585,214				(150,000)		(600,000)		(10,268,439)
Operating transfers (out)	(9,518,439)	<u> </u>					(130,000)	<del>-</del>			
Total Other Financing					_		7,593,225		590,000		. <del>.</del>
Sources and (Uses)	(8,768,439)		585,214				1,070,000				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(361,017)				37,481	L	(140,399)		220,256		(243,679)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as Restated	24,660,662				442,245	<u>5</u> .	1,356,004	<del></del>	6,107,429		32,566,340
End of Year	\$ 24,299,645	<u>.</u> <u>.</u>	<u> </u>	=	\$ 479,720	6	\$ 1,215,605	= ==	6,327,685	<u> </u>	32,322,661

# COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances		\$ (243,679)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences		
Certain expenditures in the governmental funds requiring the use of current financial resources (amounts paid) may exceed the amounts incurred during the year, resulting in a reduction of the long-term liability and an increase in the net position.		
Decrease in workers' compensation claims liability	\$ 115,643	
Certain operating expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are expensed in the Statement of Activities.		
Increase in compensated absences Increase in net other postemployment benefits obligation	(365,722) (10,687,469)	
In the Statement of Activities, long-term receivables are reported as revenue; however, revenue is reported in the governmental funds when it provides current financial resources.	1,082,282	(9,855,266)
Capital Related Differences		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the period.		
Capital outlays	572,877	
Depreciation expense	(4,899,825)	(4,326,948)
Long-Term Debt Transactions Differences		
Amortization of bond premiums and deferred charges on bond refundings do not affect the governmental funds, but are recorded in the Statement of Activities.		
Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges	813,836 (573,663)	
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		
Repayment of bond principal Repayment of energy performance contract	5,725,000 1,240,746	
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This is the amount by which accrued interest		
decreased from June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017.	9,700	7,215,619
Pension Differences		
The change in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the state retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities did not affect current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.		
Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system	319,994	
ыпроуссь тепления умен	(729,664)	(409,670)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (7,619,944)

### COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

	Agency	Private Purpose Trust
ASSETS Cash Unrestricted Restricted Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$ 1,076,067 62,406 6,076	\$ 17,027
Total Assets	<b>\$</b> 1,144,549	17,027
LIABILITIES Extraclassroom activity balances Due to other funds Other liabilities	\$ 431,532 356,758 356,259	6,076
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,144,549	6,076
NET POSITION Restricted for scholarships		\$ 10,951

# COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	-	ivate rpose rust	
ADDITIONS Contributions Investment earnings Interest	\$	5,583 28	
Total Additions		5,611	
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Scholarships and awards		13,127 (7,516)	
Change in Net Position		18,467	
Net Position - Beginning of Year  Net Position - End of Year	\$	10,951	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Commack Union Free School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are as follows:

### A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of five members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The financial reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following entity is included in the District's financial statements:

### **Extraclassroom Activity Funds**

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The District reports these assets held by it as agent for the extraclassroom organizations in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds. Separate audited financial statements of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's Business Office.

### **B.** Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Western Suffolk (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. BOCES are organized under Section §1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section §1950 of the Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation under Section §1950(6). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

§119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law. A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section §1950(4)(b)(7). There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

### C. Basis of Presentation

### District-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the overall governmental financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of interfund transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while capital grants reflect capital-specific grants, if applicable.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Employee benefits are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including real property taxes and state aid, are presented as general revenues.

### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund type, governmental and fiduciary, are presented. The District's financial statements present the following fund types:

**Governmental Funds** - are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as defined by GASB, each displayed in a separate column. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - is the general operating fund and is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Aid Fund** - is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources such as federal and state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed by either governments that provide the funds or outside parties.

School Food Service Fund - is used to account for the activities of the food service program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**Debt Service Fund** - accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

Capital Projects Fund – is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, renovation or major repair of capital facilities and other capital assets, such as equipment.

**Fiduciary Funds** – are used to account for activities in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used to finance District operations. The following are the District's fiduciary funds:

**Agency Funds** - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

**Private Purpose Trust Funds** - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

# D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include real property taxes, state aid, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from real property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is apportioned by the state. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, other postemployment benefits and pension costs, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### E. Real Property Taxes

### Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board no later than October 15th and become a lien on December 1st, Taxes are collected by the towns of Smithtown and Huntington and remitted to the District from December to June.

### **Enforcement**

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Suffolk County in June.

### F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes to Financial Statements.

### G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include transfers to provide financing or other services. This includes the transfer of unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the District must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables are netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

A detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, transfers in and transfers out activity is provided subsequently in these Notes to Financial Statements.

### H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, workers' compensation liabilities, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank deposits and investments with a maturity date of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Certain cash balances are restricted by various legal and contractual obligations, such as legal reserves and debt agreements.

### I. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, if any. However, no allowance for uncollectibles has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

### K. Inventories

Inventories of food in the school food service fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the Government's assigned value, which approximates market. These inventories are accounted for on the consumption method. Under the consumption method, a current asset for the inventories is recorded at the time of receipt and/or purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods are consumed.

Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

A portion of fund balance has been classified as nonspendable to indicate that inventories do not constitute available spendable resources.

### L. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reflected in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at actual cost, when the information is available, or estimated historical cost based on professional third-party information. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the date of donation.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds, the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts, and estimated useful lives of capital assets as reported in the district-wide statements are as follows:

	alization reshold	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and improvements Site improvements Furniture and equipment Licensed vehicles	\$ 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000	20-50 years 20-30 years 5-10 years 5-10 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### M. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, in the Statement of Net Position, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the unamortized amount of deferred charges from a prior year's refunding of bonds that is being amortized as a component of interest expense on a weighted average basis through June 30, 2025. The second item is related to pensions and consists of the District's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension asset or liability not included in collective pension expense. The third item is the District's contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date.

### N. Collections in Advance

Collections in advance arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures or when charges for services monies are received in advance from payers prior to the services being rendered by the District. These amounts are recorded as liabilities in the financial statements. The liabilities are removed and revenues are recognized in subsequent periods when the District has legal claim to the resources.

### O. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is unavailable revenues reported in the governmental funds when potential revenues do not meet the availability criterion for recognition in the current period. This includes receivables of certain state aid allocations. In subsequent periods, when the availability criterion is met, unavailable revenues are reclassified as revenues. In the District-wide financial statements, unavailable revenues are treated as revenues. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position and consists of the District's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension asset or liability not included in collective pension expense.

### P. Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Vacation eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods. Employees are compensated for unused accumulated vacation leave through paid time off or cash payment upon retirement, termination or death.

Certain collectively bargained agreements require these payments to be paid in the form of non-elective contributions into the employee's 403(b) plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The liability for compensated absences has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund financial statements, a liability is reported only for payments due for unused compensated absences for those employees that have obligated themselves to separate from service with the District by June  $30^{\text{th}}$ .

### Q. Other Benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

The District provides health insurance coverage for active employees pursuant to collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts.

In addition to providing these benefits, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for most retired employees and their survivors. Collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the governmental funds as the liabilities for premiums mature (come due for payment). In the district-wide statements, the cost of postemployment health insurance coverage is recognized on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45.

### R. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue revenue anticipation notes (RAN) and tax anticipation notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue bond anticipation notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

### S. Equity Classifications

### **District-Wide Statements**

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisitions, construction and improvements of those assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Restricted – Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted* – Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications.

### Fund Statements

The fund statements report fund balance classifications according to the relative strength of spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used, as follows:

Nonspendable – Consists of amounts that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance consists of inventory, which is recorded in the school food service fund.

Restricted - Consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

### Workers' Compensation Reserve

Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

### Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions payable to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The Board, by resolution, may establish the reserve and authorize expenditures from the reserve. The reserve is funded by budgetary appropriations or taxes raised for the reserve, revenues that are not required by law to be paid into any other fund or account, transfers from reserves and other funds that may legally be appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

### Insurance Reserve

Insurance Reserve is used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

# Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit primarily based on unused and unpaid sick leave, personal leave, holiday leave or vacation time due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

### Repairs Reserve

Repairs Reserve (GML §6-d) is used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education, without voter approval, must establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (opinion of the New York State Comptroller 84-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

### Restricted for Debt Service

Unexpended balances of proceeds of borrowings for capital projects; interest and earnings from investing proceeds of obligations, and premium and accrued interest are recorded in the debt service fund and held until appropriated for debt payments. These restricted amounts are accounted for in the debt service fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# Restricted - Unspent Bond Proceeds

Unspent long-term bond proceeds are recorded as restricted fund balance because they are subject to external constraints contained in the debt agreement. These restricted funds are accounted for in the capital projects fund.

## Restricted for Scholarships

Amounts restricted for scholarships are used to account for monies donated for scholarship purposes, including earnings and net of awards. These restricted funds are accounted for in the private purpose trust fund.

Assigned – Consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District's Board of Education. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

Unassigned – Represents the residual classification for the District's general fund and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending of available resources. NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318, restricts the unassigned fund balance of the general fund to an amount not greater than 4% of the subsequent year's budget.

### Fund Balance Classification

Any portion of fund balance may be applied or transferred for a specific purpose by law, voter approval if required by law or by formal action of the Board of Education if voter approval is not required. Amendments or modification to the applied or transferred fund balance must also be approved by formal action of the Board of Education.

The Board of Education shall delegate the authority to assign fund balance, for encumbrance purposes, to the person(s) to whom it has delegated the authority to sign purchase orders.

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (that is restricted, assigned or unassigned) the Board will assess the current financial condition of the District and then determine the order of application of expenditures to which fund balance classification will be charged.

# 2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, which requires the District to disclose information about tax abatement agreements impacting real property tax revenue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# 3. <u>EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS</u>

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic resource measurement focus of the District-wide statements, compared with the current financial resource measurement focus of the governmental funds.

### A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from net position of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and long-term assets and liabilities, including pensions.

### B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into any of four broad categories.

### Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities, thereby affecting expenses such as compensated absences and other postemployment benefits.

### Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

### Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. In addition, both interest and principal are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements when due and payable, whereas interest expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities as it accrues, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

### **Pension Differences**

Pension differences occur as a result of recognizing pension costs under the modified accrual basis of accounting (whereby an expenditure is recognized based on the contractually required contribution as calculated by the plan) versus the accrual basis of accounting (whereby an expense is recognized related to the District's proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the plan).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 4. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund.

Appropriations are established by the adoption of the budget, are recorded at the program line item level, and constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year can be funded by the planned use of specific reserves, and can be increased by budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law) and appropriation of fund balances. These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year:

General support and instruction appropriation increases	à	C4C 013
funded by gifts and donations	2	646,013
Additional sick day payout funded by the employee		169,954
benefit accrued liability reserve		105,534
Transportation appropriation increase funded by		1,607
insurance recoveries		1,007
	\$	817,574

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects based on authorized funding. The maximum project amount authorized is based upon the estimated cost of the project. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as part of assigned fund balance, unless classified as restricted, and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

#### 5. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statutes and District policy. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its Agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District may be unable to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside agency. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are as follows:

- A. Uncollateralized,
- B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

The District's aggregate bank balances were covered by FDIC insurance or fully collateralized by securities pledged on the District's behalf at year end.

The District did not have any investments at year-end or during the year. Consequently, the District was not exposed to any material interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

#### 6. PARTICIPATION IN BOCES

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the District was billed \$7,538,560 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$2,016,679. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative offices at 507 Deer Park Road, P.O. Box 8007, Huntington Station, New York 11746-9007.

#### 7. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable of \$4,186,988 at June 30, 2017 primarily consists of the cash surrender value of life insurance policies totaling \$4,044,041.

#### 8. DUE FROM STATE AND FEDERAL

Due from state and federal at June 30, 2017 consisted of:

General Fund		
New York State - general aid	\$	16,988
New York State - excess cost aid		749,296
Federal share Medicaid		20,447
BOCES aid		933,122
BÓ CES refunds		7,267
New York State supplemental building aid		729,558
••		2,456,678
Special Aid Fund		
Federal and state grants		1,662,600
School Food Service Fund		
Federal and state food service		
program reimbursements		18,704
P0		ŕ
Capital Projects Fund		
New York State EXCEL and SSBA aid		333,062
	4.	
		4,471,044

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 9. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments at June 30, 2017 consisted of:

General Fund Other districts - health services Other districts - tuition Other districts - foster tuition Town of Smithtown - PILOT	\$ 55,530 796,425 185,572 593,582	-
	\$ 1,631,109	=

#### 10. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2017
Governmental activities Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 3,260,677 1,781,041	\$ 365,382	\$ (911,644)	\$ 3,260,677 1,234,779
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,041,718	365,382	(911,644)	4,495,456
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Site improvements Furniture and equipment Licensed vehicles	165,167,558 6,240,680 3,070,318 911,303	392,977 221,249 374,744 130,169	(1,795,601) (42,787) (38,500)	163,764,934 6,461,929 3,402,275 1,002,972
Total capital assets being depreciated	175,389,859	1,119,139	(1,876,888)	174,632,110
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Site improvements Furniture and equipment Licensed vehicles Total accumulated depreciation	73,001,092 3,955,288 2,682,501 833,467 80,472,348	4,630,329 165,989 75,473 28,034 4,899,825	(1,795,601) (42,787) (38,500) (1,876,888)	75,835,820 4,121,277 2,715,187 823,001 83,495,285
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	94,917,511	(3,780,686)	-	91,136,825
Capital assets, net	\$ 99,959,229	\$ (3,415,304)	\$ (911,644)	\$ 95,632,281

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$ 334,608
Instruction	4,544,105
Food service program	
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,899,825

#### 11. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances and activities at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

	Interfund					
	Receivable	Payable	Transfers In	Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$ 3,154,077	\$ 2,407,542	\$ 750,000	\$ 9,518,439		
Special Aid Fund	1,212,630	2,792,407	585,214			
Debt Service Fund	7,860		7,743,225	150,000		
Capital Projects Fund	1,190,000	7,860	1,190,000	600,000		
Total Governmental Funds	5,564,567	5,207,809	\$ 10,268,439	\$ 10,268,439		
Fiduciary Funds	6,076	362,834	****			
Total	\$ 5,570,643	\$ 5,570,643				

The District typically transfers from the general fund to the special aid fund and the debt service fund. The transfer to the special aid fund was for the District's share of the costs for the section 4408 summer placement program and the state-supported section 4201 schools. The transfer to the debt service fund was for the payment of principal and interest on long-term outstanding bonds. The transfer from the debt service fund to the general fund was in accordance with the general fund budget.

The transfer to the capital projects fund was a voter approved appropriation included in the original budget. The transfer from the capital projects fund to the general fund was a budgeted transfer of unspent bond proceeds to offset current period principal and interest payments on long-term debt.

#### 12. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	Maturity	Effective Interest Rate	Balance June 30, 2016	Issued	Redeemed	Balance June 30, 2017
TAN	6/27/2017	0.95%	\$	\$ 26,000,000	\$ (26,000,000)	\$

Interest on short-term debt for the year was \$187,637.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 13. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

#### A. Changes

Long-term liability balances and activity, excluding pension and other postemployment benefits obligations, for the year are summarized below:

-	Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2017	Amounts Due Within One Year
Long-term debt: Bonds payable Add: Deferred amounts	\$ 55,180,000	\$	\$ (5,725,000)	\$ 49,455,000	\$ 5,910,000
on refunding	3,827,865	* 1	(813,836)	3,014,029	724,661
on recurred	59,007,865	-	(6,538,836)	52,469,029	6,634,661
Energy performance contract	16,951,433		(1,240,746)	15,710,687	1,269,535
	75,959,298		(7,779,582)	68,179,716	7,904,196
Other long-term liabilities Compensated absences Workers' compensation	10,928,542 897,143	835,676 535,439	(469,954) (651,082)	11,294,264 781,500	450,000
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	11,825,685	1,371,115	(1,121,036)	12,075,764	450,000
,	\$ 87,784,983	\$ 1,371,115	\$ (8,900,618)	\$ 80,255,480	\$ 8,354,196

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate other long-term liabilities.

#### B. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Outstanding at June 30, 2017
Serial bonds - advanced refunding	2007	2019	4.00-5.00%	\$ 975,000
Serial bonds - advanced refunding	2013	2025	2.00-4.00%	40,180,000
Serial bonds	2013	2029	1.00-4.00%	8,300,000
				\$ 49,455,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for bonds payable:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 5,910,000	\$ 1,816,875	\$ 7,726,875
2019	6,115,000	1,584,825	7,699,825
2020	5,865,000	1,342,275	7,207,275
2021	6,105,000	1,109,625	7,214,625
2022	6,350,000	867,275	7,217,275
2023 - 2027	17,660,000	1,363,850	19,023,850
2028 - 2029	1,450,000	58,000	1,508,000
Total	\$ 49,455,000	\$ 8,142,725	\$ 57,597,725

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### C. Advance Refunding

In the district-wide statements, the District is amortizing deferred charges on the advance refunding and a refunding bond premium as a component of interest expense on a weighted average basis as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	-	Deferred Premium	Deferred Charge	in	Decrease Interest Expense
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 - 2025	\$	724,661 631,700 534,475 432,698 326,272 364,223	\$ (510,804) (445,278) (376,745) (305,003) (229,985) (256,736)	\$	213,857 186,422 157,730 127,695 96,287 107,487
Total	\$	3,014,029	\$ (2,124,551)	<u>\$</u>	889,478

#### D. Energy Performance Contract

Energy performance contract debt is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Final <u>M</u> aturity	Interest Rate	Outstanding at June 30, 2017
Energy performance contract Energy performance contract	8/15/2012 1/21/2015	2/15/2028 2/21/2028	2.14% 3.63%	\$ 13,780,526 1,930,161 \$ 15,710,687

The following is a summary of debt requirements for energy performance contract:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 - 2027 2028	\$ 1,269,535 1,299,019 1,329,218 1,360,150 1,391,833 7,462,098 1,598,834	\$ 357,321 327,837 297,638 266,706 235,023 672,181 28,021	\$ 1,626,856 1,626,856 1,626,856 1,626,856 1,626,856 8,134,279 1,626,855
Total	\$ 15,710,687	\$ 2,184,727	\$ 17,895,414

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### E. Interest Expense

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid Less interest accrued in the prior year Plus interest accrued in the current year Plus amortization of deferred charges Less amortization of deferred bond premium	\$ 2,404,335 (340,039) 330,339 573,663 (813,836)
Total interest expense on long-term debt	\$ 2,154,462

#### 14. PENSION PLANS - NEW YORK STATE

#### A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The systems provide retirement, disability, withdrawal and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries related to years of service and final average salary.

#### B. Provisions and Administration

#### **Teachers' Retirement System**

The TRS is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in the TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the TRS may be found on the TRS website at <a href="https://www.nystrs.org">www.nystrs.org</a> or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

#### **Employees' Retirement System**

Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the NYSRSSL. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the ERS. As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as the trustee of the fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found on the NYS Comptroller's website at <a href="https://www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php">www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php</a> or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### C. Funding Policies

Plan members who joined the systems before July 27, 1976, are not required to make contributions. Those joining on or after July 27, 1976, and before January 1, 2010, with less than ten years of credited services are required to contribute 3% of their salary. Those joining on or after January 1, 2010 and before April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3% of their salary to ERS or 3.5% of their salary to TRS throughout active membership. Those joining on or after April 1, 2012, are required to contribute between 3% and 6% dependent on their salary throughout active membership. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate based on covered salaries paid. For the TRS, the employers' contribution rate is established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board for the TRS' fiscal year ended June 30th, and employer contributions are deducted from state aid in the subsequent months of September, October and November. For the ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31st, and employer contributions are either paid by the prior December 15th less a 1% discount or by the prior February 1st. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year. The District's contribution rate was 13.26% of covered payroll for the TRS' fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The District's average contribution rate was 15% of covered payroll for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31, 2017.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll for the District's year ended June 30, 2017 was \$9,533,321 for TRS and \$2,238,582 for ERS.

### D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported the following liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for each of the systems. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, for TRS and March 31, 2017 for ERS. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and the ERS in reports provided to the District.

	TRS	ERS	
Measurement date	June 30, 2016	March 31, 2017	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ (5,629,000)	\$ (4,815,457)	
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension liability	0.5255630%	0.0512489%	
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date	0.0059900	0.0003058	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$9,154,680 for TRS and \$2,927,851 for ERS. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow	ws of Resources ERS	Deferred Inflow TRS	of ResourcesERS
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ 120,671	\$ 1,828,615	\$ 731,253
Changes of assumptions	32,066,367	1,645,137		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	12,656,951	961,842		
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		550,690	631,896	
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	9,533,321	608,096		·
Total	\$ 54,256,639	\$ 3,886,436	\$ 2,460,511	\$ 731,253

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	TRS .	ERS
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 Thereafter	\$ 3,819,244 3,819,244 13,648,983 10,590,665 4,805,296 5,579,375	\$ 1,093,053 1,093,053 962,187 (601,206)
	\$ 42,262,807	\$ 2,547,087

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	TRS	ERS
Measurement date Actuarial valuation date Inflation Salary increases	June 30, 2016 June 30, 2015 2.5% 1.90-4.72%	March 31, 2017 April 1, 2016 2.5% 3.8%
Investment rate of return (net of investment expense, including inflation)  Cost of living adjustments	7.5% 1.5%	7.0% 1.3%

For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience. For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on system experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014.

For TRS, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014. For ERS, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

The target allocation and best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below:

	ТР	RS .	EF	RS
	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Measurement date		June 30, 2016		March 31, 2017
Asset type Domestic equity International equity Real estate Alternative investments Domestic fixed income securities Global fixed income securities Bonds and mortgages	37.0% 18.0% 10.0% 7.0% 17.0% 2.0% 8.0% 1.0%	6.10% 7.30% 5.40% 9.20% 1.00% 0.80% 3.10% 0.10%	36.0% 14.0% 10.0% 18.0%	4.55% 6.35% 5.80% 4.00-7.75%
Short-term Cash Inflation indexed bonds	100.0%	0.1070	1.0% 4.0% 100.0%	-0.25% 1.50%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5% for TRS and 7.0% for ERS (the discount rate used by the TRS at the prior year's measurement date at June 30, 2015 was 8.0%). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5% for TRS and 7.0% for ERS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5% for TRS and 6.0% for ERS) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5% for TRS and 8.0% for ERS) than the current rate:

TRS	1% Decrease (6.50)%	Current Assumption (7.50)%	1% Increase (8.50)%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (73,443,096)	\$ (5,629,000)	\$ 51,249,910
ERS	1% Decrease (6.00)%	Current Assumption (7.00)%	1% Increase (8.00)%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (15,379,617)	\$ (4,815,457)	\$ 4,116,520

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

	TRS	ERS	
	(Dollars in Thousands)		
Measurement date	June 30, 2016	March 31, 2017	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ (108,577,184)	\$ (177,400,586)	
Plan fiduciary net position	107,506,142	168,004,363	
Employers' net pension liability	\$ (1,071,042)	\$ (9,396,223)	
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to the employers' total pension liability	99.01%	94.70%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, are paid to the system in September, October and November 2017 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2017, represent employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, based on paid TRS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS system. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2017 amounted to \$9,533,321 of employer contributions and \$308,679 of employee contributions.

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the system's fiscal year, which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2017, represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2017 through June 30, 2017 based on paid ERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2017 amounted to \$608,096 of employer contributions. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

#### 15. PENSION PLANS - OTHER

#### A. Tax Sheltered Annuities

The District has adopted a 403(b) plan covering all eligible employees. Employees may defer up to 100% of their compensation subject to Internal Revenue Code elective deferral limitations. The District may also make non-elective contributions of certain compensated absence payments based on collectively bargained agreements. Contributions made by the District and the employees for the year ended June 30, 2017, totaled \$562,193 and \$4,309,981, respectively.

#### **B.** Deferred Compensation Plan

The District has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §457 for all employees. The District makes no contributions into this Plan. The amount deferred by eligible employees for the year ended June 30, 2017 totaled \$696,383.

#### 16. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

#### A. Plan Description

The District provides postemployment health insurance coverage, Medicare Part B, and excess major medical/vision benefits (the healthcare plan) to retired employees and their eligible dependents in accordance with employment contracts. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan primarily administered through the New York State Health Insurance Program – Empire Plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

#### **B.** Funding Policy

The District assumes the full cost of the individual coverage premiums for retirees until they reach age 65, and then 50% thereafter. Future retirees and dependents and spouses of retirees contribute 65% towards to coverage regardless of age. The District recognizes the cost of the healthcare plan annually as expenditures in the general fund of the fund financial statements as the liabilities for premiums mature (come due for payment). For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized a general fund expenditure of \$3,208,884 for insurance premiums for 553 currently enrolled retirees. Currently, there is no provision in the law to permit the District to fund other postemployment benefits by any means other than the "pay as you go" method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	\$ 14,911,620 2,600,356 (3,615,623) 13,896,353 (3,208,884)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	10,687,469 65,008,909
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 75,696,378

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2017 and the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2017	\$ 13,896,353	23.1%	\$ 75,696,378
June 30, 2016	13,790,816	28.8%	65,008,909
June 30, 2015	13,696,967	27.7%	55,186,692

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$180,044,271 and the actuarial value of assets was \$-0-, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$180,044,271. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$97,417,689, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 185%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation, the entry age normal (level percentage of salary) method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 3% discount rate and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5% in 2016, decreasing 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5% in 2022. The UAAL is being amortized each year over 30 years on an open basis.

#### 17. RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by a combination of self-insurance reserves and commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded available reserves and commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

#### B. Risk Retention

The District has established a self-insured plan for risks associated with workers' compensation claims. Liabilities of the plan are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before year end but not reported (IBNR). Claims activity is summarized below:

	**************************************	2016	<del></del>	2017
Unpaid claims at beginning of year Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses Claim payments	\$	1,142,249 231,591 (476,697)	\$	897,143 535,439 (651,082)
Unpaid claims at year end	<u>\$</u>	897,143	\$	781,500

#### 18. RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE - APPROPRIATED RESERVES

The District expects to appropriate \$300,000 from the employee benefit accrued liability reserve and \$150,000 from the retirement contribution reserve, which are reported in the June 30, 2017 restricted fund balances, to fund the budget for the year ending June 30, 2018.

#### 19. ASSIGNED: APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE

The amount of \$7,609,753 has been appropriated to reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 20. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency enters into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development. The District's property tax revenue was reduced \$1,459,883. The District received payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) payments totaling \$1,186,854.

#### 21. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the current year it was determined that receivables due from state and federal, and accounts payable were misstated in prior periods. A net adjustment was made for \$1,914,244 to restate the fund balance in the general fund and the net position in the district-wide financial statements at June 30, 2016.

The following summarizes the prior period adjustment referred to above:

	Fund Balance	Net Position
Balance at June 30, 2016, as previously reported Prior period adjustment:	\$ 22,746,418	\$ 28,775,234
Accounts payable related to health insurance	3,095,396	3,095,396
Section 4408 Summer Placement receivables	(1,181,152)	(1,181,152)
Balance at June 30, 2016, as restated	\$ 24,660,662	\$ 30,689,478

#### 22. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### A. Encumbrances

All encumbrances are classified as either restricted or assigned fund balance. At June 30, 2017, the District encumbered the following amounts:

Assigned: Unappropriated Fund Balance:	
Capital Projects Fund	
Capital projects	\$ 291,623
Assigned: Unappropriated Fund Balance:	
General Fund	
General Support	549,659
Instruction	237,400
Pupil Transportation	56_
	787,115
	\$ 1,078,738

#### **B.** Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### C. Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of its affairs. The District believes the outcome of any matters will not have a material effect on these financial statements.

#### D. Operating Leases

The District leases various equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Rental expense for the year was \$89,985. The minimum remaining operating lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	A	mount
2018	\$	.77,593_

#### 23. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant events were identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements.

# COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Variance with Actual
REVENUES				
Local Sources				
Real property taxes	\$ 132,432,249	\$ 118,462,116	\$ 118,469,964	\$ 7,848
Other tax items	618,269	14,588,402	15,164,429	576,027
Charges for services	2,475,145	2,475,145	1,962,430	(512,715)
Use of money and property	1,551,000	1,551,001	1,780,122	229,121
Sale of property and				
compensation for loss	300,000	300,000	227,089	(72,911)
Miscellaneous	304,999	952,620	1,281,021	328,401
Interfund revenues			18,805	18,805
Total Local Sources	137,681,662	138,329,284	138,903,860	574,576
State Sources	39,702,231	39,702,229	39,633,711	(68,518)
Medicaid Reimbursement	40,000	40,000	127,988	87,988
Total Revenues	177,423,893	178,071,513	178,665,559	594,046
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Operating Transfers In	750,000	750,000	750,000	*
Total Revenues and Other Sources	178,173,893	178,821,513	179,415,559	\$ 594,046
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE				
Prior Years' Surplus	8,908,924	8,908,924		
Prior Year's Encumbrances	236,468	236,468		
Appropriated Reserves	450,000	619,954		
Appropriateu neserves	130,000	017,731		
Total Appropriated Fund Balance	9,595,392	9,765,346		
Total Revenues, Other Sources and Appropriated Fund Balance	\$ 187,769,285	\$ 188,586,859	:	

#### Note to Required Supplementary Information

#### **Budget Basis of Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original		Final		Actual		ear End mbrances	Var	ial Budget fance with Actual cumbrances
EVERIMINEC	Budget		Budget		Actual	- DIICU	morances	OX DII	Cumbrances
EXPENDITURES Con and Suppose									
General Support Board of education	\$ 185,930	\$	207,529	\$	183,068	\$		\$	24,461
Central administration	431,479	4	444,586	4	416,669	Ψ	20	Ψ	27,897
	1,451,905		1,560,235		1,499,901		7,755		52,579
Finance Staff	1,344,373		1,363,992		1,293,824		230		69,938
Central services	14,116,372		14,551,613		13,328,559		541,654		681,400
			•		1,670,010		J41,0J4		2,020
Special items	1,640,468		1,672,030		1,070,010				2,020
Total General Support	19,170,527		19,799,985		18,392,031	<del>,</del>	549,659		858,295
Instruction									
Administration & improvement	8,459,892		8,511,304		8,265,744		2,108		243,452
Teaching - regular school	56,861,791		56,811,422		55,670,633		46,102		1,094,687
Programs for students	50,001,771		30,011,722		55,07 6,055		10,102		1,001,007
with disabilities	27,037,130		26,766,715		25,138,099		184,728		1,443,888
	930,000		930,000		895,183		104,720		34,817
Occupational education	478,639		478,639		361,779		835		116,025
Teaching - special schools	•		2,484,326		2,230,157		3,627		250,542
Instructional media	2,440,783				8,574,929		3,027		282,432
Pupil services	8,643,638	_	8,857,361		0,374,929	*****			202,432
Total Instruction	104,851,873		104,839,767		101,136,524		237,400		3,465,843
Pupil Transportation	12,642,742	-	12,644,350		12,052,429		56_		591,865
Employee Benefits	39,978,847		39,907,461		36,862,660	<del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>			3,044,801
7. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	- "								
Debt Service	4 0 40 5 4 5		1 240 247		1 240 746				1
Principal	1,240,747		1,240,747		1,240,746				62,363
Interest	636,110		636,110		573,747	**************************************	<del> </del>		02,303
Total Debt Service	1,876,857	,	1,876,857		1,814,493	<del></del>	*		62,364
Total Expenditures	178,520,846		179,068,420		170,258,137		787,115		8,023,168
OTHER USES									
Operating Transfers Out	9,248,439	<del></del>	9,518,439		9,518,439		······································		-
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 187,769,285	\$	188,586,859	:	179,776,576	\$	787,115	\$	8,023,168
Net Change in Fund Balance					(361,017)				
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, as Rest	ated			24,660,662					
Fund Balance - End of Year				\$	24,299,645				

#### Note to Required Supplementary Information

#### **Budget Basis of Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits June 30, 2017

	 ctuarial	 Accrued		Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded	Covered	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered
Valuation Date	alue of Assets	 Liability	_	(UAAL)	Ratio	 Payroll	Payroll
July 1, 2012	\$ **	\$ 126,038,019	\$	126,038,019	0%	\$ 84,475,122	149%
July 1, 2014	-	144,210,536		144,210,536	0%	95,848,754	150%
July 1, 2016	-	180,044,271		180,044,271	0%	97,417,689	185%

## COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability Last Three Fiscal Years

#### Teachers' Retirement System

		2017	 2016	·	2015
District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)		0.5255630%	0.5195730%		0.5116560%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$	(5,629,000)	\$ 53,967,057	\$	56,995,250
District's covered payroll	\$	81,613,815	\$ 78,054,841	\$	75,515,127
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll		6.90 %	69.14 %		75.48 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		99.01%	110.46%		111.48%
Employees' Retirement S	ystem				
		2017	 2016		2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0512489%	0.0509431%		0.0486856%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	(4,815,457)	\$ (8,176,509)	\$	(1,644,720)
District's covered employee payroll	\$	14,577,589	\$ 14,706,324	\$	14,051,278
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		33.03 %	55.60 %		11.71 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		94.70%	90.68%		97.95%

#### Note to Required Supplementary Information

#### **Teachers' Retirement System**

The discount rate decreased from 8.0% to 7.5% as reflected in 2016 and 2017 above.

#### **Employees' Retirement System**

The discount rate decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% as reflected in 2015 and 2016 above.

# COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Pension Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

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	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	5006	2008
Contractually required contribution	\$ 9,533,321	\$10,754,243	\$13,858,727	\$12,233,880	\$ 8,647,710	\$ 8,009,054	\$ 6,053,482	\$ 4,277,808	\$ 5,350,968	\$ 5,421,855
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	9,533,321	10,754,243	13,858,727	12,233,880	8,647,710	8,009,054	6,053,482	4,277,808	5,350,968	5,421,855
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	4	452	\$	5	5	30	<b>\$</b>	\$	S .
District's covered payroll	\$81,342,329	\$81,613,815	\$78,054,841	\$75,515,127	\$72,836,865	\$72,028,947	\$70,495,554	\$71,238,003	\$ 68,405,415	\$64,150,874
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroli	12%	13%	18%	16%	12%	11%	%6	%9	%8	8%
			Employee	Employees' Retirement System	tem					
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,238,582	\$ 2,552,442	\$ 2,591,286	\$ 2,695,496	\$ 2,694,751	\$ 2,490,846	\$ 1,554,085	\$ 1,239,335	\$ 1,090,549	\$ 1,142,400
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,238,582	2,552,442	2,591,286	2,695,496	2,694,751	2,490,846	1,554,085	1,239,335	1,090,549	1,142,400
Contribution deficiency (excess)	٠,		. \$	•	₩.	\$	\$			4
District's covered payroll	\$14,460,392	\$14,984,807	\$14,523,774	\$13,739,595	\$14,196,179	\$14,419,007	\$14,888,927	\$14,365,068	\$13,996,925	\$13,145,541
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15%	17%	18%	20%	19%	17%	10%	%6	%8	<b>%</b> 6

#### COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget			\$ 187,532,817
Additions: Prior year's encumbrances			 236,468
Original Budget			187,769,285
Budget revision			 817,574
Final Budget			 188,586,859
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION			
2017-18 voter-approved expenditure budget			\$ 190,163,464
Maximum allowed (4% of 2017-18 budget)			\$ 7,606,539
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:			
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$	8,396,868 5,185,587	\$ 13,582,455
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances Total adjustments	<del></del>	7,609,753 787,115	 8,396,868
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:			 5,185,587
Actual Percentage			2.73%

Fund Balance \$ 6,327,685

# COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Project Expenditures and Financing Resources -Capital Projects Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fund	Balance June 30, 2017			448,834 602 684	, ,		• *	2	4,0/0,949	107'875'5			3,727	• :	712	3,791	• ;	1,452	1,598	241,998	253,278		•	•	£	, ,	2/2/8	759.551	874 203	2000	329,516	6,990,264	(333,000)
	Total		44,414 \$	436,400	44.018	12.4	1/4/757	674'167	4,6/6,949	5,355,182		69,258	292,394	66,542	26,687	32,025	194,054	62,469	53,810	241,998	1,039,237	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	125,319	22,796	6/7/67	92,428	135,527	759551	1 470 7B0		333,000	9.207,199	Schools Bond Act Receivable Less: EXCEL Aid Not Realized
វាឧពលវិសន្ត	Local Sources									*																	319,069	759 551	1 100 000	7.4.200,000		\$ 1,190,000 \$	Less: Smart Schools Bond Act Receivable Less: EXCEL Aid Not Realized
Methods of Floancing	State Aid		ن										104,785		9,428	6,530	26,055			182,781	329,579										333,000	\$ 662,579	Less
	Proceeds of Obligations			436,400	603,500	#*'nra	252,477	297,424	4,676,949	6,355,182		69,258	187,609	66,542	17,259	25,495	167,999	62,469	53,810	59,217	709,658		125,319	22,796	29,279	95,928	16,458		200 000	08/697		\$ 7,354,620	
	Unexpended Balance			248,632	502,684	•	**	2	4,676,949	5,528,267		•	3,727	**	712	3,791	•	1,452	1,598	241,998	253,278		•	,	,	*	8,272	111,380	155,557	\$07,478	329,516	\$ 6,990,264	
	Total		\$ 44,414	187,768	816	44,018	252,477	297,422	,	826,915		69,258	288,667	66,542	25,975	28,234	194,054	61,017	52,212	1	785,959		125,319	22,796	29,279	92,928	327,255	1		600,577	3,484	\$ 2,216,935	
Expenditures	Current Year		£S.	(1,181)	816		727	515		877		22,308		28,377							50,685						314,698			314,698	3,484	\$ 369,744	
	Prior Years		\$ 44,414	188,949	;	44,018	251,750	296,907		826,038		46.950	288,667	38,165	25.975	28.234	194,054	61.017	52,212		735,274		125,319	22,796	29,279	826'56	12,557		,	285,879		\$ 1,847,191	
	Budget		\$ 44,414	436,400	603,500	44,018	252,477	297,424	4,676,949	6,355,182		69.258	292,394	66,542	26.687	32,025	194,054	62,469	53,810	241.998	1,039,237		125,319	22,796	29,279	95,928	335,527	111,380	759,551	1,479,780	333,000	1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
	Budget Iune 30, 2016		\$ 119,100	436,400		119,100	258,685	589'685	5,722,208	6,955,182		47.663	292 394	38.878	26.687	31.01E	194.637	67.469	53.B10	291.681	1,039,237		125,319	24,123	30,609	97.172	12,557			289,780	•	\$ 8,284,199	
		PROJECT TITLE	& Plumbing (035-010)	High School Masonry Improvements (008-021)	High School Site Restoration & New Gym (008-023)	MSIS - Masonry [036-015]	Middle School Masonry (027-017)	Wood Park Fuel Oil Tank (009-013)	Unallocated Projects	1 1	EYCEI Deniedt	NP_Carriety [Tempodec (0074017)]	CHS. Security Upgrandes (1008-022)	WP - Semminy Hoursdes (009-012)	III. County Upgrades (027-741)	DIT - Committy Opportunity Committee (1922-1942)	Min Security Oppranes (023-013)	Ross - Security Transples (035,012)	GMIS, Security Department (025-015)	Habitated Projects	- Citaborament Colored	General Fund Appropriation 14-15	Indian Hollow Reconstruction (014-012)	Rolling Hills Reconstruction (023-014)	MSIS Reconstruction (036-017)	Smith's Lane Reconstruction (011-007)	Indian Hollow Site Work (014-013)	Rolling Hills Site Work	Unallocated	. [	Smart Schools Bond Act	r I	

# COMMACK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Net Investment in Capital Assets June 30, 2017

Capital assets, net	\$ 95,632,281
Deduct: Short-term portion of bonds payable Long-term portion of bonds payable Short-term portion of energy performance contract payable Long-term portion of energy performance contract payable Less:	5,910,000 43,545,000 1,269,535 14,441,152
Unspent bond proceeds	 (5,528,267) 59,637,420
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 35,994,861

## CULLEN & DANOWSKI, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JAMES E. DANOWSKI, CPA
PETER F. RODRIGUEZ, CPA
JILL S. SANDERS, CPA
DONALD J. HOFFMANN, CPA
CHRISTOPHER V. REINO, CPA
ALAN YU, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Commack Union Free School District Commack, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Commack Union Free School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2017.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commack Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commack Union Free School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commack Union Free School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commack Union Free School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to the Board of Education, Audit Committee and management of the Commack Union Free School District in a separate letter dated September 29, 2017.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cullen & Danowski, LLP

September 29, 2017

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